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THE ARBITRATION.

Indirect Claims Believed to be Virtually Settled.

An Adverse Decision by the Geneva Board Probable.

Tenor of the Instructions of Secretary Fish to Our Agent.

Rumored Negotiations for a New Supplemental Article.

Necessity for any Addition to the Treaty Believed to be Obviated.

WASHINGTON.

Status of the Indirect Claims Before the Geneva Board.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—These dispatches last evening foreshadowed what will undoubtedly be the solution of the treaty difficulty. It cannot be stated exactly what the position of the question of indirect claims is before the Geneva Tribunal. But it is now known that the arbitrators have had them in consideration. No actual decision was made in the last meeting, though an understanding of what the decision would be if made was clearly had. At the next meeting, or soon after, the decision may be expected, and it will be against our indirect claims. This action of the arbitrators will leave the arbitration in precisely the same position it would have been if Great Britain had never proposed to settle this portion of the claims outside of it. Her motion for adjournment will doubtless be withdrawn or overruled. And no reason can be foreseen why all further proceedings under the Treaty of Washington will not go forward in regular manner. When Great Britain first objected formally to indirect claims being sent before the tribunal, our Government replied, vindicating its right under the treaty to make the claims, but at the same time the principal purpose of putting them in the case was that there might be an authoritative decision on the principle involved, and this Government would not press for an award. It was well understood that this Government did not expect any money damages on account of these claims, and that an adverse decision was deemed of greater advantage to this country in view of future possible complications than a favorable decision. The decision of the tribunal makes an authoritative settlement of the question. The supplemental article will therefore need no further notice or ratification. The negotiations concerning it will doubtless end, where they are. The tribunal having decided upon the indirect claims, can then go forward to review and act on the other points laid before it in the case. The direct claims, when reached, whether by the tribunal itself in making up a gross award, or by a commission examining each, will be considerably reduced, since there are claims that no precedent would allow even in a Court of law. There are, for instance, claims for prospective profits on goods seized, which even the individual claimants can hardly expect to be allowed. But these questions will not be reached in any event for several weeks, and perhaps months. That they will now be reached in the regular course of arbitration, cannot be doubted. It is expected the full correspondence will be published in a day or two.

The Rumor of a New Supplemental Article not Credited—A Decision on Indirect Claims Already Made.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—From the latest reliable information received here, there is no reason to believe, as stated in a recent Geneva telegram, that supplementary articles to the Treaty of Washington upon a totally new basis from the one submitted by Earl GRANVILLE are now the subject of negotiation between the British and American Governments. On the contrary, there is truth in the allegation in some quarters at Geneva that at the next meeting of the arbitrators the announcement will be made that the question of indirect damages is settled. There is the best reason for believing that at their brief session on the 19th inst., the arbitrators decided that such claims cannot properly come before them, and they must therefore be excluded. On this announcement being formally made on the 26th inst., it is not apprehended there will be any further difficulty in proceeding with business under the treaty.

From the commencement of the controversy, ever since the American statement of the case was submitted to the Tribunal, the British have contended that none but direct claims were known as *Alabama* claims, and that the indirect losses were mentioned by the American High Commissioners, not as claims but as grievances, and were mentioned only to be withdrawn from discussion. Our Government, on the other hand, has always contended that these claims were within the province of the Tribunal, and it, therefore, adhered to and never contemplated their withdrawal, it being considered necessary to present them, in order to have a decision and prevent them from being brought up hereafter to disturb the harmony of the two nations.

It is known that the supplemental article to the Treaty of Washington was proposed in order to relieve the two nations from their antagonistic positions. But while the parties have been in correspondence regarding the amended phraseology of the article, and discussing the subject of a postponement of proceedings until the next session of Congress, the Tribunal itself has come to a decision which renders further controversy on these points unnecessary, and in fact, has settled the question in a manner satisfactory to our Government. Judging from the dispatch of Secretary FISH to Minister SCHENCK, of April 16, in which he reiterated the views previously expressed, saying:

"Should that august tribunal decide that a State is not liable for the indirect or consequential results of an accidental or unintentional violation of its neutral obligations, the United States will unhesitatingly accept the decision." Should it, on the other hand, decide that Great Britain is liable to this Government for such consequential results, they have that full faith in the British Government's observance of its engagements to expect a compliance with the judgment of the Tribunal, which a solemn treaty between the two Powers has created in order to remove and adjust all complaints and claims on the part of the United States. To the judgment of the Tribunal when pronounced, the United States will implicitly bow. They confidently expect the same submission on the part of the great nation with which they entered into such solemn obligations. Of course, Her Majesty's Government must be satisfied with the decision of the arbitrators, excluding the consideration of the indirect claims, and it is thought here that in consequence of this action of the Tribunal the additional article to the treaty is rendered unnecessary, and will accordingly be altogether withdrawn from the controversy.

GENEVA.

A New Supplementary Article Talked of—Chances for Removal of Difficulties Increasing.

GENEVA, June 21.—The representatives of Great Britain before the *Alabama* Claims Arbitration Tribunal, have gone to Chamounix, where they will stay until to-morrow. The Americans have not left for Paris, as they intended doing, but remain in this city. It is believed that the reason for this change in the programme for the movements of the representatives, is that supplementary articles to the Treaty of Washington upon a totally new basis from the one submitted by Earl GRANVILLE, are now the subject of negotiations between the English and American Governments. The chances for a satisfactory issue from the difficulties which now surround the arbitration are believed to be increasing.

An Adjournment for a Month Probable After Next Meeting.

GENEVA, June 21.—All the members of the Board of Arbitration have left for Chamounix. They intend returning on Monday or Tuesday, when counsel for both sides will exchange the results of the latest instructions, and arrange business for Wednesday. The Court will then probably adjourn for a month, and during the interval Earl GRANVILLE will negotiate with Mr. FISH. It is believed that the sittings afterward will be public.

ENGLAND.

The Treaty in the House of Lords—Conservative Tactics—A Chapter of Reminiscences—Collapse of the Debate.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LONDON, Saturday, June 8, 1872.

The opponents of the Government in this country, like the opponents of Gen. GRANT in the United States, appear to have some difficulty in making up their minds whether it would suit their game better that the treaty should collapse or that it should be carried through. They don't like the treaty, because they are afraid that if it succeeded it would go to the credit of the Government, but they are afraid to take upon themselves the responsibility of breaking off the negotiations. "Willing to wound, but yet afraid to strike," describes their attitude. They have been trying to throw all sorts of difficulties in the way of the Government, embarrassing them with questions which are, in fact, assertions and insinuations scarcely disguised, stinging them with taunts, and taking every advantage of the official reticence which they know the Government is bound to observe, and of any breach of which, they would be the first to complain. If they could only contrive, indirectly, and without committing themselves, to knock the treaty on the head they would turn around on the Government and say "See here, you had a most important business on hand; it is essential to the welfare of England to get this question settled; the Americans are a noble people, with whom we should make a point of standing well; the one great question of the day is the settlement of the *Alabama* claims, and you have made a mess of it, and must, therefore, go out of office and let better men take your place." These are the tactics of the Conservative leaders, and you must bear them in mind if you want to read between the lines of the debate in the House of Lords.

LORD RUSSELL'S POSITION.

Lord RUSSELL stood in the front of the movement. It was his motion which was discussed, and the Conservatives, like practiced skirmishers, took advantage of the shelter thus conveniently afforded. They would not have ventured to bring on such a motion themselves, and they were very much afraid lest they would have to go to a division on it. But they were quite glad to use it for the annoyance and embarrassment of the Government. Lord RUSSELL'S position is a very simple and distinct one. He has been perfectly logical and consistent throughout. He holds that the line he took when he was Foreign Secretary was the only right line—that England is not liable for the acts of the Confederate privateers, and that she cannot submit a question affecting her honor and good faith to arbitration in any shape. It is not worth while to discuss this position now, because it has been abandoned by every Government in turn. Liberals and Conservatives have both negotiated for arbitration, and the present treaty was expressly approved by the House of Lords, and tacitly sanctioned by the House of Commons. Lord RUSSELL has never deviated from his position, but he stands alone in it. He has done with active political life, and belongs to history, and for some years past he has simply been engaged in vindicating his career as a historical personage. His speeches have nothing to do with current affairs—still less with the future. He is a ghost, revisiting the glimpses of the moon, and striving to make out that when in this life he always did the right thing. Always a little figure, he has grown more diminutive with years, but I never saw any one who conveyed the sense of personal importance as distinct from size so impressively as the old Whig Earl. He does not swell himself out, or strain on tiptoe, or strut or swagger—arts by which some small men make themselves still smaller. He is quite easy and natural in manner, and his dignity is of the most genuine kind. It is in fact true dignity, derived from a conviction that he is not only the inspired guardian, but part and parcel of that mysterious entity the British Constitution. It is a great thing to be even a comma or a dot over an "i" in Magna Charta. Lord RUSSELL believes in himself; he has pluck, integrity, resoluteness of purpose and high personal honor; and these go to the making up of his dignity. A clever caricaturist has drawn him in a picture, which, I dare say, has reached New-York, as a tiny *homunculus*, just visible, dangling his legs, which do not nearly touch the ground, from under a huge hat like an extinguisher. But this is not all the impression he produces. You feel his importance and do not notice his physical pettiness. His Winter in Italy has strengthened his lungs, and he was in better voice on Tuesday than for some time, but still it was difficult to catch what he said. His speech was highly characteristic, not only in such small touches as "Mr." BURKE—it is always with him "Mr." FOX, "Mr." PITT, "Gen." WASHINGTON, according to the rule of old-fashioned civility—but in its narrow persistency and calm disregard of the course of events and contemporary exigencies. With all his precision on some points, nothing could be looser than his English, as, for example, his description of the English Commissioners—"parties not equal to the parties with whom they had to negotiate." It has been reported that Prince ALBERT wrote the dispatch to the American Government in regard to the *Trent* affair. Lord RUSSELL, in an autobiographical digression, explained that he himself wrote it, making it "as civil as he could," and that the Prince only revised it. His Lordship added that he directed Lord LYONS to convey an intimation that if immediate redress was not given, the matter might become very serious; and Lord LYONS afterward told him that afterward the American Government were more friendly to him than before. The "moral" of this anecdote was that people usually respect their own qualities in others, and that a plucky nation likes pluck in others. But Lord GRANVILLE threw a good deal of light on Lord RUSSELL'S own character by stating that he had instructed Lord LYONS to convey this strong hint to the Government at Washington entirely on his own authority, and that the Cabinet knew nothing about it. Yet Lord RUSSELL compelled Lord PALMERSTON to resign for having once done a similar thing, the only difference being that Lord PALMERSTON sent a friendly message to LOUIS NAPOLEON, while Lord RUSSELL sent a hostile one to President LINCOLN. Lord GRANVILLE told his former colleague very plainly that he might be thankful his message did not land the country in an awkward scrape; and he denied that this was the way to conciliate a high-spirited people like the Americans. There can be little doubt that if Mr. LINCOLN had wished to rouse the passions of his countrymen he would have published the message. Lord GRANVILLE'S justification of the continued negotiations applies to both Governments concerned:

"I am perfectly convinced that should this treaty unfortunately fall to the ground, we shall stand better before the whole world if we exhaust every means of coming to a favorable end of the misunderstanding which has unhappily arisen."

He also made a very good remark about "pluck."

"He never," he said, "could see any courage in sitting quietly and safely at home and using language which might involve the country in the calamities of war."

Lord GREY, a fossil of much the same formation as Lord RUSSELL, joined with the latter. Lord STRATFORD DE REDCLIFFE, "the great Eltchi" of KINGLAKE, who used to make the Sublime Porte shake in its shoes, next proceeded to enlighten the House in a speech of which hardly a single syllable could be heard.

COLLAPSE OF THE DEBATE.

After the Conservative Peers had spoken, the Lord Chancellor, who was to answer Lord CAIRNS, moved that the debate should be adjourned. It was then 12¾ o'clock in the morning, and in the Commons debates are usually adjourned at midnight, but the Lords never like two nights of anything, and would rather sit till 3 or 4 than adjourn. On this occasion, however, I fancy the the opposition were not sorry to have an adjournment, as it postponed an awkward division. But just to show their strength they divided on the question of adjourning, beat the Government, and then agreed to adjourn. On Thursday evening, the House was as crowded as on Tuesday, and there was all the stir and excitement which accompanies the expectation of a great debate. The Lord Chancellor had all his notes and papers ready, and his orange—that oratorical consolation—in reserve. But first Lord DERBY interposed to read Sir STAFFORD NORTHCOTE'S letter, which you have no doubt already seen. Next a few words from Lord GRANVILLE hushed the House to such a stillness that the proverbial pin might have been heard to drop, and he went on to read Gen. SCHENCK'S letter. As soon as he had finished there was a spontaneous buzz of observation, and it was evident that the letter had produced a strong revolution of feeling among the opposition, and that they were now anxious to get rid of the motion. Lord RUSSELL, however, had not yet arrived, and in his absence their lordships were at a loss what to do. In the midst of their perplexity the Earl was seen to be entering the House. Lord GRANVILLE gave him Gen. SCHENCK'S letter to read, and Lord CAIRNS, sitting down beside him, commented on it. Lord RUSSELL, with characteristic impetuosity, instantly accepted the letter as a settlement of all doubts, and at once withdrew his action. Indeed, he was so precipitate, that the Foreign Secretary had to remind him that, though the meaning of the article was now clear, its acceptance in its amended form was not yet certain.

F. H. J.

FIRES.

Paper Establishment in Toledo—Loss $20,000.

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 21.—A fire broke out this morning in the book, stationery, and wall-paper establishment of H. S. STEBBINS. The building was damaged to the extent of $1,000. The loss on stock is $20,000, which is covered by insurance in the following companies: Home, of New-York, $4,000; Insurance Company of North America, of Philadelphia, $3,000; Franklin, of Philadelphia, $3,000; National, of Boston, $3,000; Liverpool and London and Globe, $3,000, and Phenix, of Brooklyn, $3,000.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, June 22—1 A. M.—The barometer is highest north-west of the Ohio Valley, where clear and partially cloudy weather and light to fresh winds are now prevailing. Areas of rain have prevailed over the South Atlantic and Gulf States, but are now followed by clear and partially cloudy weather, and light to fresh easterly to northerly winds; light to fresh variable winds and clear and partly cloudy weather over the Middle and New England States.

PROBABILITIES.

Clear and partially cloudy weather for Saturday from Tennessee to Lake Erie and the upper lakes, with light to fresh winds, and for the New-England States with light to fresh westerly to northerly winds; partly cloudy weather for the south Atlantic and Gulf States, with light to fresh easterly to northerly winds, and possibly areas of rain along the coast.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

The wheat crop in Maryland is reported to be bad, being generally injured by the drouth.

The Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, adjourned *sine die* yesterday afternoon.

A vessel has just sailed from Charleston, S. C., with 397,428 feet of pitch-pine for Quebec, to be used in ship-building.

MARGUERITE DIXBLANC, who was sentenced to death for the murder of her mistress, in London, has been reprieved.

The Toledo *Blade* kindly informs its readers that "the mystic monogram 4-11-44 is simply the figurative sign of a lottery policy-shop."

The *Gaspé* mail steamer, from Pictou, for St. Johns, N. F., was lost near St. Peters on Thursday. The mails and passengers were saved.

Gen. SHERMAN has arrived at Zurich, and is expected at Geneva on Sunday. Miss NELLIE GRANT and party are expected there at the same time.

Secretary FISH will leave Washington tomorrow night for New-York, and thence to Boston, to attend, in that city, next week, the meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund.

The Island Stove Works of Wheeling, West Virginia, were burned last night. Total loss about $35,000, of which $26,000 was in valuable patterns. The fire originated by sparks from the furnace.

An old inmate of the Schenectady County Poor-house was bitten by an insane man on the left hand about three months ago, and has been compelled to suffer amputation in consequence. The effect was very like that produced by poison.

Mayor GASTON, of Boston, has vetoed the order passed by the City Council for opening the Public Library on Sundays. The Mayor, advised by the City Solicitor, thinks the carrying out of the order would conflict with State enactments.

It is rumored that President ASA D. SMITH, of Dartmouth College, contemplates resigning on account of impaired health, and Senator PATTERSON, who was a member of the College faculty when elected to Congress, is suggested as his successor.

The Baltimore Alumni Association of Princeton College held their annual meeting and dinner on Thursday evening, President MCCOSH being among the invited guests. The annual meetings are hereafter to be held on the first Wednesday in February.

A glass bottle, tightly corked and sealed, was recently picked up on the western shore of Block Island, and found to contain a piece of paper, on which was written: "Struck an iceberg at 12 M. today. Ship sinking fast. No hope. JOHN HANDERVILLE. Ship *Alice*, Liverpool, April 7, 1872."

A petition, signed by the Buffalo Board of Trade, leading citizens connected with the commercial and canal interests, the Buffalo city officials, &c., was forwarded to the Governor yesterday, requesting that Hon. ISRAEL T. HATCH, the well-known champion of the free canal policy, be appointed one of the Commission to present amendments to the State Constitution.

Speaking of wheat prospects, the Richmond *Whig* says that in Virginia, in the rich, moist bottoms in the Tide Water District, the crop is good. In the district between Tide and the mountain, the area in wheat was smaller than ever before, and the yield will not reach half an average—being seriously damaged by dry weather. The same complaint comes from the valley. From South-western Virginia the reports are better, and represent a fair yield.

In the Connecticut Senate, Thursday morning, the Insurance Committee reported that the four life insurance companies, the Connecticut Mutual, Ætna, Charter Oak and Phœnix, had omitted items in their returns of assets to the State in the years 1867, 1868, 1869 and 1870, to the amount of $8,266,000, which were found in their returns to New-York, besides a difference of $1,600,000 between the returned cost of their investments in stocks and bonds, and the value of the same securities as they stood on the books of the Companies.

Albany Matters.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 21.—JACOB ZIB, who was shot at a lager-beer garden on Wednesday night, died today. MCGRATH, who is supposed to have shot him, cannot be found. It is stated that about 100 of the West Albany car-shop strikers have resumed work under the ten-hour system. About 1,000 men still remain out. A large force of workmen have been brought down from Schenectady, and it is said all the force that is necessary is at work at West Albany. The thermometer stood at 98° in the shade today, and there was one case of sunstroke.

POLITICAL.

The Louisiana Republican Conventions at Baton Rouge.

Democratic Conclaves in Nebraska, Arkansas, and Alabama—The Sessions Generally Not Harmonious—Cincinnati Indorsed.

LOUISIANA.

Congressional Renomination—Efforts to Harmonize the Contending Factions.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

BATON ROUGE, La., June 21.—Hon. P. B. DARRELL was renominated this morning unanimously for Congress in the Third District Convention.

The regular Convention, after much filibustering, appointed a Conference Committee to meet PINCHBACK'S Committee, with instructions not to negotiate until PINCHBACK'S Convention repudiates WARMOTH and GREELEY, and indorses GRANT and adopts a strong and popular platform, favoring national education, a levee system, harmony in the State party, scouting Africanization, supporting reform and reiterating the Philadelphia platform. PACKARD and others made popular speeches, and at every mention of GRANT'S name were wildly applauded. The contest between aspirants grows warm. Brass bands and decorated head-quarters are plentiful. The Convention adjourned till 7 P. M. The Pinchback Convention made speeches and adjourned to 7 to await the Conference report. Judge DIBBLE and PINCHBACK spoke strongly for GRANT, while others hesitated. It is rumored that the Pinchback Convention will support LOWELL if the regulars nominate him.

Communications passed in the afternoon between the Conference Committees. The regular Committee declined to meet the Pinchbeck Committee until the latter Convention repudiates GREELEY and WARMOTH.

At the evening sessions the regular Convention approved the action of its Committee—the Pinchbeck Convention passed resolutions denouncing the demand of the regular Convention and asking more liberal terms. This the regulars unanimously refused, at 10 o'clock, which puts an end to all compromise.

The Pinchbeck Convention received this spurning of their overtures with great indignation. CAMPBELL made a speech threatening to support GREELEY if the Grant men unite with the Reformers. There was great confusion, and the colored delegates demanded a resolution indorsing GRANT, as required by the regular Convention. CAMPBELL, by an outrageous ruling, and with the aid of the white Warmoth office-holders, choked them down, when PINCHBECK came in and moved to adjourn to New-Orleans at 12 to-morrow. He said the regular Convention may nominate a ticket they will indorse. They are leaving on the boat now.

The regular Convention only adopted an eight-hour labor resolution, and adjourned till to-morrow, when nominations will certainly be made. The regular, or strictly Grant men, are jubilant over the fact that the Greeley-Warmothites are routed.

NEBRASKA.

Democratic State Convention—The State Sure for Grant and Wilson—Opening of the Campaign.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 20.—The Nebraska Democratic State Convention assembled in this city today for the purpose of selecting delegates to the National Convention at Baltimore. The Convention was called to order by E. A. ALLEN, Chairman of the State Central Committee. After the business preliminary to permanent organization, Hon. S. H. CALHOUN, of Otoe County, was elected permanent President; Messrs. BARNUM, of Platte; SCOGGIN, of Lancaster; CLARK, of Washington; UHL, of Richardson; BEAR, of Cummings; HERMANN, of Douglass, and HINDMAN, of Lincoln, Vice-Presidents, and U. S. MAY, of Dodge, and G. B. SCOFIELD, of Otoe, Secretaries. A Committee on Resolutions was appointed, and the Convention adjourned until 7 A. M. There was not a full quota of delegates, and little, very little, enthusiasm. Numerous Liberal Greeley guides were in attendance, who were keeping an eye single to the interests of the big bill. Conspicuous among the Liberal workers and liberal lookers-on were BUTLER, the impeached Governor and probable candidate for re-election this Fall, on the "Liberal" "independent" ticket; Dr. F. RENNIS, the deposed Revenue Assessor, and other disappointed and played-out politicians. Dr. MILLER, of the Omaha *Herald*, whose political death was announced years ago, and J. STIRLING MORTON, a retired office-seeker, were the principal Democratic directors for GREELEY, and were busily engaged in calling up the rural obstinates to support such men as will indorse the high protectionists at Baltimore. Squads of the "unterrified," who are doubtful of the situation and reluctant to worship at the shrine of their life-long enemy, were caucusing about the Capitol building in a state of mental indecision.

Upon the reassembling of the Convention, Hon. J. C. FOX submitted a report from the Committee on Resolutions, indorsing the Cincinnati platform and nominees. The resolutions were received with feeble applause. A great deal of parliamentary bungling about proceeding to the election of delegates ensued, which was finally brought to an end by a recess of five minutes. To fill in, Col. PHILPOT, in the corner of the hall, got up a little speech for HORACE, and it created some noise and gratified the ambition of an ex-office-holder.

The delegates elected were Dr. Geo. L. Miller, of Omaha; J. C. Crawford, of Elkhorn Valley; W. A. Coleman, of Lincoln; Dr. Black, of Plattsburg; Judge Thomas, of Brownville, and W. H. Platte, of Hall County.

The majority of the Democrats in Nebraska will doubtless vote for HORACE GREELEY if Baltimore comes to time, but the Republicans are not divided, and have the prestige of victory and a clear majority of over 4,000. There's no doubt as to the result. Nebraska is as certain as fate for GRANT and WILSON, and the would-be Postmasters will continue in retirement.

To-morrow night a tremendous Grant meeting will be held in this city, and Saturday night a still greater one in Omaha.

Senator TIPTON, whom we call in this State "Grandmother Tip," has returned home, and will commence this week screeching for his cause. HITCHCOCK, however, will outstrip a dozen of "Tips" in effective campaign working.

ARKANSAS.

Failure of the Democrats to Nominate a Candidate for Governor—Delegates to Baltimore Instructed for Greeley.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 21.—The Democratic State Convention adjourned *sine die* at 1 o'clock this morning, making no nomination. An effort was made for two days to get the Convention to indorse the Greeley candidate for Governor, but this could not be effected, and the members of the party are left to select such candidates as to them may seem best. The delegates to the Baltimore Convention were instructed to support GREELEY. The Convention was discordant, and its members admit that BROOKS cannot be elected, and the Democracy cannot be brought to his support. BROOKS made a speech to a few of the delegates this morning, but his remarks were listened to with coldness, and created no enthusiasm among those who desired his indorsement by the Convention.

ALABAMA.

Adjournment of the Democratic State Convention—Delegates to Baltimore Uninstructed.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 21.—The Democratic State Convention, which assembled here on the 19th inst., nominated a straight Democratic ticket, refusing seats to the few Liberal Republicans who asked them. The Convention refused to allow Liberal Republicans on any ticket, and refused to act with them in the State. Two of the latter today openly declared for GRANT. The Convention today passed resolutions indorsing GREELEY and BROWN, but would not instruct delegates to vote for them. The discussion on this question came near breaking up the Convention. A feeble denunciation of lawlessness ended the Convention's labors, and to-night it adjourned *sine die*.

HENRY WILSON IN NATICK.

Congratulatory Mass-Meeting—Enthusiasm of His Fellow-Townsmen—Speech of the Senator.

NATICK, Mass., June 21.—The citizens of this town held a grand congratulatory mass-meeting in the Public Hall, this evening, in honor of Senator WILSON, who addressed them for the first time since the Convention. After a short speech from the Chairman, NEWTON MORSE, Esq., he spoke briefly in acknowledgment of the warm and hearty support he had always received from his townsmen, and of his endeavors to deserve it. He continued as follows:

I believe that during our time much has been done to strengthen and build up our country that we love so well; that much has been done for freedom, for education, for development, for the lifting up of the masses of our countrymen, and God grant that whatever has been done for good may stand forever, and that the errors that have been committed may be rectified in the time to come. [Applause.] He concluded as follows: Thanking you for your support, for your kindness, for the many evidences of your affectionate regard, I will close by simply saying that whatever shall be the result in the country in the coming canvass, if defeat comes, I shall endeavor to bear it as I ought to do; if victory comes, I will simply say I shall strive in the future, as I have in the past, to serve my country with fidelity, with clean hands and a pure heart, and be true to the interests of my fellow-men, and always to side with the weakest and the poorest portion of my countrymen, who need sympathy.

Three hearty cheers were then given for Mr. WILSON. Dr. GEO. B. LORING and Gen. HARRIMAN made excellent speeches. The meeting broke up with cheers for GRANT and WILSON.

POLITICAL NOTES.

There is a serious split in the Democratic Party of San Francisco. It is worse than any since that of 1860.

Senator ALCORN, in a letter to a friend in Mississippi, takes strong ground in favor of the election of GRANT for a second term.

It is predicted that Senators THURMAN, CASSERLY and VICKERS will not support GREELEY even if he is nominated by the Baltimore Convention.

There is a dreadful rumor of an unpleasantness between the Schurz and Blair wings of the would-be happy-family party in Missouri. This is not as it should be.

It is denied on behalf of Senator MORTON that he has interfered at all in the matter of the nomination of a candidate for Congressman-at-Large in Indiana.

The Poughkeepsie *Eagle* says that the claim of the *Tribune* that State Senator PALMER supports GREELEY is false, "as most of the *Tribune's* political intelligence is."

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* reports that HORACE GREELEY recently sent $5 to the Methodists of Palmetto, Ga., who are getting up funds to build a new church, and who solicited his aid.

The Augusta (Ga.) *Constitutionalist* bewails the spirit of disorganization and bad faith which the opening steps of the Presidential campaign have disclosed among the Democrats and their Liberal allies.

On the eve of the Kentucky Democratic State Convention, a Lexington Democratic journal urged the election of GREELEY, and said: "*After* this unrelenting war upon 'Abolitionism,' and undying devotion to the eternal principles of free-trade."

The Democratic delegates from California to the Baltimore Convention include Ex-United States Senator WM. M. GWIN, Ex-Gov. DOWNEY, Judge J. H. HARDY and Senator EUGENE CASSERLY, all of whom, except Mr. CASSERLY, are known to be in favor of the Cincinnati ticket.

A current item is to the effect that when the new Legislature of Oregon meets, the State will be, for the first time in four years, under full control of the Republicans. This is partly erroneous, as the Governor, elected two years ago, is a Democrat, and he has two years longer to serve.

The Democrats of Utah, at their Convention to elect delegates to Baltimore, asserted "the equality of all men before the law, and the duty of the Government in its dealings with the people to mete out equal and exact justice to all of whatever nativity, race, color or persuasion, religious or political."

The now venerable Ex-Gov. SHANNON, of Kansas, is a Greeley recruit, and the Chicago *Journal* suggests that the old man doubtless wants to pay a debt of gratitude he owes the New-York *Tribune* for the help it gave him in his campaign against TOM CORWIN long ago, when it held him up as a drunken border ruffian of the most infamous type.

S. PETTEBONE, of Niagara Falls, is one of the Republicans whom the *Tribune* has claimed by name as indorsing GREELEY. To him the Niagara Falls *Gazette* thus alludes: "We have the best authority for saying that Mr. PETTEBONE will not desert his party, but will support GRANT and WILSON. It is mere desperation for the Greeley men to thus use the names of honored Republicans."

With that wonderful disregard of consistency which has marked the management of the "Liberal Republicans" throughout, we are receiving "reform" campaign tracts of the heaviest kind from the office of the *Golden Age* and elsewhere, under the frank of a Democratic Congressman. In the words of the Greeley organ: "Are the people to be compelled to pay for the transmission of such documents through the mails? Will they not rise in their wrath and rebuke the outrage at the polls?"

TURF CELEBRITIES.

Longfellow and Harry Bassett—The Rivalry of Harper and McDaniel.

The first summer meeting of the Monmouth Park Association at Long Branch will begin on Saturday next, June 29. It is not the mere fact that the races are coming that is arousing the enthusiasm which is so observable, but the consummation of the long desired object of bringing into competition the two greatest horses that have been seen on the turf for years.

The rumors current about the city for the past few days, regarding the lameness of *Longfellow*, are without the slightest foundation, in fact, and are evidently made up for the purpose of getting longer odds against him. With the view of ascertaining the condition of *Longfellow* and *Bassett*, the writer made a visit to Monmouth Park, on Tuesday last, and satisfied himself that all was well, and that both Mr. HARPER and Col. MCDANIEL were confident of carrying off the Monmouth cup. Neither of them passes a night away from the company of his horses. Uncle JOHN, (as Mr. HARPER is familiarly called,) although in the evening of life, is full of enthusiasm over his horses, and his ruling ambition now is to beat his gray-haired rival, Col. MCDANIEL. It is one of the idiosyncracies of human nature to worship mammon, and Uncle JOHN is one of the god's most devoted followers. Yet, this old man, with all his love of gold, refused a handsome fortune for his horse. "Keep your money;" said he, "and I will keep my horse!" On Tuesday, Uncle JOHN was sitting under a large tree; a short distance to his right, *Longfellow* stood in his stall, with his long, shapely neck reaching out over the bars that confined him to close quarters—showing to advantage his deep chest, broad barrel and powerful arms. Uncle JOHN brightened up as we left his pet, and to our question he replied that *Longfellow* was taking all his work well, and would run from "eend to eend." He felt very sore over the defeat of *Lyttleton* in the mile-heat race at Jerome Park by *Tubman*, "for," said Uncle JOHN, "I had the old man beaten, (alluding to MCDANIEL,) but for the breaking of that stirrup—but never mind, I'll have him here." We then left him, expressing the hope that he would capture the wary Colonel, which remark he seemed to take as "a beam of comfort."

A few steps brought us to Col. MCDANIEL'S quarters. Although time has silvered the Colonel's hair, he will not confess to the infirmities of age, and he expresses himself as frisky as a two-year old. Certain it is, that the prosperity of the last two years has completely rejuvenated him. He attended the annual sale of yearlings at Alexander's Farm in 1868. With the perception for which he is noted, he selected a colt by *Lexington*, out of *Canary Bird*, by imp. *Albion*, a mare that was unsuccessful on the turf. He gave $315 for the colt, and named him *Harry Bassett*, and since his first appearance as a two-year-old at Saratoga, he has succumbed but once to his adversaries, and then when out of condition. As *Bassett* ran at the late meeting at Jerome Park, it is unnecessary to say that he is in fine fettle, and takes all the work the Colonel gives him. The speculation on the contest is very heavy, and *Bassett* has slightly the call at $100 to $90—figures which show that the partisans of *Longfellow* have the greatest confidence in his ability to command the lead on the 2d of July.

HARVARD COLLEGE.

Festivities of Class Day—A Brilliant Gathering and a Bright Day.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 21.—Class Day at Harvard was celebrated today, and the sky being cloudless there was nothing whatever to interfere with its perfect enjoyment. Brilliant crowds attended the ceremonies and festivities—crowds of wonderfully pretty girls as well as crowds of prominent people.

During the afternoon there was music on the green and dancing at Massachusetts Hall, while spreads, elegant and gorgeous several of them, were the attractions in many of the rooms. Later, toward dusk, the class reassembled in front of Holworthy Hall, marched through the yard, cheered the buildings, and went through the old familiar motions of planting the Class Ivy and the boisterous play about the tree, closing up with the singing of the Class song. This was by GEORGE F. BABBITT.

In the evening the President of the College gave a reception at his house, on the grounds, which was attended by the Class and the majority of the literary gentlemen of prominence who so abound in this neighborhood. At the same time the College grounds were illuminated, the Glee Club sang, and College men with maidens fair wandered tenderly in and out of the shadows.

A WOMAN'S REVENGE.

The Divorced Wife of Mr. A. M. Holbrook, of New-Orleans, Attempts to Murder "Pearl Rivers," His Young Bride—The Foiled Woman Wreaks Her Rage on the Furniture.

From the New-Orleans Picayune, June 18.

About 1½ or 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a painful sensation was created throughout the city by the report that Mrs. A. M. HOLBROOK, the newly-married wife of the late proprietor and editor of the *Picayune*, had been attacked at her residence, an hour or so before, by Mr. HOLBROOK'S divorced wife, and had been shot. The facts of the case are simply these:

Mr. HOLBROOK was divorced from his first wife, Mrs. JENNIE BRONSON, last year, after a marriage of about six years. It is not purposed here to enter into the history of this married life. Suffice it to say that Mr. HOLBROOK applied for the divorce; that Mrs. JENNIE HOLBROOK made no defense; that the application was easily granted by the Court, and that the divorced wife at once left for New-York, where she has since resided. Mr. HOLBROOK was married, for the second time, a month ago, to the well-known, accomplished and popular Southern poetess, Miss ELIZA J. POITEVENT, better known as "Pearl Rivers."

Mrs. JENNIE BRONSON, it would appear, arrived here yesterday morning from New-York, unknown to Mr. HOLBROOK and his wife. She took rooms at the Upper City Hotel. About 11½ o'clock, it is stated, she was seen standing at the corner of Orange and Constance streets, watching Mr. HOLBROOK'S residence, which is on Constance, just above Orange, left hand side going up. She had resided there herself for several years, and knew the whole neighborhood well.

About 12 o'clock Mrs. ELIZA J. HOLBROOK was in her bedroom, the front one, upstairs, standing at her toilet-table, dressing, and but lightly clad. Her back was to the door, leading from her bedroom to the staircase from below. She heard a slight rustling noise; but, supposing it was some lady friend from the neighborhood, she paid no attention to it at the moment. The noise came nearer, and she naturally turned her head, to see who her visitor was.

As she turned her head, Mrs. BRONSON, who was standing within two or three feet of Mrs. HOLBROOK, pointing a pistol at her head, fired. The pistol was a small seven-shooter. The mere accidental turning of the head saved the intended victim's life. Mrs. HOLBROOK, who knew whom she had to deal with, at once faced her enemy, feeling, as she told the surgeon afterward, that her life was at stake. She rushed at Mrs. BRONSON, who again fired, but again missed her aim, and Mrs. HOLBROOK seized the pistol and held on to it with desperate grip and firm, unyielding will. In the fierce struggle that ensued between the two women, the one, furious and bent on inflicting death, and the other nerved up to unwonted strength to defend her life, the pistol fell to the floor, and the cylinder of the pistol separated from the barrel.

Mrs. BRONSON then seized a large, heavy bottle on the toilet-table, holding bay rum, and, the two still struggling, struck Mr. HOLBROOK over the head several times with this dangerous implement, inflicting severe wounds, from which the blood flowed copiously over Mrs. HOLBROOK'S head, face and dress. The bottle was broken, and then Mrs. BRONSON seized a small vase, which she also broke over Mrs. HOLBROOK'S head; and then other toilet articles.

It should have been stated that the entrances to the premises from the street are two gates—one, leading to the front door, was locked; the other, giving access to a side alley-way that led the yard, was not fastened. Mrs. BRONSON, being familiar with the premises, entered the yard by this gate and alley-way, and it was then easy for her to go upstairs. The only two other persons on the premises besides Mrs. HOLBROOK were an old negress, a cook, who had been in the household for a long time, and a stout Irish woman. The negro woman, just as the first pistol-shot and cry were heard, gave the alarm to the Irish woman, who, with characteristic impulsiveness, ran up stairs to Mrs. HOLBROOK'S help. She rushed into the bed room, threw her strong arms (from behind) around Mrs. BRONSON, and in that way stopped her from striking Mrs. HOLBROOK on the head. Mrs. HOLBROOK then wrenched away from the fierce grasp that was on her, ran down-stairs and into the street, half-dressed, and covered with blood from head to foot. She ran next door to Mrs. RAINEY'S, but there no one there; and she then managed to get across the street to another neighbor's, where she was promptly attended to.

Mr. HOLBROOK was at his private office down-town when the startling news reached him. He at once repaired to his wife's side, and then went with a friend to the nearest Police station, where he made an affidavit charging Mrs. BRONSON with committing an assault on his wife with intent to kill. Some time elapsed, however, nearly an hour—before Mr. HOLBROOK became cognizant of this catastrophe at his home. Of course the news flew like wildfire in the neighborhood, and several hundred persons were soon gathered in front of the house.

Dr. THOS. NICHOLSON, who lived a square off, and knew Mr. and Mrs. HOLBROOK and Mrs. BRONSON, was fortunately at home. He at once went to the scene so soon as he heard of what had happened, and first entered Mrs. HOLBROOK'S residence. Ere his arrival several policemen had got to the place, but none would go in the house.

Mrs. BRONSON was alone in the house when Dr. NICHOLSON entered. She at at once recognized him and held out her hand, which was bleeding from a slight cut from glass. Dr. NICHOLSON states that Mrs. BRONSON looked like one perfectly carried away with fury and passion. As soon as her victim escaped, and the two servants disappeared, Mrs. BRONSON went in search of an ax, and used it with great destructiveness throughout the house, on the furniture pictures, engravings, crockery, &c. The house was elegantly and comfortably fitted up, and the loss, in the smashing of mirrors, clocks, piano, beds, pictures, glass doors, book-cases, china and crockery, will be very heavy. The interior of the house looked, Dr. NICHOLSON said, as if it had been blown up. Mrs. BRONSON said to Dr. NICHOLSON, in her passion, speaking of Mrs. HOLBROOK: "—— her, I came out here to kill her."

Dr. NICHOLSON dressed her slight wound, and then at once went to the house where Mrs. HOLBROOK was, insisting on the police, who would not go into Mrs. HOLBROOK'S house, at least preventing Mrs. BRONSON'S escape. She would appear, however, not to have thought of that. Mrs. HOLBROOK was found in a most pitiable condition—her hair matted with blood; her head cut in many places, severely; her person and dress saturated with blood, and her whole system naturally prostrated from the trial she had undergone, to say nothing of the debility occasioned by the loss of so much blood. Dr. NICHOLSON speedily dressed her wounds and quieted her, and was enabled to pronounce the wounds, though numerous and painful, not dangerous. Mrs. BRONSON was presently arrested on a warrant based on Mr. HOLBROOK'S affidavit, and was taken in a cab to the Pacanier Station, where she remained for the night. She will doubtless be arraigned this morning. On inquiring at Mr. HOLBROOK'S residence last night at nine o'clock, it was learned that Mrs. HOLBROOK was much better. Her escape from death was miraculous.

Mystic Park—Good Trotting Yesterday.

BOSTON, June 21.—The fourth day of the Mystic Park races was attended by a large crowd of spectators. The race for 2:35 horses was won by SARGENT'S c. s. *Phil. Sheridan*, beating *St. Elmo*, *John R. Hill*, *Czar*, *Allston*, *Helen*, *Black Prince*, *Tommy* and *Lady Ellis*, in the order named. Time—2:29¼, 2:28¾, 2:29½, 2:30¾. *St. Elmo* won the first heat.

THE LATEST NEWS.

An Open Rupture Between President Thiers and the Right.

They Refer Him to the Left for Support in Future.

Charles Francis Adams on the Cincinnati and Baltimore Conventions.

Position of Mr. Smith, of the Atalantas, in the Henley Race.

Fearful Explosion in the Ohio Penitentiary at Columbus.

FRANCE.

A Political Crisis Threatened—The "Right" at Open Rupture with the President—Indemnity.

PARIS, June 21.—Political affairs are approaching a crisis. The interview of yesterday between the delegates of the Right and M. THIERS leads to a complete rupture between that portion of the Assembly and the President. The members of the Right, to the number of 350, have since held a meeting, at which speeches were made expressive of great irritation at the attitude of the Chief Executive, and it was resolved to leave M. THIERS to rely entirely for support to his Administration upon the party of the Left.

During the session of the Assembly today, the delegates of the Right summoned the Duke D'AUMALE to a conference in the committee-room.

The members of the Ministry all tendered their resignation to President THIERS before his interview with the delegates of the Right, but they were all persuaded by the President to withdraw their resignations today, with the single exception of M. LARCY, the head of the Department of Public Works, to whom it appears the Right have offered inducements to persist in his determination to resign.

The delegates of the Left are meantime quiet spectators of the expected crisis in public affairs, but maintain an observant attitude.

It appears that the counter proposals of France to Germany, in the matter of the early payment of the indemnity to the latter, were not, as has been reported, dispatched to Berlin yesterday morning; but nevertheless a favorable solution of the negotiations between the two Powers for the anticipation of payments, and the gradual relief of French soil from armed occupation, is expected on terms much the same as already stated.

SPAIN.

Separation of Church and State Contemplated by the Government.

MADRID, June 21.—It is reported that the Spanish Ministry have declared in favor of the separation of Church and State in Spain.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS.

What a Newspaper Reporter Says He Said as to Cincinnati and Baltimore.

GENEVA, June 21.—In an interview today with a *World* correspondent, Hon. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS said: "I adhere to the principles laid before the Cincinnati Convention and would accept the Baltimore nomination if the platform is good and the offer spontaneous; but I will never be wire-pulled into place. I am deeply concerned for State rights in the future."

THE HENLEY REGATTA.

Explanation of the Position of Mr. Smith, of the Atalanta Club, in the Scull Race.

LONDON, June 21.—The following will explain the position of Mr. SMITH, of the Atalantas in the contest at Henley, for the Diamond Sculls. Mr. SMITH rowed in both the second and sixth heats on Thursday, winning the second but being defeated in the sixth, by which, as the loser of a heat he was disentitled to row in the final heat, which was rowed today, and was won by Mr. KNOLLYS. There were ten competitors in the contest for the sculls, and until the conclusion of the sixth heat the American seemed to have an excellent chance for victory.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

Explosion of a Boiler in the Ohio Penitentiary—A Large Number of Persons Injured, Several Fatally—Miraculous Escapes.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 21.—A boiler in the extensive shops of the Ohio Brush and Wire Works, located within the walls of the Ohio Penitentiary, exploded, this morning, just after the convicts had started to work, with a terrible noise and effect. The flying boiler tore out a large three-story building, in which it was placed, making it a mass of ruins, and tore out the side walls, and the roof off of HUFF'S cooper-shop, and GEORGE GILL'S stove-foundry not far off. Pieces of the boiler were thrown a great distance. At the time of the accident eighty-five men were in the brush-shop and were just going to work. The shock was terrific, and yet no person was killed outright. Several men were blown out of the windows and fell with the debris from the fourth story of the building. One man at work in the lower story of the boiler-house remained for thirty minutes between two heavy timbers. The fireman and the engineer in charge of the boiler were both buried under a pile of brick and timbers, but were dug out alive, though considerably burned and bruised. Some of the escapes were almost miraculous. The scene of the explosion is desolate enough, great piles of brick, stone, timber and machinery are scattered here and there, while the manufactured articles and raw material are scattered over the ground for a long distance. As soon as possible a large force was put to work, and the men who were buried under the ruins were all dug out, and with the other wounded were taken to the prison hospital, where scores of good nurses were on hand, and they are now all well cared for.

The engineer in charge of the boiler says he cannot account for the accident, as a second before the explosion occurred he had on but eighty-five pounds of steam.

One end of this same boiler exploded about a year ago, and it is said, it has leaked ever since.

The loss will be about $30,000.

The convicts injured by the Penitentiary boiler explosion today are all doing well to-night, except JOHNSON, MYERS and DEMPSEY, who are so badly injured internally it is thought they will die.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Hot Weather—An Insane Advocate of Woman Suffrage—Mining Shares.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—The weather here is the hottest ever experienced in San Francisco, and unusually hot weather prevails along the entire Pacific coast.

The steamer *Idaho*, which was aground near Victoria, has been got off, and it is possible that the *California*, which was sunk in the Gulf of Georgia, will be raised.

Dr. Z. RODGERS, recently from Chicago, appeared last night at the Woman's Suffrage Convention in this city, having one-half his face shaved, the beard and whiskers remaining upon the other half, and announced that he did it in recognition of the fact that man was half man and half woman. He was arrested and sent to the insane asylum today.

The following are today's quotations of mining stocks: Meadow Valley, 14¾; Kentuck, 280; Hale and Norcross, 61; Alpha, 40; Raymond and Ely, 133; Yellow Jacket, 128½; Crown Point, 164; Segregated Belcher, 82½; Imperial 6½; Ophir; 36½; Belcher, 970; Cuollar Potosi, 119; Gould and Curry, 150; Caledonia, 45½; Pioche, 15½; Eureka consolidated, 28½.

GETTING A JURY.

Third Day's Proceedings in the Fisk Murder Case.

Three Additional Jurors Obtained, Making Seven in All—An Altercation Between the District-Attorney and the Prisoner's Counsel.

The trial of Edward S. Stokes for the murder of James Fisk, Jr., was resumed yesterday morning before Judge Ingraham, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. The prisoner was represented by his counsel, Messrs. McKeon, Dailey and Townsend, and the prosecution was conducted by the District-Attorney, assisted by the private counsel, Messrs. Beach and Fullerton. Three additional jurors were impaneled during the day, making seven now already sworn in.

The first juror called was John D. Hamlin, who was challenged for principal cause. He testified he was acquainted with the facts connected with the killing of Mr. Fisk, and had formed and expressed an opinion thereon. That opinion was formed on the question of the guilt or innocence of the prisoner, but would not affect his judgment. He had no bias or prejudice against the prisoner, and could render a just verdict according to the evidence adduced on the trial. Challenge for principal cause overruled, and witness was challenged for favor. In reply to Mr. McKeon, he said he never had any connection with the Erie Railroad. The opinion he had formed was based upon newspaper reports, but he did not give them such credence as would require evidence to remove. The triers declared the challenge not true, and he was then challenged peremptorily by the defense.

Leopold Riess had formed a very decided opinion as to the facts of the shooting of Mr. Fisk, and that opinion would affect his judgment. If placed upon the jury he would be very much prejudiced, and could not return a proper verdict. He was excused.

Jacob Ullman had formed an opinion, which he still retained. He would try to render a verdict on the evidence if on the jury, but he was very doubtful if he could do so. He was told to stand aside.

Electus Ramsdall had read the circumstances in regard to the shooting of Mr. Fisk, and he had formed an opinion upon it. He was in doubt if he could go on the jury with an unprejudiced mind, but he would give a fair judgment on the testimony elicited. In answer to the Court he said he was in doubt if his opinion would not prejudice his judgment, and the challenge for principal cause was held to be good.

Robert Buttell and Edward H. Bergen were also excused for entertaining opinions of a prejudiced character that would influence their verdict.

Judge Ingraham said that a great deal of time was consumed in putting the same questions to the witnesses on the challenges for principal cause and favor.

Mr. McKeon—We have got the matter down to a stereotyped form, and are compelled to ask the same questions to every witness. We have no other alternative.

Judge Ingraham—I don't find fault with your conducting the case in any manner you like.

Mr. McKeon—It seems to me that the new law has jumbled things together pretty much.

Judge Ingraham—No, it does not; but it excludes the challenge for favor altogether. The proceedings were then continued.

Edmond Kohn had formed an opinion in relation to this case which nothing that took place since the killing had changed. That opinion was of such a nature as to prevent the possibility of his rendering a verdict on the evidence uninfluenced by his personal prejudice and bias. He was directed to stand aside.

James McGovern, Clarence H. Livingston, Adolph A. Frankfield, John Samuel Ferguson and Alex. T. Slotes were excused for similar reasons. Leonard F. Requa, merchant, challenged for principal cause. He had formed an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of Mr. Stokes, but upon what he read in the newspapers, he had no bias against the prisoner, and had no relation to him or to any one connected with the case. The District-Attorney asked: Could you form a proper judgment on the evidence produced on the trial uninfluenced by whatever opinion or impression you may have previously conceived? A.—I think I could in this case. [Laughter.] He was promptly excused.

Julius Schultz was a man naturally inclined to violent prejudices, and he did not think he could render a just verdict on the evidence when he knew anything about the case. [Laughter.]

Theodore Wehle and John B. Gardiner had read the newspaper reports of this case, and had received strong prejudices from so doing. If they were sworn in as jurors, they could not remove their prejudices, and would necessarily, to some extent, be guided or influenced by them. Mr. Gardiner had seen Fisk immediately after he was shot, and had entertained strong impressions from that fact also. They were both excused.

Peter Johnston had made up his mind in regard to the case, and no evidence could remove it. He was rejected.

Charles H. Smith was challenged for the principal cause. He testified he was a clerk and notary employed in the general office of the Erie Railroad, in the Grand Opera-House. [A laugh.] He was set aside.

Peter Feeney had formed and retained a very strong impression on the case, which no evidence would remove. He was rejected, as was also Moses E. Rosenblott for the same reason.

Francis Benjamin Atwood was challenged for principal cause. He had read the newspaper reports and had become impressed in consequence. He had that opinion still, and it would require a certain amount of evidence to remove it. Robert L. White was excused on the ground of ill-health. Walter R. Darron had an opinion on the case which it would require a great deal of evidence to remove. He was rejected. Russell E. Reynolds was excused for a like reason.

FIFTH JUROR.

Byron Stone, book-keeper in the firm of Bosworth, White & Co., No. 571 Broadway, was challenged for principal cause. He had read the newspaper accounts of the shooting of Mr. Fisk, and had formed no definite opinion on the case. Whatever impression, if any, he had could be easily discarded with the aid of evidence. The challenge for the principal cause was withdrawn, and he was challenged for favor. In reply to Mr. Dailey he said he had no acquaintance with the prisoner, Fisk, Gould, Tweed, or anyone connected with the Grand Opera-house; he never had any dealings with the Narragansett Steam-ship Company, and knew no one connected with this case; he had no conscientious objection to the infliction of capital punishment where the evidence justified such a verdict; he had no desire to get on the jury, as it would injure his business prospects. The triers declared the challenge untrue, and they considered the witness eligible. He was accepted and sworn in on the jury.

Henry Francis Mason was rejected for having formed an opinion. Frederick S. Hasbrook had made up his mind, and nothing could change it. He was rejected, as was also Wm. Brouner, for the same reason. Lazarus Adler was rejected for the same reason.

Jacob August was challenged for principal cause. He testified he had formed an opinion in the case which it would require a good deal of evidence to remove.

A SLIGHT BREEZE.

District-Attorney Garvin—Do you mean to say, Sir, you would render a verdict on the statements of newspapers?

Mr. McKeon (warmly)—Does the District-Attorney want a man on the jury who says he has formed an opinion that the evidence will not remove? If so, the sooner we know it the better.

District-Attorney Garvin—This is the first time I ever heard a counsel decide a point of this nature. I remember the case of Cancimi, where Mr. McKeon was employed as private counsel—

Mr. McKeon, (angrily)—That is not true Sir. I was the public prosecutor; I never yet received blood-money, and when the District-Attorney makes such a statement he must have better authority for it.

Justice Ingraham—This exhibition of feeling is altogether improper and unnecessary, and must be discontinued. You were wrong in giving expression to such language, and the District-Attorney was also wrong in making a personal attack upon you.

Mr. McKeon—I am ready for such personal attacks.

Judge Ingraham—This had better be stopped, gentlemen. The witness is excused.

SIXTH JUROR.

Theodore Flamme, commission merchant, No. 23 University-place, was challenged for principal cause. He had formed no opinion in regard to the merits of this case from the newspaper reports, but always wanted evidence of fact before he arrived at a conclusion in such a case as this. The challenge for cause was withdrawn, and the witness challenged for favor. He had no acquaintance with Fisk, Tweed, Gould, or the Morse family, and had no relations with them of any kind. He had no prejudices against the prisoner, and would render a verdict solely on the evidence. He was declared eligible by the triers, was accepted on both sides, and was duly impaneled on the jury.

John Branique had no opinion in regard to this case, but had an impression that if the prisoner was guilty he ought to be punished. He had an objection against that class of men—stock operators generally and fancy men, who he did not think earned an honest livelihood. [Laughter.] He was excused. Benjamin Lewis, Matthew F. Cable, Cooper Van Gieson, Stephen H. Mason and Soloman Abrahams were rejected for having entertained opinions which would influence their verdict.

David Rosenbaum had read the accounts of the shooting of Col. Fisk, and felt sorry for the event; he had still an impression in his mind in regard to the case; it would require evidence for him to decide the case, but not to change any opinion he now entertained; had no bias for or against the prisoner.

The challenge as to the favor was denied by the triers, and he was challenged peremptorily by the defense.

George Bowland had an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner, but thought he could render an impartial verdict. His previous opinion would not influence his conduct as a juror. Had no acquaintance with anyone supposed to be connected with this case. The challenge to favor was sustained by the triers. William Williams had a fixed opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner, and was excused. Jacob W. Reightlander had not formed any opinion on the subject, and the challenge to favor was excluded by the triers. He was accepted by the defense, but challenged peremptorily by the prosecution. James Adair, Herman Greenbaum and Henry H. Nichols were excused for the same.

SEVENTH JUROR.

John Edward T. Bond, clerk, No. 261 Broadway, was challenged for principal cause. He had read the newspaper accounts of the killing and had conversed on the subject; had formed no definite opinion on the case which could in the least influence his judgment; had no acquaintance with any of the parties interested in this prosecution or in the defense. Had no business relations with the Grand Opera House, and had no motive for being anxious to go upon the jury. The challenge for principal cause was withdrawn, and the triers denied the challenge for favor. The witness was accepted on both sides and impaneled on the jury. Solomon Ernst and George Henry Bartholomew were excused. Anthony T. Gallagher, a school teacher, residing in the Seventh Ward, had no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner; knew Wm. M. Tweed for twenty-five or thirty years, and was on terms of intimacy with him; they were both Democrats in the Seventh Ward; never received any appointment through his instrumentality, and was under no personal obligations to him. The challenge to favor was overruled, and the prisoner was peremptorily challenged by the defense.

John Henry McGaven, James T. Trimble, Herman Ahrenstobf, Judith Swift, Gustavus Rosenthal, Maximilian Weiner and William Redwood Wright, were excused because they had opinions and prejudices with relation to the case. Henry Chase Alger was excused for having an opinion, and Mortz Herzberger had made a wager on the result of the trial, which disqualified him.

The Court then adjourned. The same arrangement which was made in reference to the jurors the first day of the trial was directed to be continued.

The Greeley-Brown Ticket—Opinions of the Leading Irish Catholics.

From the New-York Tablet.

The meeting of the so-called Liberal Republican Convention at Cincinnati on the 1st inst., and the nomination of Horace Greeley, editor of the New-York *Tribune*, for President of the United States, and B. Gratz Brown for Vice-President, is an event which may possibly have considerable bearing on the future action of political parties. The most notable thing about it, however, is, that a Convention composed in great part of revenue reformers and free traders should nominate for the Presidency the most ultra and fanatical protectionist in the country. It strikes us that there is anything but an adherence to principle in this, either on the part of the candidate or on that of the Convention; perhaps, on the part of both.

Mr. Greeley is undoubtedly a man of considerable ability in his way, and of much notoriety as a journalist and a politician. He has some correct views of some questions, and some adroitness in defending them; but we can hardly conceive a man less fitted for the high office to which he is nominated. He has neither the manners nor the education, neither the solidity of character nor the breadth of mind demanded of the Chief Magistrate of a great people. He lacks sound judgment, is full of crotchets, and owes all his popularity or notoriety to his eccentricities. The principles he has always defended in his journal are those of the European Revolutionists, virtually those of the infamous Internationals and Communists. He may, for aught we know, believe himself honest, but he has a very crooked mind, and never sees things as they are. "He has the crookedest mind," said the late David Henshaw to the writer, "of any man I ever saw. Why, his mind is the very quintessence of ram's horn." We once heard him give a lecture before a literary society, against Utilitarianism and Materialism, in which he urged special attention to physical education as the remedy against them; on the principle, we suppose, that "the hair of the same dog that killed will cure." His principle is take care of capital, and capital will take care of labor.

We have read his journal more or less ever since it was fonnded in 1841, but we have never found in it the least indication that its author is a statesman, or even a reliable politician. He is rash, vindictive, and selfish; he withdrew from the firm of Weed, Seward & Co., because his partners did not favor his craving for office, and defeated the nomination of Seward for President at the Chicago Convention in 1860, out of revenge; for Mr. Seward was really the representative man of the Republican Party. We may, also, well believe that his principal grievance with President Grant is that he has not received the consideration to which he regards himself as entitled.

Mr. Greeley has shown alike his want of statesmanship and of principle in his readiness to seize upon every popular excitement, every radical movement, every popular insurrection, or projected reform at home and abroad, as a means of securing popularity for himself or of his party. In a word he is a professed philanthropist, and philanthropy has been well defined, "The love of all men in general, and the hatred of every man in particular," unless, perchance, he has a black skin or a black character. All your philanthropic movements of the day trample down more good by the way than could possibly be gained by success in their schemes. Few men have exerted a more disastrous political and moral influence on the country during the last thirty years than this same Horace Greeley, and nothing could more seriously disgrace the American people than to elevate him to the Chief Magistracy of the nation.

We are no admirers of Gen. Grant, either as a military man or as a statesman, and we dislike his party, but Mr. Greeley is far inferior to him, and represents the worst elements of the Republican Party. He represents the worst elements of the old Whig Party, and of modern Radicalism. The only points in which we agree with him, is his advocacy of a speedy return to specie payment, and the removal of all political disabilities imposed on the people of the States that seceded. He affects great fondness for the Irish and other naturalized citizens, but only for the purpose of winning their votes for himself and his party. We know Horace Greeley too well to believe in him, and we should now prefer to see Gen. Grant re-elected to seeing him elevated to any office above that of pathmaster.

Yet Mr. Greeley has a considerable following, is generally believed to be honest, (probably because he makes such loud professions of honesty,) and, if he runs, he may draw off a considerable number of votes from Gen. Grant, especially considering the muss the Administration has got into with England on the *Alabama* claims, and the probable defeat of the Washington Treaty. But we see not how the Democratic Party can, unless it means to disorganize, give up its name, and cease to exist as a distinct party, vote for the Greeley-Brown ticket. If it can vote for such a ticket, the sooner it ceases to exist the better for the country. The only thing for the Democrats to do, it seems to us, is to call a convention of their own, rally on a platform which expresses their real principles, around such life-long Democratic men as really represent them. They may fail in the coming election, but, if so, they will fail with honor, and gain strength by failure. The country should be redeemed, but redeemed it cannot be by the success even of a party that adopts or acquiesces in the worst measures of the party in power. Coalitions are sometimes powerful for mischief, but are rarely efficient for good, for they can be formed only by a compromise of principles.

We can see nothing the country or the Democratic party itself would gain by the success of the Greeley-Brown ticket. No, let the Democratic party bide its time, which, if it labors to purify and consolidate itself as a true constitutional and conservative party, will come much sooner than the most sanguine now expect.

Attempting to Pass Counterfeit Money.

George H. Crowell was arrested yesterday, and brought before Commissioner Shields, on a charge of attempting to pass a $20 counterfeit bill on John Dwyer, keeper of a restaurant at No. 490 Eighth-avenue. The prisoner claims to be a detector of counterfeit money, by what is known as the "Bruzel" method. He said that he had been drinking heavily and walking about in the sun, and scarcely knew what he was about when he entered Dwyer's restaurant, that he called for a glass of ale and threw down the bill to see if Dwyer would detect its character, intending, if he did not detect it, to inform him what it was, and endeavor to sell him his secret for detecting counterfeit money.

Officer Beck, of the Twentieth Precinct, who arrested the prisoner, stated that Crowell denied having any other counterfeit money in his possession, but that when he was searched at the Police Station counterfeit fifty-cent and twenty-five-cent stamps were found on him. He was held for examination.

Riverside Park Commission.

At the session of the Riverside Park Commissioners yesterday, Mr. Bartlett appeared, and argued on behalf of the Astor estate, claiming that the area of assessments ought to be changed to the land surrounding the proposed park. Arguments were also made by Mr. Perkins, Mr. Thos. C. Fields, Mr. John H. Powers and others, all being in favor of the proposed improvements, but opposed to the awards and assessments.

GORDON GORDON.

Order of Arrest for $100,000 Against Him.

The Property Deposited in Court and the Order Vacated—Further Examination of Gordon—Who Suggested the Erie Suits?

The legal medley, which Jay Gould on the one side and Gordon Gordon on the other have been stirring up for months past before different branches of the Courts, was again presented before Judge Brady in the Supreme Court, yesterday. The examination of Gordon Gordon, at the instance of Gould, in the cross-suit brought by the former against the latter, had been adjourned from Thursday until noon yesterday, so as to allow the Court an opportunity to dispose of the day calendar. At the appointed hour Mr. Gordon appeared in Court, accompanied by his counsel, Mr. John Graham, Ex-Judge Porter, and Messrs. John H. and Robert Strahan. Gould was represented, as usual, by Messrs. Field, Knox and Root.

Mr. Strahan, addressing the Court, said there was now in the hands of the Sheriff an order of arrest against Mr. Gordon, based on an affidavit of Gould that Gordon had converted certain stocks belonging to outside companies connected with Erie. Mr. Strahan, at the same time, read the letter of Gould which accompanied the stocks, already published, and in which Gould begs Gordon to accept the stocks, in consideration of feeling, in return, an interest in all that concerns the road, without having his pocket and his credulity tested at the same time. He (counsel) then, he said, held in his hand an order made by Judge Barrett, returnable forthwith before his Honor, Judge Brady, directing the Gould party to show cause why the execution of that order of arrest, requiring a bond of $100,000, should not be stayed until a motion can be heard and decided to vacate it.

Counsel for Gould opposed the motion. They asked for delay and that the examination proceed in the mean time.

Mr. Graham opposed.

Judge Brady said he would hear the motion, and suspend until counsel for Gould had time to read the papers.

After some delay, Mr. Field argued against the motion, claiming that under the Code no motion to vacate an order of arrest could be made where there had been no arrest.

Ex-Judge Porter and Mr. Graham argued that this was not a motion to vacate the order of arrest, but to stay its execution, which right they had at common law irrespective of the provisions of the Code.

Mr. Field then stated that he found some new matter in the papers served on them, and asked time to prepare affidavits in return.

Mr. Strahan objected to this, alleging that whatever new matter was in the papers had been perfectly known to counsel on the other side.

After some further discussion Judge Brady suggested to counsel that, inasmuch as Mr. Strahan admitted that he held possession of the securities in dispute, why not deposit them with the Clerk of the Court. He did not pretend to order that it should be done, but if it were done he thought the execution of the order of arrest should be voluntarily stayed on the part of Gould, and he did not know but under such circumstances he should deem it his duty to order a stay.

Mr. Field at once assented to the suggestion of the Court, saying if the securities were so deposited, they would stay the execution of the order of arrest indefinitely.

Mr. Strahan, with equal promptness, assented to the proposition on behalf of Gould, giving his assurance to the Court and opposing counsel that a portion of the securities he would deposit immediately, and the remainder by 10 o'clock to-morrow. This seemed acceptable on all sides, and in honor of this prompt untying of one of the hardest knots in this tangled web of litigation, the Court ordered a recess for half an hour.

The securities to be deposited with the Clerk amount to about $100,000.

After recess, and after another obstacle threatening to break the previous harmony had been removed by Judge Brady, the examination of Mr. Gordon was then proceeded with, developing but little that is new or of public interest.

Among his testimony, outside that already published, he stated as follows: The day on which Mr. Sears saw the puts and calls in my room was the 7th of the month instead of the 6th, as previously testified; that the memorandum which Mr. Gould had just made when Mr. Sears came in was in relation to the selection of new directors; the Earl's coronet, with the monogram under it, which he has used on his note paper, is nothing more than a crest, which both he and his family have always used.

Mr. Field asked the witness who his family was. This being objected to, Judge Brady ruled it out, on the ground that the admission of Mr. Gordon was already on record that he was not Lord Gordon, was not the Duke of Aberdeen, and was not a member of the British Parliament.

Continuing the testimony the witness said: His letters were generally addressed as Right Honorable Lord Gordon.

Here Mr. Field asked if the witness was entitled to the "Right Honorable," but the Court ruled it out, on the ground that the witness' admission was already on record covering the answer.

Mr. Field—It don't cover the "Right Honorable."

Judge Brady—He admits he is not entitled to the Lord Gordon, and he cannot certainly be entitled to the Right Honorable Lord Gordon.

Witness—Col. Stocken, named in the affidavits as going to Gen. Sickles, is a friend of mine; did co-operate with Gould by forming a combination with Horace F. Clark, Mr. Seligman, and others; the combination was to carry sufficient stock to elect a new Board; Gould was to remain as President if the new Board elected him; in company with Gould they had enough stock to carry the election; Gould's part of the programme was to place his resignation in his (witness') hands, give up the property to the stockholders, stop litigation, let the bill at Albany pass, stop his bribing in opposition, which he had previously told me he intended to do, with your (Mr. Field's) assistance.

Mr. Field—What were the aggressive litigations to which Gould referred?

Witness—Litigations which he said he had been drawn into with your (Field's) connivance.

Field—Did he give you the title of any of those suits he called aggressive?

Witness—He told me all of them were by your —

Field—Stop. I ask that to be stricken out.

Court—The answer must be merely in response to the title of the suit.

Witness—He told me the whole story in the presence of Mr. Greeley, that you —

(On objection of Mr. Field, the witness was here stopped again.)

Witness—Never told Gould that I knew of the Sickles movement; never mentioned the names of Heath & Raphael; did not tell Gould that I represented the English stockholders; at three o'clock of the very day of the robbery there was a meeting in his rooms, in good faith, of gentlemen interested in the movement; among those present were Mr. Clark, Mr. Roberts and Mr. Benedict, of Wall-street; was at Beldin's house the day following the so-called robbery; was there once or twice; on those visits he blamed Jay Gould, but found no fault with Mr. Belden; the balance of the stock, combined with the thirty millions of Gould, necessary to carry the election, was to be provided by those in combination with me; could have controlled twenty millions of the stock at the time of the negotiation with Gould; a portion of this stock was owned by his sister and her husband.

Nothing more of importance was elicited by the examination on either side, until the Court ordered it closed.

The argument on the other motions in the case were, by consent of counsel, adjourned to the first Tuesday in September; the order vacating the one hundred thousand dollar order of arrest was signed and entered; the proceedings were closed, and, to the satisfaction of all, the Court adjourned at 6 o'clock in the evening.

The Whisky Ring Indictments.

Every conceivable method has been resorted to by counsel representing the indicted whisky men, to have the indictments quashed, on various pleas. Many of these pleas have been disallowed by Judges Blatchford and Woodruff, and others are under consideration by the Court. It is expected that the trials of the persons indicted will shortly commence, and the Grand Jury, now in session, are investigating other cases of a similar nature which have been laid before them.

The New Court-House.

This famous Ring palace, more wonderful in its day than Aladdin's lamp, needs rubbing up wofully. The halls and corridors are choked with the accumulated dirt and litter of weeks, the sweepings of the courts and offices. The water supply, dependent throughout the building upon pumping by steam-power, has been cut off by the discharge of the engineers and firemen, causing much inconvenience and an insufferable state of things in a building filled with City officials. How has this deplorable condition of affairs been brought about? The responsibility lies between the Court-house Commissioners, the Chamberlain and the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors have the power to appoint the janitor, but the old janitor, Hagerty, the appointee of Chamberlain Bradley, still remains, though rendering no service. Another party has been appointed by Chamberlain Palmer. The Court-house Commissioners, Messrs. Norton, Coman and Ingersoll, without apparently any adequate authority, have made the appointment of a large force of firemen, engineers and cleaners, and who claim pay, it is understood, for alleged attendance.

Out of the conflicting authority and illegal action in the matter of appointments has arisen the present wretched condition of management in the new Court-house.

The Controller in a communication three weeks ago called the attention of the Board of Supervisors to this whole subject, and urged that steps be taken immediately to remedy the difficulty existing, but up to this time nothing definite has been done in the matter.

TWEED'S WATER-METERS.

Application for a Mandamus to Compel Payment of $283,560.

William M. Tweed when in office, under authority of an act of the Legislature authorizing improvements in the water supply, laying of new mains, &c., contracted with Joseph F. Navarro for the delivery of a number of water-meters at $70 each. Under this contract 4.050 meters were delivered to the City, and Mr. Navarro now makes application for a mandamus to compel the Controller to make payment for these meters, amounting to $283.500.

The application is opposed on behalf of the City on the ground that the authority under which the contract was made was contained in the Tax Levy, and not included in its title; that the act contains three things even in its title and was, therefore, unconstitutional, and though the act appeared to give discretion to the Commissioners, yet they were bound to act under the forms prescribed by the charter, while in fact no bids were advertised for, the contract was not drawn and approved by the Corporation Counsel, and no security exacted for proper performance.

Judge Barrett, before whom the motion was made, in Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, gave the relators counsel until today to hand in his points, and reserved his decision.

The Market Savings Bank.

Yesterday, much commotion was caused in front of the suspended Market Savings Bank by a large crowd of individuals, who were attracted thither by the following notice, posted on the bank door:

> A meeting of the depositors will be called, in order to show them that the Bank Ring is still at the bottom to cheat them out of their money; and all who desire to attend the meeting will leave their address at No. 208 Broadway, and a notice will be given in the papers of the meeting. By a proper management of the bank more than seventy-five per cent. could be realized.
>
> D. A. SKENNELL,
> Secretary of Depositors' Meeting,
> No. 208 Broadway, Room No. 8.

The attorney for the assignee came out and tore down the notice. The Secretary of the depositors' meeting objected, but the attorney said the depositors had no right there, that the assignee had full power over the premises, and that he would allow no notices to be posted there. The crowd then dispersed. It is understood that the depositors will hold a meeting in the course of a few days.

Filthy Condition of Certain Streets.

At the Board of Police yesterday a communication was received from a number of manufacturing firms and residents in West Twenty-fifth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, calling attention to the filthy condition of the street. A portion of the block is inhabited by a colony of negroes, who are indescribably filthy, and the garbage thrown by them into the street each day is sufficient to poison the air of the whole City. It was referred to the Superintendent of Police. Communications were received from the Board of Health in relation to the filthy condition of Sixteenth-street, between Avenues B and C; First-avenue, near Thirteenth-street; and Thirteenth-street, near First-avenue, the gutter on both sides of the streets and the streets being obstructed by ashes, garbage, rubbish, sand and stones. The communications were referred to the Superintendent of Street-cleaning.

The Board of Health.

At an adjourned meeting of the Board of Health, yesterday, Commissioner Manierre called the attention of the Board to the fact that they had received information from the Department of Docks that the Pilot Commissioners had refused to allow the contents of the slip at the foot of West Thirty-eighth-street, which had been ordered to be dredged by the Board of Health, to be emptied anywhere in the river. The matter was referred to the Sanitary Committee for examination and report.

Dr. Morris, City Sanitary Inspector, informed the Board that Messrs. Gamble & McNeill and Toby & Booth still continued to melt fat at their establishments, foot of Fortieth-street, North River, notwithstanding the peremptory orders of the Board to the contrary, and they had stated that they continue to prosecute their business despite all opposition.

Commissioner Barr asked Dr. Morris if he had attempted to enforce the ordinances recently passed by the Board in relation to street-cars.

Dr. Morris replied that the ordinances had not become a law yet.

On motion of Mr. Barr, the City Sanitary Inspector was directed to report to the Board all cars run in violation of the Sanitary ordinances.

The Board thereupon adjourned.

City Meteorological Record.

The following observations show the temperature, &c., yesterday, as recorded by Schultz & Warker, at the Central Park Mineral Springs:

	7 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 P. M.
Temperature. Degrees Fahrenheit	73	85	90	87
Stand of bar. in inch	30.16	30.13	..	30.04

Hygrometer at noon, 72.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

United States District Court—In Bankruptcy.—Involuntary cases.—3290, In the matter of White et al.; 3408, Gill et al. vs. Fallon; 3475, Pierson vs. Jones; 3504, Coon et al. vs. Farnam; 3524, Dana vs. The Mendota Mining Company; 3530, Skiles vs. Breithaupt et al.; 3532, Haas et al. vs. Blumenthal; 3539, The Burlingstone Cotton Mills Company vs. Piffey et al.; 3540, Cochran vs Hearn et. al.; 3541, Putzel vs. Leon et. al.; 2543, Healy vs. Kolle; 3544, Brewer et. al. vs. Yonkers and New-York Fire Insurance Company; 3545, Richards vs. Folger; 3547, Bownes et. al. vs. Curnen; 3548, O'Donnell vs. Lyons; 3550, Bennett et. al. vs. Goldstein; 3551, Wronkow et. al. vs. Goldstein. Argument Calendar—842, in the matter of James R. Gilmore.

DECISIONS.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Judgment affirmed with costs: Maitland *vs.* Whitbeck; Brackett *vs.* Baum; Hartley *vs.* James; First National Bank of Ballston Spa *vs.* The President, &c., of the Insurance Company of North America; Hincken *vs.* The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company; Locke *vs.* Burrows; Tiernan *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Rhatigan *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Nolan *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Chamberlain *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Cullen *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Flanigan *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Hannan *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Judge vs. The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Kean *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Lysatt *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; McGrain *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; McDonald *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; O'Harra *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; White *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Albany; Welch *vs.* the Mayor, &c., of Albany; Phalen *vs.* Johnson; Hazmon vs. The Hoboken Land Improvement Company; Rathbun *vs.* The Northern Central Railroad Co.

Judgment reversed and new trial granted, the costs to abide the event—De Graw *vs.* Elmore; Sprague *vs.* N. Dwyer; Viner *vs.* The New-York, Alexandria, and Washington Steam-ship Co.; Niagara Elevating Co. *vs.* McNamara; Phelps *vs.* Vircher; Long *vs.* The New-York Central Railroad Co.; Heineman *vs.* Heard.

Order granting new trial affirmed, and judgment absolute for defendant, with costs—Battell *vs.* Burrill; Cook *vs.* Banker.

Order of General and Special Term reversed, and order granted giving to the appellant, Griffen, the surplus moneys to the extent of his lien, with costs to the appellant, so far as the same can be paid from the said surplus moneys after satisfaction of his lien, and without costs to appellant or respondent as against each other—Snapeler *vs.* Reilly.

Appeal dismissed with costs—Campbell *vs.* Page; Coit *vs.* Stewart.

Motion denied with $10 costs, and remittitur returned to the Court below—Van Saun *vs.* Farley.

Motion denied with $10 costs—Walker *vs.* American National Bank of New-York.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Barrett.

The People, &c., Matthew Corrigan *vs.* The Young Men's Father Mathew United B. T. A. Society, &c.; motion denied.

Mills *vs.* Quigley et al.; motion to vacate judgment and execution denied with $10 costs; motion for attachment granted, &c.

Wm. Percy *vs.* Geo. Thornton et al.; motion denied with $10 costs.

Ann Lowney *vs.* Michael Lowney; see memorandum.

Goldstein *vs.* Stevens et al.; the motion must be granted with costs.

In re David Lichtenstein; the writ must be made returnable at the General Term.

Dater et al. *vs.* Tallman; motion denied.

The People &c., Kunz *vs.* A. H. Green, Controller, &c.; motion for mandamus denied. See memorandum.

Baker et al. *vs.* Hotchkiss; motion denied without costs.

In the matter of the application of W. Weiner &c.; see memorandum.

In the matter of John G. Lamberson; motion granted.

Wise et al. *vs.* Morris et al.; motion denied, with $10 costs.

In the matter of the petition of Carl Oehler, &c.; writ dismissed.

The People ex rel. Brady *vs.* Department of Public Instruction, New-York; motion denied, with $10 costs.

Pedro Montells *vs.* Maria Montells; report confirmed and judgment of divorce granted.

Foley, &c., *vs.* Benton et al.; satisfaction must be vacated and set aside.

In the matter of the petition of Margaret McIntosh for appointment of trustee, &c.; report of referee confirmed and order approved, &c.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Freedman.

Thomas Ovington *vs.* The East Side Association; reference granted.

Henry I. Simon *vs.* Elisha W. Fulton et al.; order granted.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—June 21.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

100	Quicksilver Pref..	51	300	North-western....	71⅜
200	Western Union....	74⅜	100	do.......b3.	71½
100	do.. ......s3.	74⅜	300	do..........	71⅝
100	do............	74½	200	do.......b3.	71⅜
100	Lake Shore.....c.	95⅝	500	Rock Island......	109¾
300	do............	95¾	100	do............	110
10000	N.Y.C.&H.Scrp.	97⅛	300	do............	110⅛
1500	Erie Railway....	52⅝	300	Union Pacific....	37⅞
400	do............	52½	500	do.......b3.	38
400	do............	52⅝	200	do............	38
1200	do............	52⅛	100	do.........c.	38
300	do.......s3.	52⅝	300	do.......s3.	38⅛
600	do............	52¼	100	do.........c.	38⅛
400	do............	52⅜	100	do.......b3.	38⅛
100	Pacific Mail......	68¾	800	Ohio & Miss......	44¾
500	do............	69	100	do.......s3.	44⅞
500	do............	69⅛	400	do.......b3.	45
200	N. Y. C. & Hud...	97⅞	100	C. C. & I. C.....c.	34⅜
500	Kansas & Texas.c.	43	200	do............	34¼
100	do.......s3.	43	100	do.......b30.	34⅛
100	Bost., H. & Erie..	8	300	do............	34⅜

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$5,000	Tenn. St. 6s, old.	75	100	Erie Pref....b. c.	79½
30,000	S. C. St. 6s, new. Jan. and July.	31	400	Harlem..Ex. Div.	116
50,000	do..........	30	100	L.S.&M.S.scr.b. c.	92¾
10,000	Ark. 7s, Iss.C.R.	52¾	100	Un.Pacific.b. c.b3.	38⅛
10,000	do..........	53	300	do............	38⅛
10,000	do..........	53⅛	500	do.........c.	38⅛
10,000	do..........	54	100	do............	38⅛
5,000	do..........	55	1300	do.......b3.	38⅛
5,000	N. Y. C. 6s, '87..	94	1400	do............	38⅛
27,000	Erie 4th Mort..	96	200	do.......s3.	38
2,000	U.Pac.7s,L.G.B.	81½	200	Chic.& N.W..b. c.	71¾
5,000	U.Pac.10s,Inc.b3	86⅞	1500	do............	71⅝
1,000	Chic.& N.W.1st.	101⅛	200	do.......s3.	71½
15,000	Gt. West.1st.'88.	98	100	do......s60.	71⅜
1,000	Mor.&Essex 2d.	100½	200	do.......s3.	71⅞
1,000	C. & Pitt. C.S.F.	95	100	do.......b3.	71⅛
8,000	St. L.& I.M.1st.	100	100	do............	71½
10,000	B., H. & E. 1st.	41	100	Chic. & R. Island.	110⅛
20,000	do..........	40¾	200	do..bet. call.	110⅛
10,000	do..........	40½	200	do.......b3.	110⅜
6,000	do..........	40⅝	100	do............	110⅛
1,000	West.U.Tel.7s..	95	200	do............	110⅝
3,000	Cin..L.&Chi.1st.	84	600	do............	110¾
1,000	C., C.& I. C. 1st.	91⅛	100	do......b3.	110¾
200	Canton Co....b. c.	100⅞	200	do............	110⅝
100	Quicksilver ..b. c.	40⅜	100	do............	110⅜
200	Quicksilver Pref..	51	200	do............	110⅜
100	do..bet. call.	51	200	do.......b3.	110⅛
100	West. U. Tel.b. c.	74⅜	100	do.......s3.	110⅜
400	do.........c.	74⅝	200	do............	110⅝
300	do........s3.	74¾	200	do.......b3.	110⅝
300	do........b3.	74½	100	do.......b3.	110⅛
500	do............	74¾	200	do.......b3.	110⅜
100	do.........c.	74¾	200	L. S. & M. So.b. c.	95¾
200	Am. Mer. Un. Ex.	73½	100	do.......b3.	95⅝
10	Adams Express...	97½	400	do.........c.	95¾
200	Wells-Fargo..b. c.	92	100	B., H. & E...b. c.	8⅛
500	Pacific Mail......	69	700	do.......s3.	8
100	do..bet. call.	68⅞	100	do............	8⅛
100	do.......b3.	69	300	do............	8
200	do............	69⅛	100	do.......b3.	8
300	do............	69¼	200	do............	7⅞
200	do............	69	200	do............	7¾
100	do............	68⅞	200	do.......b3.	7¾
800	do............	69	200	do.......s3.	7⅝
300	do............	69⅛	1400	do............	7⅝
100	do.......s3.	69	200	Del., Lack. & W..	107
200	Erie Railway..s3.	53	10	do............	107½
300	do....b. c.b3.	53	100	Mil. & St. Paul...	52½
200	do............	52⅞	200	do..bet. call.	53
700	do............	53	100	M.&St.P.Pf..b. c.	77¼
300	do.......b3.	53⅛	300	Tol.,W.&W..b. c.	75
800	do............	53⅛	100	do............	75½
700	do............	53	300	O. & M....b. c.s3.	45
200	do............	52¾	100	do.........c.	45
100	do............	52⅞	300	do............	45
100	do............	52¾	100	do............	44¾
200	do............	52½	100	C., C. & I. C.......	34⅞
100	do............	52⅝	400	do..bet. call.	34⅞
800	do.......b3.	52⅜	500	do............	35
500	do.......s3.	52⅛	100	do.........c.	34¾
100	do............	52	100	do.......b3.	34⅞
300	do............	51⅞	200	do............	34¾
700	do............	51¾	200	do........s3.	34⅝
200	U. S. Express.b.c.	86½	300	do.......b3.	34¾
100	N. Y C. & H. R...	97⅜	200	do............	34½
100	do.. ...b.c.c.	97⅜	200	do............	34⅜
800	do............	97⅜	300	do............	34½

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$54,000 U.S.6s,'81,R.b3.114⅝ | $2,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C...119¾

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12½ P. M.

100	West. Union.....c.	74⅝	100	Union Pac.........	38⅛
100	Pac. Mail......b3.	69	500	North-western....	71⅜
300	Erie Railway..s3.	51⅞	200	Bost., H. & E..b3.	7⅝
100	do.......b3.	52	900	do............	7⅛
200	do............	52	100	do......s10.	7⅞
500	do............	52⅛	400	do......s10.	7½
100	do.......s3.	52⅛	500	Rock Island......	110⅛
200	do............	52⅜	100	C., C. & I. C......	34⅝

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$5,000	S. C. St. 6s, new, Jan. and July.	29⅛	1100	Erie Railway.....	52¾
20,000	do..........	29	200	do..bet. call.	52⅛
10,000	do..........	28⅛	100	do.......b3.	52½
40,000	do..........	28⅝	300	do............	52⅜
10,000	do..........	28¾	100	do............	52⅛
5,000	do..........	28⅛	600	do............	52⅝
15,000	do..........	28¼	1000	do............	52¾
12,000	U. Pac. 7s, L. G.	81½	400	do.......b3.	52¾
5,000	Un. Pac. Inc....	86⅝	500	do............	52⅛
1,000	C. & N. W. Con.	97¾	200	Union Pac...b. c.	38⅛
5,000	H. & C. M. 1s...	88¾	200	do.......s3.	38
3,000	B., H. & E. 1st..	40¾	800	do............	38
10,000	do........b3.	41	700	do............	37⅞
100	Canton Co....b. c.	100	400	do.......b3.	38
200	Quick. Min...b. c.	40	500	do............	38
100	Con. Coal of Md...	44	200	C. & P. Guar......	91
100	W. U. Tel.....b. c.	74¾	66	N. J. Cen. Sc'p....	104⅞
900	Pac.M.S.S.Co.b. c.	69	100	Chic. & R. I.......	110⅛
100	N.Y.C. & H.R.b. c.	97⅛	300	do..bet. call.	110⅜
100	do.......b3.	97⅜	100	B.,H.& E..b. c..b3.	7⅝
30000	N.Y.C.&H.C.b.c.	97⅛	200	do.......b3.	7¾
100	L. S.& M. So..b. c.	95¾	200	do............	7¾
200	C., C. & I. C..b. c.	94½	200	Han. & St. Jo.....	40
100	C. & N. W....b. c.	71⅛	200	C.,C.& I.C..b. c..c.	34⅛
600	do.......b3.	71⅛	200	do............	34⅝
			100	Mo., K. & T..b. c.	43⅜

FRIDAY, June 21—P. M.

The Custom-house returns of the Foreign trade at this port for the month of May have just been made up, and we present our usual summary for the month, and also for the first eleven months of the current Fiscal Year, 1871-72, from July 1, 1871, to May 31, 1872, in comparison with the figures of the corresponding period of the previous Fiscal Year.

The Import entries at New-York for May were as follows, compared with the corresponding month of the year 1871:

	May, 1872.	May, 1871.
Dutiable Goods, direct	$16,368,458	$16,544,919
Dutiable Goods, bonded	23,002,975	14,842,869
Free Goods	3,111,784	2,758,231
Total May entries	$42,483,217	$34,146,019

The amount of goods of the previous importations withdrawn from Bond during the month is $10,199,829, or $12,803,146 less than went into Bond; so that the value of Goods actually marketed for the month, including articles free of duty, is $29,680,071, upon which the Customs paid amount to $10,806,469, or, at the average Tariff, (including Free Goods,) of 36¼ ⅌ cent. The amount marketed in May, 1871, was $29,373,762, upon which the Customs were $11,490,140.

There was also entered during the month Foreign Specie of the value of $96,023, against $142,477 in May, 1871.

The comparative value of Foreign Goods entered at the Port of New-York, and of Foreign Goods actually marketed here, in the eleven months of the Fiscal Years 1871-72 and 1870-71, compare as follows:

	1871-72. July 1 to May 31.	1870-71. July 1 to May 31.
Total entries	$382,814,950	$318,483,084
Total marketed	*$349,105,391	*$306,404,209
Customs thereon	140,927,659	131,328,382
Average tariff	40 ⅌ cent.	42.91 ⅌ cent.

* Of which Free Goods in 1872, $27,089,026, and Free Goods in 1871, $21,011,461.

The amount of foreign Specie, not included in the above, entered during the ten months, is $2,340,410, against $8,091,731 the previous year.

The actual monthly consumption (or values marketed) of Foreign Goods at the Port of New-York for the eleven months of the Fiscal Years 1871-72 and 1870-71, compare as follows:

	1871-72. July 1 to May 31.	1870-71. July 1 to May 31.
July	$28,336,800	$23,032,020
August	38,273,462	31,169,092
September	37,030,290	29,866,563
October	30,586,451	24,082,992
November	23,738,341	21,821,729
December	21,198,370	19,362,805
January	33,131,584	30,531,522
February	36,192,846	29,631,491
March	34,339,426	36,872,193
April	37,206,259	30,640,734
May	29,680,071	29,373,762
Total	$349,105,391	$306,404,209

The monthly Customs at this port received on Foreign (dutiable) Merchandise marketed were as follows:

July	$11,924,957	January	$13,317,087
August	16,932,840	February	14,710,928
September	15,733,892	March	14,095,904
October	12,066,871	April	13,948,999
November	9,385,044	May	10,806,469
December	8,044,777		
Total New-York duties collected			$140,957,659
Miscelaneous out-port Customs			5,214,043
Total deposited at New-York			$146,171,702

The export clearances from New-York for the month of May were as follows:

	May, 1872.	April, 1871.
Domestic produce	$14,746,837	$17,066,928
Foreign re-exports	1,134,110	952,857
Gold and silver	14,850,556	9,615,698
Total May clearances	$30,731,503	$27,635,483

The exports of all descriptions for the eleven months of the Fiscal Years 1871-72 and 1870-71 compare as follows:

	1871-72. July 1 to May 31.	1870-71. July 1 to May 31.
Domestic produce	$196,681,820	$195,873,254
Foreign re-exports	9,289,393	8,448,474
Gold and silver	46,887,621	74,300,759
Total eleven months	$252,858,834	$278,622,487

The sales of Gold today were at 113¼@113⅜ ⅌ cent. The Gold Room speculation is very quiet, and there is much less confidence in keeping up the price since the suspension of the Gold Shipments and the large offering of Foreign Bills. The sales of Exchange today are a fraction firmer for 60 days London on account of the cheap rate of discount on such Bills on the other side. We quote, on actual transactions, at 109¼@109⅜ ⅌ cent., equal to 110@110⅛ ⅌ cent. for sight Exchange. The cheap Cable transfers noticed yesterday at 110⅛ ⅌ cent. are again quoted at the same rate less a sixteenth brokerage. The supply of Exchange to be drawn for at sight or by Cable transfer has been increased by a negotiation of $5,000,000 Bonds of the Chicago and North-west Company, being a mortgage on the Winona and St. Peter's extension of the road, negotiated in Holland.

The ease in Money and the satisfactory increase of 15@20 ⅌ cent. over last season in the traffic of the New-York and Western Railroads, have made a firm market for Stocks, without much immediate speculative activity. The Stock of the Erie Road, governed by the fluctuations of the London market, is lower than yesterday, while New-York Central, and nearly all the Western lines, are comparatively steady. After the Second Board, the following quotations were made at the close of business, in the Hall of the Exchange. In the Southern State Bonds there was a precipitate decline to 28½@28¾ ⅌ cent. on the January and July issues. In the Railroad Mortgages no change of importance occurred, and in the Public Funds the demand was somewhat dull, on the decline in the Gold market, and the ease in Exchange:

CLOSING QUOTATIONS—JUNE 21.

	Thursday.	Friday.
United States New 5s	112⅛	112⅛
U. S. 5-20s, '65, May and Nov.	114⅛	114⅛
U. S. 5-20s, '67, Jan. and July	117⅛	117⅛
American Gold	113⅜	113⅜
Bills on London, 60 days	109⅛	109⅜
N. Y. Central and Hudson	97⅛	97⅛
Chicago and Rock Island	109⅞	110⅛
North-west Common	71⅛	71⅛
Pacific Mail	68⅛	69⅛
St. Paul Preferred	77⅛	77⅛
St. Paul Common	52¾	53
Ohio and Mississippi	44⅞	45⅛
Western Union Telegraph	74⅜	74⅝
Erie	52⅛	52⅛
Union Pacific	37⅞	38⅛
Lake Shore	95⅞	95⅞
C., C. and Indiana Central	34⅛	34⅛
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	43	43⅛

At the very close of the Hall of the Exchange, at 4 o'clock P. M., the general speculation was steady.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872.

Gold receipts	$1,392,837 97
Gold payments	2,220,018 94
Gold balance	46,561,812 00
Currency receipts	2,527,755 57
Currency payments	363,551 27
Currency balance	9,320,384 63
Customs	333,000 00

The latest prices for the various Public Funds of the United States are as follows:

6 ⅌ ct. reg., '81	114⅞	5-20 reg., '67	113⅛
6 ⅌ ct. coup., '81	119⅝	5-20 coup., '67	113⅝
5-20 reg., '62	113⅜	5-20 coup., '68	117⅛
5-20 coup., '62	113⅜	10-40 reg.	110
5-20 coup., '64	113⅜	10-40 coup.	111⅛
5-20 coup., '65	114⅝	5s coup., '81	112⅛
5-20 reg., n. i., '65	112⅛	6s currency	114⅞
5-20 coup., n. i., '65	116⅜		

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	93⅛	Del., L. & West. 1st.	100⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R.Est.	89	Del., L. & West. 2d.	96
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Subs'n	89	Tol. & Wab. 1st Ext.	98⅛
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	102⅛	Tol. & W. Equip. bs.	86
Erie 1st Ext.	102¾	Tol. & Wab. Con. C.	91
Erie 2d. 7s. '79	102	Gt. West. 1st, '88	97
Erie 3d. 7s. '83	99⅛	Gt. West. 2d. '93	89⅛
Erie 4th, 7s, '80	96	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	100
Erie 5th, 7s, '88	91¾	Chic., R. I. & Pac.	104⅛
Long Dock bonds	92⅛	Morris & Essex 1st.	104⅜
B., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77	95	Morris & Essex 2d.	100
Hud. R.7s, 2d,S.F.,'85	104	N. J. Cen. 1st, new	106
Hud. R. 7s, 3d, '75	100⅛	N. J. Cen. 2d.	100
Harlem 1st 7s	100⅛	N. J. So. 1st, 7s	78
Har. C. M.& S.F. 6s.	95⅛	Pitts., F. W. & C. 1st.	106
Alb'y & Susq. 2d bds.	97⅜	Pitts., F. W. & C. 2d.	102
Mich. So. 7s, 2d	99	P.,F.W.&C.3⅌c.E.bs.	100⅛
M.S.& N.I.S.F.7⅌c.	102⅛	Clev. & Pitts. C. S. F.	95
Clev. & Tol. S. F.	103	Clev. & Pitts. 2d.	99
Clev. & Tol. N. bds.	99	Clev. & Pitts. 3d.	99
Clev., P. & A..O.bds.	99	Clev. & Pitts. 4th.	84
Clev., P. & A..N.bds.	96	Ohio & Miss. 1st.	103
Detroit, M.& Tol.bds.	99	Ohio & Miss. Cons.	99⅛
Buff. & Erie, N. bds.	97	Ohio & Miss. 2d.	87⅛
L. Shore Div. bds.	96	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st.	95⅛
L. Shore C. C. bds.	100	St. L. & Iron Mt. 1st.	100
L. Shore C. R. bds.	100	Mil. & St. P. 1st 8s	108
Pac. R.7s, guar. by Mo.	101⅛	Mil. & St. P. 1st.	95⅛
Cen. Pac. Gold bds.	104⅜	Mil. & St. P., I. Div.	89
Union Pac. 1st bds.	93⅛	Mil. & St. P. 2d.	85
Union Pac. L. G. 7s.	81½	Mar. & Cin. 1st.	97
Union Pac. Inc. 10s.	86⅛	Chic. & Mil. 1st.	87
Ill. Cen. 7s, '75	104⅛	Joliet & Chic. 1st.	109
Belle. & S. I. 1st 8s.	97	Col., C. & I. Cen. 1st.	91
Alt. & T. H. 1st.	100	Col., C. & I. Cen. 2d.	78⅛
Alt. & T. H. 2d pref.	91½	Tol., Peo. & W., E. D.	92
Alt. & T. H. 2d inc.	80⅛	Tol., Peo. & W., W. D.	92⅛
Chic. & N. W. S. F.	101	Tol., Peo. & W., B. D.	87
Chic. & N.W.Int.bs.	97	Tol., Peo. & War., 2d.	84⅞
Chic. & N. W. C. bds.	87	Tol., Peo. & W.C.7s.	84⅞
Chic. & N. W. 1st.	101	Bos., H.& Erie 1st, 7s.	40¾
Han. & St. Jos. L.G.	100	Bos., H. & Erie guar.	60
Hnn. & St.Jos.Conv.	91⅛	Ced. F. & Minn. 1st.	86

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—JUNE 21.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, old	96½	...
City 6s, new	100	...
Camden and Amboy	128⅝	...
Pennsylvania Central	59⅝	59⅞
Reading	123⅝	124
Lehigh Valley	60	60⅛
Catawissa Preferred	45⅛	45⅞
Philadelphia and Erie	28	28⅛
Northern Central	38⅛	38⅜
Lehigh Navigation	44⅜	44⅞
Lehigh Gold Loan	93	93⅛

The Three ⅌ cent. Gold Coupon, due July 1, on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad, and the Three ⅌ cent. Gold Coupon on the Bonds of the Western Pacific Road, and the Three ⅌ cent. Gold Coupon on the Bonds of the California and Oregon Road, will be paid by Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, No. 5 Nassau-street.

The Bank of America has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Citizens' Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Market Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Bank of New-York has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The People's Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Canal Board at Albany having resolved to pay off the maturing New-York State Canal Loan of $1,500,000, due July 1, in Gold Coin, have postponed the awards of the New State Loan for $1,562,000, bearing 6 ⅌ cent. Interest, in Gold, to Monday next, June 24. The bids for the Loan are then required to be in Gold, the Loan itself being reimbursable in Gold at the end of fifteen years, and the Half-yearly Interest payable in Gold.

The Shoe and Leather Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Six ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Union Trust Company have declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Park Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Six ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Michigan Central Company have declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ⅌ cent.*, payable at the Farmers' Trust, in this City, July 5.

The Oriental Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Six ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Hanover Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Three and a Half ⅌ cent*, payable July 1.

The Hartford and New-Haven Road has declared a Quarterly Dividend of *Three ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Fourth National Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Four ⅌ cent.*, payable July 1.

The week's imports of foreign Dry Goods have been to the specie value of $1,374,907; amount marketed, $1,018,998.

In the summary of the Rock Island report, in our last paper, the item of $221,000 Miscellaneous receipts was accidentally omitted from the gross increase of the year. The resulting net income was properly stated.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.—On the completion of existing contracts for the present season, the Northern Pacific Railroad Company will have in operation 517 miles of its main line, while an additional distance of 715 miles is now being located and prepared for contract. The Eastern Division, to be completed this year, will unite Lake Superior with the Missouri River, and will at once and permanently command the very large and profitable traffic of the Upper Missouri, Montana Territory and Northern Idaho.

In addition to the extensive and assured carrying trade awaiting this section, the 517 miles of finished road will at once entitle the Company to Ten Million Three Hundred and Four Thousand (10,304,000) acres of the lands granted by the Government. These lands, situated on either side of the track in Central Minnesota, Eastern Dakota, and in the valley of the Columbia, on the Pacific coast, are directly in the path of emigration and settlement, are well supplied with timber, are convenient to cheap coal and good markets, have a soil of good average quality and an adequate rainfall. With these advantages they will have a rapid sale at fair prices. Portions of the grant in Minnesota are already in market and sales are being made.

With these accomplished results the Company, through its Financial Agents, offers for sale at par and accrued interest, its

FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS,

which bear Seven and Three Tenths per cent. coin interest, and have the following elements of security: 1. They are the standard obligation of a strong corporate company. 2. They are a first mortgage on the Road, its right of way, rolling-stock, telegraph line, equipments and franchises. 3. They are a first lien on the traffic or net earnings of the Company. The net receipts of the Union Central Pacific Road, in its second year of business, were equal to nine per cent on the total estimated cost of the Northern Pacific. 4. They are a first and only mortgage on all the lands granted to the Company—amounting, on completion of the road, to about 23,000 acres per mile of track. Sold at the average price realized by other grants, these lands will produce more than three times the total issue of bonds per mile. The bonds are at all times convertible, at ten per cent. premium, into the Company's lands at market prices.

Holders of United States Five-twenties, or the less productive corporate securities, may materially increase their principal and their interest income by exchanging them for Northern Pacific 7-30s, which we recommend as a profitable and secure investment.

JAY COOK & CO.,
New-York, Philadelphia and Washington,
Financial Agents Northern Pacific Railroad Company.

For sale by banks and bankers generally.

The St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad Company's
1st MORTGAGE BONDS

are being absorbed by an increasing demand for them.

Secured as they are by a first mortgage on the road, land grant, franchise, and equipments, combined in one mortgage, they command at once a ready market.

A liberal sinking fund provided in the mortgage deed must advance the price upon the closing of the loan. Principal and interest payable in GOLD. Interest at eight (8) per cent. per annum. Payable semi-annually, free of tax. Principal in thirty years. Denominations, $1,000, $500 and $100. Coupons or Registered.

Price 97½ and accrued interest, in currency, from Feb. 15, 1872.

Maps, circulars, documents, and information furnished.

Trustees, Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New-York.

Can now be had through the principal banks and bankers throughout the country, and from the undersigned, who unhesitatingly recommend them.

TANNER & CO., Bankers,
No. 11 Wall-st., New-York

☞THE CHICAGO, DANVILLE AND VINCENNES RAILROAD is earning a dividend upon its stock, beside interest upon its bonds. But a small amount of the First Mortgage 7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds remain unsold. These we offer for the present at 90 and interest. Apply in person or by mail to

W. B. SHATTUCK & CO., Bankers,
No. 23 Nassau-st., New-York.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago, June 21.—Flour dull and nominal; holders anxious to sell. Wheat dull and declined; sales of No. 2 Spring at $1 35 for cash; $1 33⅛ seller July; $1 35 seller August. Corn active and unsettled; No. 2 Mixed closed at 42⅛c.@43c. cash; 43⅛c.@43⅛c. seller July; 45⅛c.@45½c. seller August; Rejected, 38⅛c.@39c. Oats in fair demand and lower; sales of No. 2 at 29⅛c.@30c. cash; 30c. seller July; Rejected, 27c. Rye dull and drooping at 65c. for No. 2. Barley dull and nominal. Whisky firm and in fair demand at 85c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork sold at $12 35. cash; $12 45 seller July. Lard sold at 8⅛c., cash; $8 65 seller July. Bulk Meats firm and in fair demand; sales of Shoulders at 4¾c.@4⅞c.; Clear Rib Sides, 6⅛c.@6⅛c. Bacon steady, and nominally unchanged. Cattle dull and drooping; fair to choice shipping Steers sold at $5 25@$6 25. Live Hogs active and higher at $4 75@$5 10. Freights firm. Receipts—6,000 bbls. Flour, 21,000 bushels Wheat, 171,000 bushels Corn, 100,000 bushels Oats, 2,000 bushels Barley, 2,000 Cattle, and 6,000 Hogs. Shipments—8,000 bbls. Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat 81,000 bushels Corn, 141,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Barley, 2,000 Cattle, and 10,000 Hogs.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 21.—Lake Imports—Flour, 1,783 bbls.; Wheat, 25,300 bushels; Corn, 280,385 bushels; Oats, 12,050 bushels. Canal Shipments—Wheat, 312,000 bushels; Corn, 269,180 bushels; Oats, 10,136 bushels; Barley, 13,750 bushels. Rail Shipments from Elevators—Corn, 325 bushels; Oats, 5,237 bushels. Canal Freights—Wheat, 12⅛c.; Corn, 11⅛c.; Oats, 7⅛c. Flour dull and easy; sales of Western Spring at $7 50@$8; Bakers', $8 62½@$9; Amber, $9@$9 50; White, $9 5 @10 25. Wheat weak and inactive and nominal at $1 47@$1 50 for Milwaukee No. 2; Duluth Spring quoted at $1 52; Chicago Spring No 2 at $1 47. Corn dull and lower; sales of 8,000 bushels at 50c. held at 50c.@52c. Oats in light demand; sales of small lots at 42c.

New Orleans, June 21.—Cotton dull, little doing; Midlings, 24⅛c.; net receipts, 325 bales; gross, 329 bales; sales, 100 bales; stock, 28,460 bales. Weekly—Net receipts, 1,222 bales; gross, 1,237 bales; exports to Liverpool, 6,347 bales; to Havre, 3,159 bales; coastwise, 2,608 bales; sales, 2,650 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

London, June 21—11½ A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅛ for money, and 92⅜ for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 91; 1865s, old, 91⅞; 1867s, 91⅝; 10-40s, 89⅛.

5 P. M.—Consols and American securities closed unchanged.

Paris, June 21.—The Specie in the Bank of France has increased 4,000,000f. during the past week.

A. M.—Rentes, 54f. 10c.

P. M.—Rentes closed at 54f. 22c.

Frankfort, June 21.—United States 5-20 Bonds, 96⅜ for the issue of 1862.

Liverpool, June 21—11 A. M.—Cotton—The market opened quiet. Middling Uplands, 11⅛d.@11⅛d.; Middling Orleans, 11⅝d. The sales of the day are estimated at 8,000 bales. The sales of the week have been 57,000 bales, including 6,000 bales for export and 3,000 bales on speculation. The stock in port is 961,000 bales, including 348,000 bales American. The receipts of the week have been 89,000 bales, including 16,000 bales Ameriban. Actual export, 10,000 bales. The stock at sea bound to this port is 294,000 bales, including 72,000 bales American.

1 P. M.—Cotton—The market is dull. The sales of the day are still estimated at 800 bales, including 2,000 bales for export and speculation.

2½ P. M.—Breadstuffs—The market is quiet; Corn, 26s. 9d.@27s. ⅌ quarter. Provisions—The market is heavy.

5 P. M.—Cotton.—The market closed unchanged. The sales of the day have been 8,000 bales, including 2,000 for export and speculation. The shipments of cotton from Bombay to the 21st inst. since the last report have been 16,000 bales. Trade Report.—The market for Yarns and Fabrics at Manchester is dull, and prices have a downward tendency. Breadstuffs.—The receipts of Wheat at this port for the past three days have been 44,000 quarters, of which 31,000 are American. Produce.—Tallow 43s. ⅌ cwt.

Evening—Spirits Turpentine 45s. ⅌ cwt.

London, June 21, 2½ P. M.—Tallow 43s. ⅌ cwt. for Russian. Petroleum, 14d. per gallon.

Evening—Sperm Oil. 290@292 ⅌ ton. Spirits Turpentine, 49s.@50s. ⅌ cwt. Fine Rosin, 17s.@18s. ⅌ cwt.

Havana, June 21.—The Sugar market is quiet and firm; transactions are based on 11⅛ reals ⅌ arroba for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Exchange—On United States, 60 days' sight, in currency, ¾@1 ⅌ cent. discount; short sight, 1@1½ ⅌ cent. premium; 60 days' sight, in gold, 13⅛@13¾ ⅌ cent. premium; short sight, 14⅛@15 ⅌ cent. premium.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, June 21, 1872.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pks	9	Hides, bales	3
Bees-wax, pks	7	Leather, sides	5,600
Cotton, bales	1,452	Moss, bales	45
Copper, bbls	12	Spirits Turp., bbls	169
Eggs, bbls	1,871	Resin, bbls	1,596
Flour, bbls	4,563	Pea-nuts, bags	350
Meal, bags	165	Butter, pkgs	3,541
Wheat, bushels	85,231	Pork, pks	276
Corn, bushels	352,932	Cut-meats, pks	499
Oats, bushels	90,678	Lard, pks	2,008
Malt, bushels	9,950	Cheese, pks	17,994
Barley, bushels	5,655	Grease, pks	50
Peas, bushels	3,574	Silver Ore, sacks	699
Beans, bbls	115	Tea, half-chests	120
Dried Fruit, pks	4	Tobacco, hhds	587
Flax, bales	64	Tobacco, pks	1,322
Hemp, bales	4	Whisky, bbls	236
Hops, bales	10	Wool, bales	198
Hides, No.	296	Tallow, pks	63

ASHES—Pots have been salable and firm at $7 75@$8 25 ⅌ 100 lbs. Pearls are scarce and nominal as to price.

BEES-WAX—Has been in light request within the range of from 38c.@41c. for Yellow, ⅌ lb.

CANDLES—Have been selling slowly within our previous range. Adamantine, 12@16 ounces, 14c.@18¾c.; Parafine, 27c.@28c.; Sperm, plain, 32c; Sperm, patent, 43c.; Stearic, 28c.@29c., ⅌ lb.

COAL—Has been in moderate demand and steady, including: Liverpool Gas Cannel at $12; House do., $18@$19; Newcastle Gas, $8 ⅌ ton of 2,240 lbs.; Anthracite, $4@$5 25 ⅌ ton for cargoes.

COFFEE—Has attracted less attention, but holders have been firm in their views on moderate offerings of stock; sales, 4,511 bags Rio, by the *Anna*, on private terms. Quotations as in our last.

COTTON—The demand for Cotton, for early delivery, has been fair, mainly for spinning, at firm prices; sales, 1,333 bales, all to spinners. For forward delivery, a moderately active business has been reported, but at a further reduction of ⅛c. ⅌ lb., which was subsequently recovered; sales, 19,200 bales (3,400 bales last evening and 15,800 bales today) basis of Low Middling, including last evening, for July, 400 bales at 25 3-16c., 200 bales at 25¼c., 100 bales at 25 3-16c., 200 bales at 25¼c.; August, 400 bales at 25¾c., 500 bales at 25⅝c., 100 bales at 25 13-16c.; September, 600 bales at 23 7-16c., 100 bales at 23½c.; October, 600 bales at 21.; December, 200 bales at 19 5-16c. And today, for June, 100 bales at 25c., 100 bales, short notice, at 24 9-16c., 100 bales, delivered to-morrow, at 24 9-16c., 300 bales at 2 c., regular, 100 bales at 24⅞c.; July, 200 bales at 25 3-16c., 900 bales at 25⅛c., 600 bales at 25 1-16c., 3,600 bales at 25c., 400 bales at 25 1-16c., 400 bales at 25⅛c., 200 bales at 25¼c., 2,900 bales at 25⅛c.; August, 100 bales at 25⅝c., 100 bales at 25 11-16c., 900 bales at 25 9-16c., 300 bales at 25⅝c., 400 bales at 25 9-16c., 500 bales at 25⅜c., 600 bales at 25 9-16c., 500 bales at 25⅝c., 400 bales at 25¾c., 200 bales at 25 11-16c., 200 bales at 25¾c.; September, 600 bales at 23⅛c., 400 bales at 23⅜.; October, 50 bales at 20⅞c.; November, 300 bales at 19⅞c., 50 bales at 19¾c.; December, 300 bales at 19⅞c. The average quotations of yesterday's forward deliveries, as officially reported upon the bulletin, were as follows: June, 25c.; July, 25.27c.; August, 25.86c.; September, 23.50c.; October, 21c.; November, 20c.; December, 19.25c.; June contracts, basis of Low Middling, closed today at 24⅝c.; July at 25⅛c.; August at 25⅝c.; September at 23½c.; October at 20⅞c.; November at 19⅝c., and December at 19⅜c. The members of the Cotton Exchange, by a vote of 96 to 13, decided in favor of adjourning from Wednesday, July 3, to Monday, July 8, in view of the occurrence of the great national anniversary on the intervening Thursday. The receipts at this port today were 1,452 bales, including 1,036 bales from Norfolk, 416 bales per rail. The reported receipts at the shipping ports today were 982 bales, and for the week 7,850 bales, against 9,749 bales the preceding week. The receipts at all the shipping ports since Sept. 1 have been 2,652,184 bales, against 3,853,476 bales in '70-'71. The following official quotations are based on Cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N.O.	Texas
Ordinary	21	21	21	21
Good Ordinary	23¾	23¾	23⅞	23⅞
Low Middling	25¼	25⅜	25½	25½
Middling	26¼	26⅜	26½	26½
Good Middling	27½	27⅝	27¾	27¾

EGGS—Fresh stock of desirable marks meets with a moderate sale at full prices: other kinds dull. We quote the range from 13c.@18½c. for inferior to very choice marks, the main demand having been for fresh lots of Western at 15c.@16c.; Canada at 15c.@16c.; State at from 17c.@18c., and Jersey at 18c.@18½c.

FISH—The demand has been limited for most kinds at our quotations: Dry Cod, $5 75@$6 ⅌ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $11 50@$13; No. 2 do., $9@$11 50; No. 3 do., $5 50@$6 50 ⅌ bbl.; Pickled Herring, $3 50@$5 50; Smoked Herring, 20c.@22c. for scale, and 13c.@15c. for No. 1 ⅌ box; Dutch Herring, $1 10@$1 25 ⅌ keg.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been sparingly dealt in, and prices have been depressed and declining. Sales have been made since our last of 7,500 bbls., all told, including inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $5 50@$6 25; very inferior to very good Extra State at $6 50@$7; very good to fancy at $7@$8; poor to very good shipping Extra Western at $6 50@$7; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Ohio at $6 85@$7 50, and trade and family extras at proportionate rates.

Southern Flour has been in slack demand and tending downward. Sales have been reported since our last of 500 bbls. at $6 30@$9 20 for ordinary to very good, and $9 20@$13 50 for very good to very choice Extra, ⅌ bbl. Canada Flour continues dull and nominal at $8@$9 65 for Extra. Rye Flour has been very quiet at from $4 15@$5 10 ⅌ bbl.; sales, 150 bbls. Corn-meal has been in light request at from $3 45@$3 75 for White and Yellow Western, $3 45@$3 55 for Jersey, and $3 90@$3 95 for Brandywine; sales, 325 bbls.

FIRE-CRACKERS—Have been purchased to the extent of 11,500 boxes at $2 60@$2 75, closing at $2 70@$2 75, ⅌ box; market firm.

FRUITS—The market has been dull throughout, values remaining about as before; sales, 250 boxes Layer Raisins, 50 bbls. Currants, and 1,000 frails Seedless Raisins on private terms.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been offered more freely, and quoted decidedly lower, leading to freer purchases, mostly for export. Winter Wheat has been quiet and heavy. Sales have been reported since our last of 85,000 bushels at $1 61@$1 61½ for No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, afloat; $1 62 for choice do., do., (last evening;) $1 57½@$1 60 for common to prime No. 2 Chicago, and North-west Spring, afloat; $1 78 for White Canada, in bond; $1 80@$1 85 for White Western; $1 90@$2 for White State, the latter rate for fancy samples, and $1 70@$1 80 for Red and Amber Western, in small lots....Corn has been in liberal supply, and quoted about a cent a bushel lower on a fairly active business, mostly for export. Sales have been reported since our last of 251,000 bushels, part to arrive, at 61c.@63c. for poor to choice steamer grades of new Mixed Western, chiefly at 62c.@62½c, for fair steamer grades, and 65c.@67c. for ordinary to strictly choice sailing-vessel grades, closing at 65c.@65½c. for fair to good; 67c.@69c. for Yellow Western; 78c.@80c. for car-lots of White Western....Rye decidedly cheaper and in moderate request for export; sales, 16,000 bushels Western, reported at 86c., delivered....Nothing really new in Barley or Malt....Oats have been depressed and prices have further receded 1c.@1½c. a bushel, on free offerings and a moderate trade. Sales have been reported since our last of 54,000 bushels at 47½c. for Mixed Western, afloat; 46c.@47½c, for do., from cars; 49c.@52c. for ordinary to extra White Western, and 52c. for Prime White State.

HAY—Bale Hay has been in some request, mostly for local use, at about previous rates. We quote: $1 15@$1 25 for shipping, and $1 40@$1 70 for local use, ⅌ 100 lbs. Clover Hay, 75c.@90c. Straw is dull at from 60c.@$1 20 for the range of qualities, Short and Long, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HEMP—Has been very dull at previous quotations.

HOPS—Have been held more firmly, on an improved demand. Mr. EMMETT WELLS, in his circular, remarks that the recent "dealings have been chiefly in English Hops, of which the stock is about exhausted, and further arrivals are much needed. Good grades of American growth of 1870 and '71 are in demand, but supplies of this class are completely exhausted. Old Hops are still neglected, though the hopes of holders are strengthened by the unfavorable prospects of the coming crop in this country and in England. The German crop at present promises well, though backward, same as here and in England." We quote: Crop of 1871 at 25c.@45c.@65c.@75., the latter for extra choice; crop of 1870 at 10c.@35c., with fancy lots quoted up to 40c.@50c.; older growths at 8c.@15c.; foreign at 60c.@75c. The week's receipts of domestic have been 102 bales; imports of foreign, 70 bales.

METALS—Ingot Copper has been more actively sought after, and quoted firmer, with sales reported of 2,500,000 lbs. at 34c.@34½c., cash, and on private terms, for forward delivery....Scotch Pig-iron has been dull and weak, under comparatively free offerings, notwithstanding the rather more favorable foreign advices; 300 tons Glengarnock sold at $47@$49. American Pig-iron has been in quite moderate supply, and held with confidence on the basis of $52 for No. 1, though the market has been quiet. Other kinds of Iron inactive....Lead has been slow of sale at old figures....Spelter dull and unchanged in price. Pig-tin has been rather firmer, though very quiet; 50 slabs Straits sold at 38c., gold, ⅌ lb. Tin Plates have attracted more attention at steadier prices; sales, 2,000 boxes Charcoal, on private terms, with $13 25@$13 50, gold, given as the current quotations for I. C.; 500 boxes Charcoal Terne, on private terms; and 500 boxes Coke Terne at $11, gold.

MOLASSES—Has been partially neglected and nominal in price; sales, 60 bbls. fancy grades New-Orleans, at 85c.@93c., and 15 hhds. St. Croix, at auction, at 46c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been fairly active at about former quotations, with sales reported since our last of 1,800 bbls. strained at $3 25; 200 bbls. Low No. 2 at $3 35; 500 bbls. do., early July delivery, at $3 12½, and 1,075 bbls. Pale at $4 75@$5 50 ⅌ 280 lbs....Tar has been in light request at unaltered prices....Spirits Turpentine has been quiet but steady, with sales reported of 140 bbls. at 55c.@55½c.

OILS—Linseed has been in some request, but irregular in price; 10,000 gallons were sold at 81c., with Crushers quoting, in casks, at 86c.@87c. ⅌ gallon. Other kinds dull and quoted about as before.

PETROLEUM—Crude has been dull and heavy, on the basis of 12⅛c., in bulk....Refined has been depressed and lower, on a moderate movement in the local market; sales, 2,500 bbls., for early July delivery, at 22⅝c.; 1,400 bbls., July deliveries, at 22⅝c.@22¾c.; and 2,000 bbls., last half of July, at 22⅞c....At Philadelphia, the current quotation was 22⅛c., for early delivery, with sales reported of 2,000 bbls.; also, 3,000 bbls., last half of August, at 22⅞....Refined, in cases, dull at 27¼c.@28¼c....Naphtha dull and nominal.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in very light demand at nominally unchanged prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 170 bbls., in lots, at $13 45@$13 50 for New Western Mess; $12 50@$12 75 for New Western Prime; $11 25 for Old do. do.; $10 50@$10 75 for Extra Prime, and $10 75 for Clear, ⅌ bbl. For forward delivery the demand has been very moderate at less firm prices, with sales reported since our last of 750 bbls. Western Mess, seller June, at $13 30@$13 35, and 500 bbls. do., seller August, at $13 80, closing weak....City-dressed Hogs have been in moderate request at 5⅝c.@6⅛c. ⅌ lb.... Cut-meats have been in more demand at from 10c.@13¼c. for Hams, the latter rate for choice brands, in tight tierces, and 5¼c.@5⅝c. for Shoulders, ⅌ lb. The reported sales since our last equal 425 pks. within the range....Bacon has been quiet at nominally unaltered figures....Lard has been slow of sale for early delivery, with the advantage as to price in favor of purchasers, though the offerings have been moderate. Sales have been reported of 1,175 tcs. and bbls. for early delivery, at 8¾c.@9⅝c. for No. 1 to prime Steam and Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 9 7-16c.@9½c. for prime to choice Western Steam; 8⅝c.@8¾c. for City Steam and Kettle-rendered, and 8¼c. for No. 1. For forward delivery the demand has been less confident, even on speculative account, at less firm prices; sales have been reported since our last of 1,750 tcs. prime Western Steam, including 500 tcs. seller June, at 9 7-16c.@9 15-32c.; 250 tcs., seller July, at 9 7-16c., and 1,000 tcs., seller August, at 9⅝c....Beef has been very quiet at from $7@$9 50 for Mess, and $9 50@$12 for Extra Mess. Tierce Beef continues in light demand at from $14@$17 for Prime Mess; $17@$20 for India Mess, ⅌ tierce. Beef Hams have been neglected and somewhat nominal at $20@$26, as the extremes....The finer grades of Butter have been in fair request and quoted steady; other kinds of stock, dull and irregular....Cheese has been offered more freely, and quoted less firm as to price, on a moderate movement. We quote: Butter within the range of from 16c.@25c. for inferior to very choice State, and 10c.@17c. for Western; 17c.@19c. for selections of do.; Grease Butter, 8c.@9c. ⅌ lb., and Cheese within the range of 10c.@12¾c. for poor to choice factory; 14c. for fancy do., in lots, and 7c.@12c. for common to choice Dairy, and 4c.@8c. for Skimmed, ⅌ lb.

SOAP—The inquiry has been mostly for domestic makes. We quote: Castile at 11c.@11½c.; Colgate's Pale, 7⅞c.; Family, 8¼c., and No. 1, 6¼c. ⅌ lb.

SUGARS—Raw have been moderately sought after at about previous quotations with sales reported since our last, of 1,254 hhds. and 1,776 boxes, including 400 hhds. good fair refining Cuba at 8⅜c.; 376 hhds. fair to good do., do., at 8¾c.@9c.; 200 hhds. Grocery Demerara on private terms; 278 hhds. Cuba (previous to arrival.) at 9¼c.; 476 boxes Centrifugal on private terms, and 1,300 boxes Molasses Sugar at 8¼c. ⅌ lb. We quote: Fair refining Cuba, 8⅜c.@8¾c.; good do. at 9c.; prime do. at 9⅛c.; refining Porto Rico, common to prime, at 8c.@9¼c.; grocery grades Porto Rico, fair to strictly choice, 9¼c.@10⅛c. ⅌ lb.; No. 12 Clayed Box Sugar at 9⅛c.@9¾c. Manila, in bags, 7¾c.@8⅝c. for superior to extra superior. Refined Sugars continue in moderate demand, with Powdered quoted at 14¼c.; Crushed 14c.; Granulated, 13¾c.; Soft Whites at 12⅝c.@12¾c.; and the range of Yellows at 10¾c.@12c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—Has been quoted about steady, though slow of sale. Sales have been reported of 85,000 lbs. at 9⅛c.@9½c. for ordinary to prime.

TEAS—Have been very dull on the basis of former quotations; 900 half chests Green sold on private terms.

TOBACCO—Kentucky has been in fair request and firm: sales, 500 hhds. at 8¾c.@15c. ⅌ lb. A good inquiry prevails for Seed Leaf at full rates; sales, 220 cases new crop New-York at 9c.@11½c., 22 cases Pennsylvania and 43 cases Wisconsin, on private terms; 1,000 cases Ohio at 10c.@12c., and 200 cases old crop Sundries at 14c.@30c. ⅌ lb. Havana has been moderately sought after at steady prices; sales, 300 bales at 95c.@$1 15, ⅌ lb. Manufactured in demand and firm.

WHISKY—Has advanced to 90c. ⅌ gallon; sales, 250 bbls.

FREIGHTS—Grain room has been in good request and rates have been fairly supported. The offerings of Provisions have been on a restricted scale at former figures. Vessels for the Petroleum trade have been moderately sought after, on the basis of previous quotations. The market, in other respects, has been devoid of features of interest....For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last have been, by sail, 31,000 bushels Grain at 6¾d. for Corn, and 7d. for Wheat; 120 pks. Tobacco, 709 hhds. Syrup, and 100 bbls. Shoe-pegs, on private terms; and, by steam, 23,000 bushels Grain at 7¾d. for Corn, and 8¼d. for Wheat....For London, by steam, 63,000 bushels Grain, in bags, at 6s. 6d. per quarter, (for the Norwegian steam-ship *St. Olaf*, 1,316 tons, to arrive;) also, a British bark, 662 tons, with about 5,000 quarters Grain, in bags, at 5s. 7½d. ⅌ quarter....For Bristol, a British ship, 1,012 tons, with about 7,000 quarters Grain, one-third in bags, and two-thirds in bulk, at 5s. 3d. ⅌ quarter....For Penarth Roads and orders, an Italian bark, 385 tons, with about 2,500 quarters Grain at 6s. 9d.; or, if direct, at 5s. 7½d....For Waterford direct, an Austrian bark, 820 tons, (a recharter,) with about 4,400 quarters Grain at 5s. 6d., scant lay days....For Cork and orders, a British brig, 161 tons, with about 1,400 quarters Grain, at 6s. 4½d.; a British bark, 563 tons, with about 3,500 bbls. refined Petroleum, privileges extending to the Continent, on private terms....For Antwerp, by sail, 8,000 bushels Rye, on private terms....Also, a British ship, 750 tons, with about 4,800 bbls. Crude Petroleum, at 4s. 3d. ⅌ bbl., which was the rate by the British ship, with 7,000 bbls. from Philadelphia, reported in our last; and a British ship, 737 tons, hence, with general cargo, on private terms....For Hamburg, by steam, 8,000 bushels Rye at 7d. ⅌ bushel....For Stettin, a German bark, 406 tons, hence, with about 2,800 bbls. Refined Petroleum, at 5s. 6d. ⅌ bbl....For Elsinore and orders, a Norwegian brig, 269 tons, with 2,000 bbls. Refined Petroleum, at 5s. 6d. ⅌ bbl....For Callao, an American bark, 692 tons, with lumber, from San Francisco, on private terms....For San Francisco, an American ship, 1,223 tons, with coal, from Baltimore, at $14 50. ....For the East, two American brigs, 426 and 381 tons, with Coal, from Philadelphia, on private terms. ....The American ship *General Butler*, built in 1862 at Bath, Me., and last metaled in July, 1869, has been sold by Messrs. J. P. MORSE & CO. to Messrs. F. TALBOT & CO., for the Pacific trade, on private terms.

NEW-YORK CATTLE MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Friday, June 21, 1872.

On yesterday forenoon 21 cars of horned Cattle reached Weehawken Yards. Trade was slow; prices ranged from 10¾c.@12½c. ⅌ lb., weight from 6 cwt. to 7¾ cwt., on 56 lbs. to 58 lbs to the cwt. net. On yesterday and today, at Communipaw Yards, trade in horned Cattle was slow; few of the lots were cleared off; prices ranged from 9c.@13½c. ⅌ lb., weights from 3 cwt. to 9 cwt., on 56 lbs. to 58 lbs. to the cwt. net. Veals were slow at 7c. ⅌ lb. Sheep very slow from 5c.@6½c. ⅌ lb. Lambs fair from 9c.@12½c. ⅌ lb. Hogs, on a light run, are steady. Live Hogs nominal at 4½c. ⅌ lb.; City Dressed from 5⅛c.@6c. ⅌ lb. Light Pigs not quoted.

SALES.

SCHUSTER & LAUDERBECK sold for N. MORRIS 108 Steers, Illinois, from fair to good, from 11¾c.@12¼c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; also, 17 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, at 12½c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt. TOFFEY & SONS sold for N. MORRIS 36 Steers, Texans, very common, at 9c. ⅌ lb., weight 5 cwt.; 51 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, from 12¼c.@12½c. ⅌ lb., weights from 6¼ cwt. to 7⅜ cwt. F. SAMUELS sold for N. MORRIS, 49 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, from 12½c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt. C. KHAN sold for self, 112 Steers, Illinois, fair Cattle, rather coarse, from 12c@12½c. ⅌ lb., weight 7¾ cwt., strong; also, 76 Steers, Indiana, rough Cattle, at 12c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt.; again, 95 Steers, Ohios, good Cattle from 12½c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight 8 cwt.; also, 16 Steers, Indianas common Cattle, at 11c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt. CONEY & MCPHERSON sold for selves 184 Steers, Illinois, from common to good, from 11½c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight 6⅝ cwt.; also, for W. KELLY, 95 Steers Ohios, from fair to good, from 12c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight from 6 cwt. to 9 cwt.; again, for S. MUSKER & CO., 49 Steers, Ohios, from good to choice, from 12½c.@13½c. ⅌ lb., weight, 7½ cwt.; again, for MORRISSEY & CO., 18 Steers, Virginias coarse Cattle, at 11¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; had due for J. VOTER 32 Steers, Ohios. W. B. GILLETT sold for T. CLEMENS 70 Steers, Kentuckys good Cattle, from 12½c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight 8½ cwt. M. GOLDSCHMITT, 256 Steers, Missouris, an uneven lot, from 11½c.@12¼c. ⅌ lb., weight from 6½ cwt. to 9 cwt.; had due 10 cars. S. MOSES sold for N. MORRIS 125 Steers, Illinois, from good to choice, from 12½c.@13½c. ⅌ lb., weight from 7½ cwt. to 8 cwt. R. MURRAY sold for B. WESTHEIMER, 37 Steers, Ohios, from fair to good, from 12c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight 7¾ cwt. H. MEYER sold for N. MORRIS, 159 Steers, Illinois, from good to choice, from 12¼c.@13¼c. ⅌ lb., weight from 6¾ cwt. to 8¾ cwt. B. WESTHEIMER sold for FARNSWORTH & CO., 42 Virginian Cattle, mixed Heifers and Steers, common quality, for 11c. ⅌ lb., weight from 3 cwt. to 7 cwt. Communipaw Sheep Market: KASE & HOUVER sold 55 Lambs, average 54 lbs. ⅌ head, at 10½c. ⅌ lb.; 25 Lambs, average 55 lbs. ⅌ head, at 11c. ⅌ lb.; 100 Lambs, average 47 lbs. ⅌ head, at 9¾c. ⅌ lb.; 510 Lambs, in lots, to one firm, average 58 lbs., from 11c.@12¼c. ⅌ lb. J. N. PIDCOCK sold 216 Sheep, weight 18,700 lbs., at 5¾c. ⅌ lb.; 487 Sheep, weight 39,220 lbs., at 6c. ⅌ lb.; 346 Sheep, weight 29,340 lbs., at 6¼c. ⅌ lb.; 150 Sheep, weight 12,240 lbs., at 6½c. ⅌ lb.; 283 Lambs, weight 17,540 lbs., at 9c. ⅌ lb.; 66 Lambs, weight 4,020 lbs., at 9¾c. ⅌ lb.; 61 Lambs, weight 3,181 lbs., at 11c. ⅌ lb.; 104 Lambs, weight 4,000 lbs., at 11½c. ⅌ lb.

RECEIPTS.

Fresh arrivals at Communipaw yards for yesterday and today, 1,792 head of horned Cattle, 23 Veals, 2,094 Hogs, 2,987 Sheep.

Salaries in City Departments.

Controller GREEN has given a practical example of his theory of economical administration, which has characterized for many years his connection with City affairs, by making a large reduction of expenses in his own Department. The expenses under the head of salaries in the Controller's office show at this time a reduction of over $116,000 per annum, compared with the amount of salaries of the Department when Mr. GREEN assumed the duties of the office in September last. He has effected this material economy in the Department of Finance, without detriment to the business of the office. In the Courts, where the law fortunately conferred upon him some control over the expenses, by a curtailment of the officers from 210, the number attached to the Courts when he was appointed Controller, to 125, the number in April last, when the Legislature gave to the Courts the exclusive appointment of their own officers, thereby reducing the expense to the City for the salaries of these supernumeraries, from $252,000 to $150,000, a difference of $102,000 per annum saved to the City. Thus it will be seen that in the Courts and the Department of Finance, where the Controller has possessed some power to regulate the expenses, a reduction has been made in the item of salaries alone, of nearly $220,000 per annum.

This is practical reform in the administration of the Controller's office which the tax-payers at least can properly appreciate, and which the heads of all Departments of the City Government would do well to imitate. It will be observed that this reduction is not effected by discharging mechanics and laborers, actual workingmen, which would cause a reduction of practical results, but by the curtailment of superfluous officials, while, at the same time, the Controller's office runs with efficiency and the Controller is grappling with the immense accumulation of arrears of complicated accounts left as a legacy by the old administration, which has nearly doubled the amount of labor to be performed in the Finance Department. In the history of the City there has never been a time when the amount of labor performed in the Controller's office would compare with the present in extent and the involved nature of the claims and accounts requiring adjustment. Of course, the sinecures do not find this state of affairs agreeable, and they are now scheming again to get possession of the finances of the City, and every other Department of the City still swarms with them. Years will have to pass before the City will recover from the effects of the misrule and corruption which has been allowed to reign in its midst during the past few years.

HELP WANTED.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—WANTED, A Protestant chamber-maid and waitress; Swedish or German preferred. Apply at No. 48 East 34th-st.

SALESMAN.—WANTED, A TRAVELING salesman of experience to sell goods by sample in New-York State; trade strictly first-class; established ten years; samples light; no application will receive attention without references as to business capacity and moral character. Address A. B., Station A, New-York City.

SALESMEN.—WANTED, EXPERIENCED boot and shoe salesmen for near-by and Western trade; those having an established trade preferred. Address B. & S., Box No. 1,777 New-York Post-office.

WANTED.—A LITHOGRAPHIC PRINTER, well acquainted with transfer work, to go a short distance to a very pleasant place in the country. A sober reliable man will obtain permanent employment. Apply from 12 to 3 o'clock, the Tin-plate Decorating Company, No. 44 Cliff-st.

For Sale, French Lithographic Stones.

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK FOR A first-class restaurant; he must be thoroughly acquainted with his business; one who has worked in London, England, preferred. Address J. H., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, A GOOD WASHER and ironer, also a cook, for the country; references required; Protestants preferred. Apply at No. 108 East 17th-st. for two days.

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AUCTION SALES.

BANKRUPTCY SALE.

In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THE NEW-YORK ENAMELING AND OPAQUEING COMPANY, bankrupts.—The assignees in bankruptcy of the estate and effects of the bankrupt above named, under the direction of the Register in Bankruptcy in charge of the proceedings in this bankruptcy, offer for sale the following described property of the said bankrupt, that is to say:

The machinery and running gearing used for manufacturing and opaqueing window shades; also the stock of goods on hand, consisting of window-shades, some finished and some in a partly finished state, and materials for the manufacture of window-shades.

The property may be examined at the factory of the Company, at Nos. 525 to 531 West Twenty-fourth-street, in the City of New-York.

The machinery and gearing are of a very superior description, and are adapted as well to the manufacture and coloring of paper hangings as to the purposes for which they were constructed.

For further particulars apply to either of the undersigned, or to Isaac Dayton, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 322 Broadway, New-York.

If this property, machinery, running-gearing and stock shall not previously be sold at private sale, notice is hereby given that the same will be sold at auction at the factory, Nos. 525 to 531 West Twenty-fourth-street in the City of New-York, on Monday, the 24th day of June, 1872, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
JAMES E. HEDGES, No. 452 Broadway,
CHARLES CARVILLE, No. 48 Franklin-st.,
Assignees in Bankruptcy, &c. of the bankrupt.

NOTICE is hereby given that the property above described will be sold at public auction at the place and time above specified.—Dated 21st June, 1872.
JAMES E. HEDGES, }
CHARLES CARVILLE, } Assignees.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

LOUISIANA STATE BONDS AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on SATURDAY, June 22, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, for account of whom it may concern:

$166,000 Louisiana State Eight per cent. Bonds of 1910. Interest January and July in New-York. Nos. 1 to 166. (Hypothecated.) $1,000 each.

$167,000 Louisiana State Eight per cent. Bonds of 1910. Interest January and July in New-York. Nos. 167 to 333. (Hypothecated.) $1,000 each.

$167,000 Louisiana State Eight per cent. Bonds of 1910. Interest January and July in New-York. Nos. 334 to 500. (Hypothecated.) $1,000 each.

All the above bonds dated April 24, 1871, due July 1, 1910, issued under act approved April 20, 1871.

PRIVATE LIBRARY AT AUCTION.

Clinton Hall Sales-rooms, GEORGE A. LEAVITT & CO., Auctioneers. THURSDAY, June 20, and FOLLOWING EVENINGS, at 7½ o'clock, sale of a FINE PRIVATE LIBRARY, comprising an unusually choice collection of illustrated and standard works, viz.: Hogarth's works, folio, half morocco; Mackline's elegant edition of the Holy Bible, 7 volumes, folio; "Encyclopædia Britannica," 22 volumes; Westwood's "Miniatures," quarto; Roberts' "Holy Land," 6 volumes, folio; *Illustrated London News*, 34 volumes, folio, half calf, &c. Also, a Heliotellus and Lunotellus, black-walnut book-case, music-stand, &c. Catalogues ready. Books on exhibition.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer—Sales-rooms No. 95 Chambers and No. 77 Reade sts.

BY ALLEN B. MINER & BROTHER, TUESDAY, JUNE 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 4 Le Roy-place, Bleecker-st., mortgagees' sale of household furniture, comprising carpets, mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands and chairs, mattresses, oil-cloths, stair-carpets, crockery, &c.
HENRY H. RICE, Attorney for Mortgagees.

JOHN D. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA and Western Railroad Company will sell 100,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 26, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange-place.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

COAL.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY'S SCRANTON

COAL.

STOVE..........$5 50 | FURNACE........$5 00
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Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office.
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.,
And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

COOK.—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A PRIvate family; excellent baker; would assist with coarse washing; four years' City reference from last employer; no objection to the country. Call at No. 341 West 54th-st.

COOK.—A COOK'S SITUATION BY A WELSH Protestant woman; is a first-class cook; country or City; meats, games, soups, pastry, creams, excellent baker; has lived in the best families; best testimonials. Call at 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

COOK.—SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH WOman (Protestant) as professed cook in a private family; thoroughly understands all kinds of superior and plain cooking: very best City testimonials. Apply at No. 621 6th-av.

COOK, &c.—A YOUNG GIRL AS COOK, washer and ironer in a private family; no objection to a short distance in the country; good reference from last place. Ring top bell at No. 255 East 46th-st.

COOK.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl wishes a situation in a small private family as cook, washer and ironer; understands baking, &c.; City or country; reference. Apply at No. 333 East 11th-st., rear.

COOK.—A SCOTCH PROTESTANT WOMAN as first-class cook: understands all kinds of baking, pastry and side dishes, jellies, ice-creams, and all kinds of sweets; excellent City references. Apply at No. 455 West 42d-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A CHAMBER-maid and waitress' situation by a Protestant young woman, very respectable, or as nurse or housekeeper; fully competent for either situation; country or City; best testimonials. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY AN ENGlish Protestant young woman, a situation as chamber-maid and parlor-maid, or chamber-maid and seamstress; country or City; very best City references. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—SITUATION AS EXperienced chamber-maid or nurse; has the best City reference; no objections to the country for the Summer. Can be seen for two days at No. 1 Union-court, between 11th and 12th sts., University-place.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A YOUNG WOMAN as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family, or chamber-maid and do fine washing; has several years' City references from her last places. Call at No. 112 West 30th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID &c.—A SITUATION wanted by a respectable girl as chamber-maid and seamstress or nurse and seamstress; best of City references. Call at No. 121 West 37th-st.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL POsitions, capable and trustworthy, constantly found at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.
MRS. LOWE.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GOOD GERMAN woman, a situation to do general house-work; is a plain cook, a good washer and ironer. Apply at No. 127 Norfolk-st., of M. Hild.

LAUNDRESS, &c.—A LAUNDRESS OR chamber-maid and laundress' situation by a very respectable woman; an excellent laundress; does French fluting, &c., or chamber-work and fine washing, and all kinds of fine work, in the best manner; country or City; good testimonials. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—AS FIRST-CLASS LAUNdress; thoroughly understands her business; no objection to a short distance in the country; excellent reference. Call at No. 411 East 14th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNdress desires to take in washing at her home, or will go out by the day. Call or address Mrs. BRADY, No. 326 East 36th-st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A Protestant young woman, a nurse and seamstress', or chamber-maid and seamstress' or nurse's situation; experienced nurse, good chamber-maid and seamstress; good references. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

NURSE, &c.—A NURSE AND SEAMstress', chamber-maid and seamstress', or nurse's situation, by a Scotch Protestant young woman; very best four years' City references; very capable, kind and obliging; country or City; prefers the country. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

NURSE, &c.—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant girl to take care of children and help with chamber-work, or plain sewing. Apply at No. 32 East 40th-st.

NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO TAKE care of children and do plain sewing or light chamber-work; City or country; excellent references. Call at No. 411 East 14th-st.

PARLOR-MAID.—AN ENGLISH PROTestant girl as parlor-maid or chamber-maid and plain sewing. Call at No. 48 East 34th-st., present employer's, for two days.

WAITRESS.—A WAITRESS' SITUATION by a very respectable young woman and excellent waitress. Understands the care of silver and getting up salads, &c., or chamber-work and waiting. Good testimonials. Country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WAITRESS, &c.—A FIRST-CLASS WAITress and chamber-maid wishes a situation. Call for two days at her present employer's, No. 88 Madison-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

MALES.

COACHMAN.—A SITUATION BY A COLored man as coachman, who can give the best of reference from his last employer; is strictly temperate; would like to go to the country for the Summer season. Address LYONS, 199 Nassau-st., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN.—A THOROUGHLY COMPEtent man as coachman; willing to assist in gardening and make himself useful around the house. Call or address P. Q., No. 324 East 21st-st., first floor, back room.

COACHMAN, &c.—A THOROUGHLY COMpetent man as coachman; willing to assist in gardening, and make himself generally useful around the house. Call or address P. Q., No. 324 East 21st-st., first floor, back room.

COACHMAN.—A SITUATION BY A steady, single man; understands City driving; no objections to any part of the country; can be well recommended. Address T. F., Box 201 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—A YOUNG UNMARRIED man wants a situation as coachman or groom; can come well recommended; is willing to make himself generally useful. Apply at No. 243 East 20th-st.

GROOM.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, lately landed, wishes a situation as first-class groom; thoroughly understands the care of horses. Can be seen at No. 422 East 16th-st.

WAITER.—A SINGLE PROTESTANT young man as first-class waiter in a private family; best reference; City or country. Address E. M., Box No. 18 Up-town *Times* Office, 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHman, to take charge of a country-seat, farm included; is a practical man, with family; not afraid of work himself; first-class references. Address T. D., care of W. J. Collins, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EZRA P. DAVIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 3 Mercer-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 26th day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 26th day of April, 1872.
JOHN A. DAVIS, }
F. A. MACY, } Executors.
T. E. MACY, }
ap26-1aw6mSa*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BENJAMIN F. COOPER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of residence, and place for the transaction of her business, No. 27 Charlton-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 13th day of June, A. D. 1872.
ANN ELIZA COOPER, Executrix, &c.
je15-1aw6mS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH RIFFLARD, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of Coudert Brothers, No. 49 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 8th day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 4th day of April, 1872.
JULES RIFFLARD and ANDRE CHARVET,
ap6-1aw6mSa* Administrators, with will annexed.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FRANCIS TOMES, formerly of the City of New-York, late of Little Longstone, in the County of Derby, England, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 104 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of September next.—Dated, New-York, the 12th day of March, 1872. FRANCIS TOMES, Executor.
ma16-1aw6mS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN MAYELL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of business, No. 547 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 2d day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 23d day of February, 1872. WILLIAM A. POND,
f24-1aw6mSa* Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of ISAAC D. RUSSELL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 214 East Twelfth-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 8th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 8th day of March, 1872.
JANE C. RUSSELL, Administratrix.
mh9-1aw6mS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. HUTCHINGS, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FRANCIS C. MERCIER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 170 East Ninety-third-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of August next.—Dated, New-York, the 17th day of January, 1872.
ja20-1aw6mS MARY DESSOIR, Administratrix.

GUERLAIN, NO. 15 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS.—Ambrosial cream for shaving; fashionable perfumes for the handkerchief; Eau Lustrale for the hair; Eau de Cologne, (preparation speciale.)

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.

Deposits made now will draw interest from July 1.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK.

1872. JULY INTEREST, payable on and after MONDAY, July 22, at the rate of Six per cent. per annum, on all sums of $5 and upward, which have been on deposit one or more months next previous to July 1.

ALL INTEREST not called for will remain as principal, and draw interest accordingly, and will be entered on the depositors' books any time when presented after the 21st of July.

ON DEPOSITS made now interest will commence July 1. Deposits and withdrawals may be made any day, from 10 to 3, and on Mondays and Saturdays from 10 to 7.

BANK, No. 58 Bowery, south-west corner of Canal-st. E. A. QUINTARD, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.
Bank-books in English, German and French.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.

No. 185 Chatham-square, and No. 62 New Bowery, New-York.

The TWENTY-FIFTH semi-annual payment of interest will be made ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JULY 15, on all sums of from $1 to $5,000, entitled thereto under the by-laws, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum.

Interest not withdrawn will be added to principal and draw interest accordingly.

Interest on deposits made now will date from July 1.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday and Wednesday evenings from 5 to 7 o'clock.
HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.
C. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

CHARTERED BY THE UNITED STATES.

THE FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY.

ASSETS OVER $4,000,000.

A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK.
No. 185 BLEECKER-ST., NEW-YORK.
Accounts strictly private and confidential.
Deposits paid on demand, with interest due.
Send for circular. SAM L. HARRIS, Manager.
JOHN J. ZUILLE, Cashier.

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Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of Laight.
SIX per cent. interest on $5 to $5,000.
ASSETS, $10,201,517 48.

MUTUAL BENEFIT SAVINGS BANK.
SUN BUILDING, 166 NASSAU St.,
Opposite City Hall, New-York.

Interest commences on the *first of every month*, at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

Bank open daily from 10 to 3, and Monday and Saturday evenings from 4½ to 6½ o'clock.
CHARLES K. GRAHAM, President.
G. H. BENEDICT, Secretary.

INSTITUTION FOR THE SAVINGS of Merchants' Clerks and others, No. 20 Union-place, corner of East 15th-st. Dividend to July 1, 1872, payable July 15, at following rates per annum, viz.: Six per cent. on sums of $5, and not exceeding $1,000, and five per cent. on larger sums.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
ANDREW WARNER, Secretary.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE Supreme Court, held at the Court-house in the City of New-York on the 6th day of June, 1872.—Present, Hon. George C. Barrett, Justice.—GEORGE W. MOTGOMERY against THE MARKET FIRE INSURARNCE COMPANY.—On reading and filing the petition of Henry P. Freeman, Receiver of the Market Fire Insurance Company, and it appearing to this Court, that it is necessary and proper that an order should be made herein in accordance with the prayer of said petition. Now on motion of Stephen W. Gaines, attorney for said receiver, it is ordered that a notice be published in the New-York daily *Times*, a newspaper published in the City of New-York, once a week for six months, requiring all the creditors of the said the Market Fire Insurance Company to exhibit their claims and become parties to the above entitled suit, within six months from the first publication of this order, and in default thereof that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment or decree which shall be made in such suit, and from any distribution which shall be made under such judgment or decree. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in the same manner, and for the same time, as hereinbefore directed for the publication of said notice. And it is further ordered that John H. Platt, Esq., a counselor of this Court, be and he hereby is appointed referee for the purposes of this order; that such publication be made under his direction, and that all the creditors exhibit their claims to him; that the said referee hear and determine any claims that may be contested, and that he may be at liberty to report to this Court from time to time as he may deem proper. And it is further ordered that the said receiver may apply to this Court at any time for further directions in this suit.

Notice to creditors of the Market Fire Insurance Company.—To all whom it may concern.—Supreme Court, City and County of New-York.—GEORGE W. MONTGOMERY against THE MARKET FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that an order, of which the foregoing is a copy, has been duly made in the above entitled action, and that all creditors of said Company are required to exhibit their claims to me, the undersigned, at my office, No. 40 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, and to comply with the terms of said order on or before the 20th day of December, 1872.—Dated New-York, June 7, 1872.
je8-1aw6mS JOHN H. PLATT, Referee.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—CHRISTOPHER P. TAPPAN, plaintiff, against CHARLES A. BUDDENSEIK and Doris Buddenseik, his wife, John L. Scofield, William F. Reilly, John Haden, Samuel Wilson, William Winans, Jacob L. Downing, Frederick Muller, The New-York National Exchange Bank, Henry American, Albert G. Havens, Jonathan N. Havens, Gustav A. Sturtzkober, George Graf, Robert Spreaten, Charles Ruff, Michael Gaiser, Phillip Muller, Joshua S. Peck, John C. Wandell, Adam Wagner, Charles Pfieff, David Wooding, A. J. Charles, Garrett D. Lozier, Patrick Moran, Adolph Klaber, Elias J. Beach, Trustee under the will of John N. Lloyd, late of Queens County, deceased, John Dowling, Lena Cruger, defendants.—Summons for Relief.—(Com. not ser.)—To the Defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the Court-house in the City of New-York, on the 4th day of June, 1872, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 15 Nassau-street, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated May 30, 1872.
ELIAS J. BEACH, Plaintiff's Attorney.
je8-law6wS*

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY of New-York—CAROLINE AUGUSTA LEE and A. Nisbet Lee, her husband, plaintiffs, against ANDREW M. LAWRENCE, Effie Lawrance, William Effingaam Lawrence, Grace Lawrence, Louisa Townsend Lawrence, Carolina Augusta Townsend, Louisa Mickle Townsend, Laura Spencer Townsend, John Townsend, Andrew Mickle, George Mickle, Effingham Lawrence, Julia Lawrence, Augusta Lawrence, George Lawrence, Mary Kemble Lawrance, James N. Platt, and Ann Heimberger, defendants.—Summons for relief.—To the above named defendants: You are hereby summoned, and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscriber at his office, No. 45 William-st., New York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demand in the complaint
J. W. GERARD, Jr., Plaintiff's Attorney.
Dated May 15, 1872. Je8-1aw7wS*

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, County of New-York.—THOMAS S. CUNNINGHAM, plaintiff, against MARTIN LENNON, defendant.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the New-York County Court-house, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred dollars, with interest, from the 1st day of August, 1871, besides the costs of this action.—Dated 9th May, 1872. WM. H. SECOR,
je8-1aw6wS* Plaintiff's Attorney.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, Kings County.—WILLIAM VANCE, Plaintiff, against HANNAH E. GOODWIN and WILLIAM F. GOODWIN, Defendants.—Summons for relief.—To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 397 Fulton-street, Brooklyn, Long Island, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated April 29, 1872.
WILLIAM J. SAYRES, Plaintiff's Attorney.

N. B.—The complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the Clerk of said Kings County on the 8th day of May, 1872.
WILLIAM J. SAYRES, Plaintiff's Attorney.
je22-1aw6wS*

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—IN the matter of the BEEKMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Horatio Gomez vs. the Beekman Fire Insurance Company.—In pursuance of an order of this Court, made and entered in the above entitled action and proceeding, bearing date the 19th day of March, 1872, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the Beekman Fire Insurance Company, the above-named corporation, that they are required to present the same in writing to me, the undersigned, the referee named in said order, at my office, at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 23d day of September, 1872; and that in default of such claimants presenting their claims as aforesaid, they will be precluded from all benefit of the said action and proceeding and of any distribution of the assets of the said company which may be made therein.—Dated New-York, March 20, 1872. HENRY WILDER ALLEN, Referee.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A. KLABER.—STEAM MARBLE AND MARbleizing works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st. Marble and marbleized mantels, tiling, marble counters, monuments, at prices that defy competition. Marble turning for the trade.

REMOVAL.—SLATE MANTELS, MARBLE mantels, wood mantels, the finest assortment ever offered in this City, at our new and spacious warerooms, 220 and 222 West 23d-st. T. B. STEWART & CO.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNERSHIP WANTED.—A YOUNG man who has been for some years in the employ of a large commercial house, and who can command a capital of $10,000 to $15,000, wishes to find some already established mercantile business where his capital and capacity will give him a fair interest. Address, with name and particulars, W. D., Box No. 2,396 Post-office.

DIVIDENDS.

HARTFORD AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD OFFICE, }
HARTFORD, June 19, 1872. }

NOTICE.

A Quarterly Dividend of three dollars on each share of full stock, and one and 50-100 dollars on each share scrip stock, free of Government tax, standing on the books the 22d inst., has been declared by the Board of Directors of the Hartford and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on MONDAY, the 1st day of July next.

Stockholders in New-York will receive their dividend at the Union National Bank.

The transfer-books will be closed from the 24th of June to the 1st of July, both days inclusive.
S. M. MITCHELL, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK, 108 BROADWAY, }
NEW-YORK, June 18, 1872. }

DIVIDEND.

The Directors of the Metropolitan National Bank have declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free of tax, payable on the first Monday of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from June 20 to July 6, 1872. GEORGE I. SENEY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND }
HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO., }
ALBANY, June 22, 1872. }

THE TRANSFER-BOOKS OF THIS Company, for both its Stock and its "Consolidation Certificates," will be closed at the close of business on Saturday, the 29th day of June instant, (preparatory to the conversion of said Certificates, to be made on and after Wednesday, the 10th day of July next,) and will be reopened on the morning of Thursday, the 1st day of August next.

Holders of "Consolidation Certificates" may, if they choose, surrender them at any time previous to the said 10th day of July, and the Stock Certificates, in exchange therefor, will, in such cases, be prepared and ready for delivery on the 11th day of that month.
E. D. WORCESTER, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS of the MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, held this day, it was voted that a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE be and the same is hereby declared, payable on the 5th day of July next, to holders of stock at the close of business on the 22d inst. Payment to be made to holders of stock registered in the City of New York at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company in said City; and to all others at the office of the Treasurer in the City of Boston.

Voted, That the transfer-books of the Company be closed from the 22d inst. until the 5th of July next.
By order. ISAAC LIVERMORE,
Treasurer.

OFFICE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., }
NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872. }

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, the WESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY and the CALIFORNIA AND OREGON RAILROAD COMPANY, due July 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date at the Banking-house of Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, No. 5 Nassau-st. Schedules of coupons will be received for examination after today, for which checks will be ready July 1. C. P. HUNTINGTON,
Vice-President.

OFFICE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY, }
NEW-YORK, May 29, 1872. }

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared a Dividend from the earnings of the road for the current six months of Three and One-half per Cent. on the preferred stock, payable on and after July 15 next at the Treasurer's office, No. 239 8th-av., New-York, to the registered holders of stock at the closing of the books.

The transfer-books of both common and preferred stock will be closed at the close of business on Monday, the 10th of June next.
H. N. OTIS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 52 WALL-ST., }
NEW-YORK, June 7, 1872. }

A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE HALF PER CENT. (less Government tax) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable at the office of this Company on and after June 27, 1872, to the preferred stockholders as shown by the books of the Company on the 15th day of June, 1872. The transfer-books of the preferred stock will be closed on Saturday, June 15, 1872, at the close of business, and reopened on Saturday, June 29, 1872, at 10 A. M.
A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY COMPANY, }
OFFICE, NO. 88 WALL-STREET, }
NEW-YORK, June 12, 1872. }

THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company, falling due the 1st day of July next, will be paid on and after that day, at the office of the Union Trust Company, New-York, and the coupons then also due will be paid as usual at the office of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company, No. 88 Wall-st.
W. M. WALTON, Secretary.

THE COUPONS OF THE NEW-YORK and Oswego Midland Railroad First Mortgage seven per cent. gold bonds, due July 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, free of Government tax, on presentation at the banking-house of GEORGE OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York. The transfer-books of the registered bonds will close on the 25th inst., and reopen July 1.
D. C. LITTLEJOHN, President.
OSWEGO, June 19, 1872.

OFFICE OF THE }
SECOND-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY, }
NEW-YORK, June 4, 1872. }

A DIVIDEND OF TWO DOLLARS per share on the stock of this Company has been declared for the quarter ending June 30, payable at the office of the Company, No. 34 New-st., on the 10th day of July next.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 29th day of June, and be reopened on the 10th day of July next.
HARVEY H. WOODS, Secretary.

IN THE MATTER OF THE RECEIVERship of the Yonkers and New-York Fire Insurance Company.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as Receiver of the Yonkers and New-York Fire Insurance Company, has declared a Dividend of Fifteen (15) per Cent. payable out of the assets of said Company, and will pay the same on demand upon the amount of adjusted claims against said Company, at the office of the Receiver, No. 1 Pine-st., in the City of New-York. RICHARD L. FRANKLIN,
Receiver of the Yonkers and New-York Fire Insurance Company.
Dated NEW-YORK, June 4, 1872.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK }
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1872. }

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF Four (4) per Cent., free from all taxes, has been declared from the profits of the last six months, payable July 1, 1872. The transfer-books will be closed from 24th inst. to 1st prox., inclusive.
P. C. CALHOUN, President.

ORIENTAL BANK, BOWERY, }
CORNER OF GRAND-ST., }
NEW-YORK, June 19, 1872. }

A DIVIDEND OF SIX (6) PER CENT. has this day been declared, (free from all tax,) payable July 1. The transfer-books will be closed from the 25th of June to the 1st of July.
HENRY T. CHAPMAN, JR., Cashier.

THE IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' }
NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, }
NEW-YORK, June 15, 1872. }

A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT., OUT of the earnings of the past six months, free of all tax, has this day been declared by this Bank, payable on the 1st day of July next. The transfer-books will remain closed until the first proximo.
E. H. PERKINS, Jr., Cashier.

CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 19, 1872. }

THE DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a Dividend of Six (6) per Cent., free of all tax, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after the 1st day of July next. The transfer-books will remain closed from June 20 to July 1.
GEO. M. HARD, Cashier.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO., }
No. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 14, 1872. }

A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable JULY 5.

Transfer books will be closed 24th inst. at 2 P. M., and reopened July 5, at 10 A. M.
C. GODDARD, Treasurer.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF THE }
CITY OF NEW-YORK, June 19, 1872. }

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a Dividend of Three (3) per Cent., free of all tax, payable on and after 1st day of July next.

The transfer-books will be closed until the 1st proximo. A. S. APGAR, Cashier.

HANOVER NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1872. }

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Three and one-half per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on the 1st day of July next.

The transfer-book will be closed until that date.
JOHN T. BANKER, Cashier.

BANK OF AMERICA, NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the Bank of America have this day declared a dividend of Five (5) per Cent. for the current six months, free from tax, payable to the stockholders on and after Monday, July 1, 1872.

The transfer-books will remain closed from this date until the morning of July 5, 1872.
ROBERT JAFFRAY, Cashier.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1872. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE declared a Dividend of Four (4) per Cent., free from tax, on the profits of the last six months, payable July 1, 1872.

The transfer-books will be closed until that date.
C. V. BANTA, Cashier.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK }
NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION, }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free of tax, payable on and after 1st of July next. The transfer-books will be closed until 5th July, 1872.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK, }
GREENWICH-ST., CORNER WARREN, }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872. }

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT., free of tax, has this day been declared, payable on the 1st day of July next. The transfer books will remain closed until the 2d proximo.
J. L. JEWETT, JR., Cashier.

THE NATIONAL CITIZENS' BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872. }

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT., free of Government tax, has been declared, payable on and after the 1st of July next.

The transfer books will remain closed until that date. W. H. OAKLEY, Cashier.

NATIONAL SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872. }

THIRTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of six (6) per cent., payable, free of tax, on and after July 1, 1872, until which date the transfer-book will be closed.
J. M. CRANE, Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent., free of tax, payable on and after July 1, 1872. The transfer-books will remain closed until that date. A. GILBERT, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK, }
June 21, 1872. }

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a Dividend of Six (6) per Cent., payable July 1, 1872.

The transfer-books will remain closed until that date. J. L. WORTH, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 18, 1872. }

A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT., free of tax, will be paid on and after July 1, 1872.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

EAST RIVER NATIONAL BANK DIVIDEND.—A dividend of Four (4) per cent. free from all taxes, has been declared from the profits of the last six months, payable July 1, 1872.
Z. E. NEWELL, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK.—DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual Dividend of Four per Cent. (free from taxes) has been declared on the capital stock of this bank, payable on and after July 8. H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR MAIL STEAM-SHIP SERVICE BETWEEN SAN FRANCISCO, JAPAN AND CHINA.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, }
WASHINGTON, June 5, 1872. }

In accordance with the provisions of sections 3 and 6 of the act of Congress approved June 1, 1872, entitled "An act making appropriations for the service of the Post-office Department for the year ending June 30, 1873," which sections are in the words and figures following, viz.:

SECTION 3. * * * And the Postmaster-General is hereby authorized to contract with the lowest bidder, within three months after the passage of this act, after sixty days' public notice, for a term of ten years from and after the 1st day of October, 1873, for the conveyance of an additional monthly mail on the said route, at a compensation not to exceed the rate per voyage now paid under the existing contracts, and upon the same conditions and limitations as prescribed by existing acts of Congress in reference thereto, and the respective contracts made in pursuance thereof; and the contractors under the provisions of this section shall be required to carry the United States mails during the existence of their contracts, without additional charge, on all the steamers they may run upon said line, or any part of it, or any branch or extension thereof: Provided, That all steam-ships hereafter accepted for said service shall be of not less than 4,000 tons register each, and shall be built of iron, and with their engines and machinery shall be wholly of American construction, and shall be so constructed as to be readily adapted to the armed naval service of the United States in case of war, and before acceptance the officers by whom they are inspected shall report to the Secretary of the Navy and the Postmaster-General whether this condition has been complied with: Provided, That in all cases the officers of the ships employed in the service herein provided for shall be citizens of the United States, and that persons of foreign birth, who have according to law declared their intentions to become citizens of the United States, may be employed as though they were citizens within the meaning of this section, or of any act or acts specified in the act of June 28, 1864; and the Government of the United States shall have the right, in case of war, to take for the use of the United States any of the steamers of said line, and in such case pay a reasonable compensation therefor: Provided, The price paid shall in no case exceed the original cost of the vessel so taken, and this provision shall extend to and be applicable to the steamers of the Brazilian line hereinafter provided for."

SEC. 6. That if the contract for the increase of the mail service between San Francisco and China and Japan to a semi-monthly service shall be made with the Pacific Mail Steam-ship Company, or shall be performed in the said Company's ships, or the ships of its successors in interest, the moneys payable under such contract shall be paid while the said Company or its successors in interest shall maintain and run the line of steam-ships for the transportation of freight and passengers at present run between New-York and San Francisco, via the Isthmus of Panama, by the said Pacific Mail Steam-ship Company, and no longer: Provided, That said requirement shall in all respects apply to any party contracting for the mail service between San Francisco and China and Japan, as well as to the Pacific Mail Steam-ship Company.

PROPOSALS

will be received at the Post-office Department, in the City of Washington, until 3 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 12th day of August, 1872, for conveying the mails of the United States, by means of an additional monthly line of first-class American seagoing steam-ships of not less than 4,000 tons register each, and of sufficient number to perform twelve round trips per annum, between the port of San Francisco and the port of Hong Kong, (China,) touching at Yokohama, (Japan,) with a regular branch line running in connection with the main line between Yokohama and Shanghai, (China,) for a contract term of ten years from and after the 1st day of October, 1873.

Each bid should name the time proposed to be occupied in performing the passages each way, including stoppages at intermediate ports; and also the length of the stoppages at each of the intermediate ports. Schedules of sailing days, stating the proposed days and hours of departure from each port, as well as the proposed days and hours of arrival, should also accompany each bid. The departures must be so arranged as to alternate at equal and regular intervals with those of the present monthly line during its continuance, forming a regular semi-monthly service in connection therewith; such schedules, however, to be subject to the approval of the Postmaster-General, and to adjustment or alteration by his order, from time to time, as the interests of the postal service may require.

The steam-ships offered for the service must be American-built steam-ships of the first-class, in all respects conforming to the requirements of the laws authorizing the service, and before acceptance they will be subject to inspection and survey by an experienced naval constructor to be detailed for that purpose by the Secretary of the Navy.

Proposals must conform in all particulars to the provisions and requirements of the acts of Congress approved Feb. 17, 1865, and Feb. 18, 1867, and of sections 3 and 6 of the above-cited act of June 1, 1872, and must be properly guaranteed with satisfactory testimonials that the bidder or bidders, and their guarantors, are men of property and abundantly able to make good their tender and guarantee.

The bidder or bidders must be an American citizen or citizens.

The bidder's name and residence, and the name of each member of the firm, when a partnership offers, should be distinctly stated. If made by a corporation the bid must be accompanied by a duly-authenticated copy of the charter or articles of incorporation and a list of officers and directors.

All bids exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars must be accompanied by a certified check or draft, payable to the order of the Postmaster-General, upon some solvent national bank, of not less than five per centum of the amount of one year's pay proposed in such bid or bids; such check or draft to be subject to all the conditions and provisions of existing laws in respect to forfeiture.

Any assignment or transfer of an ocean mail contract is expressly forbidden by law. Such assignments or transfers are null and void, and the Postmaster-General is required to determine any contract in case of its being under-let or assigned.

Proposals shall be sent under seal to "The Superintendent of Foreign Mails," with the words "Mail Proposals," "Japan and China route," written on the face of the address, and they should be dispatched in time to be received at this Department on or before 3 o'clock P. M. of Monday, the 12th day of August next, which will be the last day for receiving proposals under this advertisement. JNO. A. J. CRESWELL,
Postmaster-General.

POST OFFICE AND SUB-TREASURY, BOSTON, MASS., }
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, June 1, 1872. }

WROUGHT AND CAST-IRON WORK.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Superintendent until 12 M., June 24, 1872, for furnishing, delivering, fitting and putting in place the Wrought and Cast-iron work as exhibited by the Drawings described in the Specifications and called for in the Schedules, consisting of the Ornamental iron-work to Roofs, the Chimney stalks and Ventilation shafts, Stairs from Basement to First floor; two Staircases from First to Second floor; two Staircases from Second to Attic floor; two Flights of steps on Attic floor; Stair from Attic floor to Roof; Door and Window frames, finishings, &c.; Ceiling of Banking-room, and the Post-office screen, &c.

Copies of the drawings, specifications, and schedule may be had on application at this office.

All scaffolding required by the contractors to put the work in place will be furnished by the Government free of charge, but will be erected by the contractors.

Proposals will be made by the piece, lineal foot, or weight, for the various items of work, as called for in the schedule. The work will not be subdivided among different bidders, but will be considered in the aggregate.

Payments will be made monthly, deducting ten per centum until the final completion of the contract.

All bids must be accompanied by a penal bond in the sum of Fifty thousand dollars, ($50,000,) that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded him, the sufficiency of the security to be certified by the United States Judge, the Clerk of the United States Court, or the District-Attorney of the District wherein he resides.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if it be deemed for the interest of the Government to do so; and any bid that is not made on the printed form, to be obtained in this office, and does not conform in every respect to the requirements of this advertisement, will not be considered; neither will any proposals be received from parties who are not themselves engaged in the manufacture of wrought or cast-iron work, and who have not the necessary facilities for getting out the work.

Proposals will be endorsed "Bids for Iron-work," and addressed to GRIDLEY J. F. BRYANT,
Superintendent.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.

PURCHASING AND DISBURSING }
PAY-MASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY, }
NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 19, 1872. }

Proposals, sealed and indorsed on envelope, "Bids for supplies advertised," will be received at this office until 1 o'clock, the 25th inst., for the following supplies of the best quality, to be delivered, free of expense, into carts furnished by the government, at the Navy-yard, New-York, viz.:

BUREAU YARDS AND DOCKS.
75 tons Broad-top Coal, for Blacksmith's use.
700 tons Locust Mountain, Anthracite Coal, for steam-boilers.
50 tons Locust Mountain, Anthracite Coal, screened, Egg size.
2,240 pounds per ton.

Bidders are referred to the officer in charge at the Navy-yard for samples and further information, and will state in their proposals the date within which they will complete deliveries, if awarded to them, which must not exceed ten days from date of order.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may not be deemed advantageous to the Government, and to award each article or item separate, as may be most to its interest.

Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded within the time specified.

Blank forms will be furnished at this office, and bids opened at the hour above named, when parties interested are invited to be present.
J. O. BRADFORD,
Pay Director United States Navy.

PROPOSALS FOR WOOLEN BLANKETS.

DEPUTY QUARTER-MASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
PHILADELPHIA, June 18, 1872. }

The time for opening proposals for 10,000 woolen blankets, invited by advertisement from this office, dated May 8, 1872, is, by direction of the Quarter-master-General, postponed until 12 o'clock M., on FRIDAY, July 5, 1872, to which time proposals will be received. L. C. EASTON,
Deputy Quarter-master-General, United States Army.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE BARBERS OF NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN

Respectfully submit the following to the public, and trust it will meet the approval of all:

Resolved, That on and after Monday, June 24, 1872, all barber-shops shall be open from 7 A. M. till 8 P. M.; Saturdays, from 7 A. M. till 10 P. M.; Sundays, from 7 A. M. till 12 M.

The Central Barbers' Progressive Society.
SIMON CORBET, President.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1872.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HENRY WILSON,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

"Gen. Grant never has been defeated, and he never will be."—HORACE GREELEY.

"While asserting the right of every Republican to his untrammeled choice of a candidate for next President until a nomination is made, I venture to suggest that Gen. Grant will be far better qualified for that momentous trust in 1872 than he was in 1868."—HORACE GREELEY, *Speech on 5th January, 1871.*

Amusements This Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—ON THE JURY—Mr. John Brougham, Miss Effie Germon.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—ENOCH ARDEN—Mr. Edwin Adams, Miss Pateman. Matinée at 1½.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—AN ALARMING SACRIFICE and A PRIMA DONNA OF A NIGHT. Matinée at 2½.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—SCHNEIDER—Mr. John Allen, Miss Alice Harrison. Matinée at 2.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and Evening.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.—THE GEORGIA MINSTRELS. Matinée at 2.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.—MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT AND SOIREE DANSANTE by the Liederkranz Society.

TERRACE GARDEN.—VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL GARDEN CONCERT.

The New-York Times.

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The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
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SPECIAL RATES FOR THE WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES FOR 1872.

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The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2 50

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THE NEW-YORK TIMES.
New-York City.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

To Advertisers.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; No. 308 West 23d-st., opposite Grand Opera-house, and No. 1,241 Broadway, between 30th and 31st sts., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ The NEW-YORK TIMES has opened a branch office in Brooklyn at No. 111 Fulton-st., junction of Fulton and Main, where advertisements will be received until 5 P. M.

☞ *Throughout the Presidential canvass, we shall publish fuller reports of meetings and conventions in each State than any other New-York journal. Very full dispatches will be forwarded by telegraph, supplemented by careful letters. Our desire is to place before the public the latest and most trustworthy information, and we have made ample arrangements for that purpose.*

The *Express* of Thursday assailed Gen. GRANT in its usual generous manner for going to see the yacht race. This was represented as another gross breach of duty—military despotism, Custom-house Ring, &c., &c. It so happens that Gen. GRANT never went near the yacht race. Of course the *Express* retracted its assertions and apologized? People who suppose so understand very little about "independent journalism." By the bye, when Mr. JAMES BROOKS traveled over the world, was he drawing his pay as Member of Congress for any portion of the time, and if so, was that a breach of duty? And is there any truth in the story of the *Commercial* about those Pacific shares? As Mr. BROOKS is a "reformer," (Fenton patent,) it would be well to have these little points cleared up.

Col. ETHAN ALLEN has found out another secret crime of Gen. GRANT'S. It is a little worse than anything we have yet heard, and we are afraid will have an important influence on the election. Mr. ALLEN'S discovery is this—Gen. GRANT "insists on remaining on horseback *in the Executive parlor.*" It is difficult to suggest an excuse for this abominable conduct. That Gen. GRANT should be able to ride on horseback at all is a great offense—Uncle HORACE can't—but why he should insist upon going into his parlor, seated on an Arab steed, and perhaps even sleeping on horseback, instead of in bed, we cannot make out. Surely JAMES BROOKS and Mr. BOWLES will not let this frightful abuse pass unnoticed? It is just the sort of subject for them to investigate, and if they want any additional information they can get it from their friend and ally, FRANK LESLIE, the publisher, owner and editor of a filthy sheet called *Day's Doings*, much commended recently by GREELEY'S organ.

Not all the gentlemen collected at Fifth-avenue on Thursday bowed the knee to FENTON. A portion reconvened yesterday, and declared their independence of that "Reformer" by nominating a third Presidential candidate, viz.: WM. S. GROESBECK, of Ohio. Mr. GROESBECK is a Democrat, an able and upright man, a pronounced free-trader, and well known. With him is associated, as candidate for Vice-President, Mr. FREDERICK LAW OLMSTED, of this City—a gentleman of high character, whose prominent connection with national politics is so recent that we abstain from the endeavor to account for his nomination. In the nominating meeting there were some strong men, representing respectable elements, especially OTTENDORFER, ROTHE and DAENZER—all German editors. Whatever may be the result of this movement, it has one advantage over the bargain and sale of Cincinnati, or the timid, time-serving "Conference" of Thursday,—it is sincere. Its importance lies in the fact that it presents to the Baltimore Convention a Democratic candidate, with some Republican backing, and not capable of repelling any Democratic votes. That this will prevent the nomination of GREELEY at Baltimore does not now seem probable, and, as far as the Republicans are concerned, is not desirable.

We submit a question in the rule of three to Mr. Postmaster JONES: If a letter mailed in the evening takes—as we know it does—until 12 o'clock meridian of the next day to get up to Twelfth-street, near Second-avenue, how long will it take five thousand GREELEY campaign documents—for instance, an article reprinted from Mr. THEODORE TILTON'S *Golden Age*—to be distributed throughout the City and the State? The formula is: As the Postmaster's duty is to the letter, so is his desire as to the documents. While the answer is worked out, we assure our readers that bets may be freely taken at seven to three on the superior rapidity of the "Reform" matter. And this is cheering. For the Post-office surely should not be deprived of the benefits of the great Reform movement; and what so sure way of reforming it as to pass the greatest possible quantity of Reform matter through it in the least possible time, at the least possible cost?

Dr. RUSSELL'S report on the vital statistics of the City during the past year, shows that there were sixty-five murders committed in New-York in that time, and 114 suicides. Of the murders, the most were committed by Irishmen, Frenchmen, and Italians; but the report tells us that the greater part of the suicides were by Germans. In this it is remarkable, first, how disinclined and unlikely the American, born and bred, is to take life, either any one's else or his own; and next, that the tendency to seek relief from suffering in violence, shows itself in the Celtic race against other people, but in the Teutonic, upon the sufferer's own self. What a whimsically sad manifestation the latter fact is of the German tendency to turn the mind's eye always inward, to regard himself as the subject and object of all acts and all emotions which are brought to his consciousness. Does anything go hopelessly wrong? He sees in himself the cause as well as the effect; he is the wrong-doer as well as the sufferer. If *he* were only well out of the way all would be right; and so, like a Teutonic Brahma, he makes himself the slayer and the slain. Whereas the Hibernian, when he is in trouble, starts out on a private crusade, and wherever he sees a head he hits it as a way of relieving the turmoil that rage or whisky has excited in his own.

Commencement time has come, and with the beginning of harvest, it brings its crop of orations and of essays produced by the flower of the graduating classes. With the best will, nay, because of such will, to our colleges, we cannot but think that a change might advantageously be made in this feature of their annual festivities. Can there be a doubt that this fosters that tendency to much, and very empty, spouting, which invidious critics say is one of our national traits? It would be cruel to deprive callow orators and essayists, and still more the parent birds anxiously perched in neighboring pews, of the delight of delivering and hearing those productions, at once profound and brilliant, which are the timely fruit of the present season. But still, would there be much loss, or any real grievance, if young gentlemen in their teens, or just out of them, were made to feel that they were not quite equal to the public discussion of such themes as "Public Opinion," "The Progress of International Law," "Science and Religion," "The Work of the Nineteenth Century," and the like? On the contrary, would not there be some gain if such a modest doubt of their own powers were bred in them?

"Anybody to Beat Grant."

One of the ablest and most conscientious participants in the Fifth-avenue Conference, aptly sums up its proceedings in the following language: "It adjourned *sine die.*" In a gathering of "representative men" whose action can be thus described, we may be pardoned for feeling but a languid interest. But there were one or two incidents of the absurd procedure which deserve passing notice. Chief among them was CARL SCHURZ'S speech. One who heard it declares that it left the Senator in the position of lending his name to the Tammany candidate, without promising any active support of him in the campaign. In other words, it was an awkward and sullen, but substantial, surrender to the men who "captured" the Cincinnati Convention.

What Senator SCHURZ does or refrains from doing in this particular case is not so important as some persons seem to imagine. He is already on record as having told the correspondent of the Frankfort (Germany) *Gazette* that "GREELEY would not and could get the German vote. The Germans *could not* be brought to support a man who had advocated so many things that were at variance with their convictions and their tendencies." Mr. SCHURZ'S importance grew entirely out of his supposed influence over the Germans. If, then, as he very justly says, the Germans cannot be influenced to vote for GREELEY, Mr. SCHURZ'S accession is not one of particular account, as far as GREELEY is concerned.

But as far as Mr. SCHURZ is concerned it is of more account, for it overthrows at a blow all the claim he previously had on popular confidence. For nearly seven weeks he had maintained a silence unbroken by any public utterance. Privately he must have expressed himself with some freedom. Mr. BOWLES declares that at Judge STALLO'S house, in Cincinnati, immediately after the Convention, he declared that GREELEY'S nomination "overwhelmed and discouraged" him. To the German correspondent above referred to, he avowed that "the whole affair was enough to disgust one forever with American politics." The *Evening Post* and the *Nation* joined in the statement, made over and over again, that Mr. SCHURZ would *not* give in his adhesion to the Fenton-Tammany candidate. It was no secret, therefore, that the Senator regarded the nomination of GREELEY at Cincinnati as a calamity. Yet he finally supports it. Are we unreasonable in saying that, by so doing, he forfeits all claim on the confidence of those who believed in him before?

Mr. SCHURZ took the trouble to describe beforehand the evil policy he has subsequently adopted, and to lay down the right principle of conduct, which he has now grossly violated. Perhaps our readers would like to refresh their memories as to what the Senator's views were before Mr. GREELEY was forced on the Cincinnati Convention. Here they are, as presented in his opening speech, May 2:

> "Reform must become a farce in the hands of those who either do not understand it or do not care for it. If you mean reform, intrust the work to none but those who understand it, and who honestly do care for it, and care more for it than for their own personal ends. * * * I earnestly deprecate the cry we have heard so frequently, 'Anybody to beat GRANT!' There is something more wanted than to beat GRANT. Not anybody who might, by cheap popularity or by astute bargains and combinations, or by all the tricks of political wire-pulling, manage to scrape together votes enough to be elected President! We do not want merely another, but we want a better President than we now have. * * * If we should fail to select men who will carry out the beneficent reforms we contemplate, then let me say it boldly, *it would be better had this movement never been undertaken;* for continuance in power of those who possess it now would only mean a reformatory movement deferred, and an opportunity lost. * * * Let us discard at least the fatal error into which many seem to have fallen, that no statesmanship is required to conduct the affairs of a great Government. I candidly believe the people are waking up to the truth, for, unless I greatly mistake the spirit of the day, what the people now most earnestly demand is not that mere good intentions, but that a superior intelligence coupled with superior virtue should guide our affairs; not that merely an honest and a popular man, but that a statesman be put at the head of our Government."

Our readers can apply these precepts for themselves to the recent action of Mr. SCHURZ. They were laid down to discourage the nomination of Mr. GREELEY, and that event is the one the Senator contemplated when he declared that, rather than it should occur, "it were better the movement had never been undertaken." There has nothing happened to render this less true now than it was then. The only change has been in Senator SCHURZ, and of the nature of that change let all judge.

Another noteworthy incident of the Conference was the fact that Senator FENTON watched over its assembling from an adjacent room. He left shortly after it had convened, confident that things were "fixed," and cruelly avowing that opinion. If anything could add to the bitter humiliation of such a man as SCHURZ at surrendering his conscience to the keeping of a trading politician, it must be its surrender to that chief of unprincipled traders, FENTON. And all this to gratify a certain spite which has grown up with him toward Gen. GRANT. He will discover when it is too late that he has won the name but not the game, and that the people will refuse to aid him in gratifying his revenge at the expense of the general good.

The Overworked Police.

We have never been slow to insist upon what the Police owe to the public. At present there are some things which seem liable to be overlooked, that the public owe to the Police. For example, it is rather more than flesh and blood can stand to be compelled to be on duty twenty-two hours out of twenty-four. Yet there are, in certain precincts, not a few officers and men who have been called on to perform this kind of work for days together. The Police force is hardly numerous enough to meet the ordinary wants of the City. When some special exigency, such as the strikes, draws off large numbers of men from ordinary duty, it is quite clear that somebody must work double tides, or that large portions of the City must be left entirely unprotected. Even were it just or humane, to compel a policeman to put up with two hours' sleep as his average period of rest, for several days in succession, it is obviously very unwise to do it. If such a man be kept on ordinary duty, his powers of observation, his energy, his vigilance—everything, in fact, which renders it worth while to have him on duty at all—must be very much dulled by the exhausting process of crowding two days' work into one. If, on the other hand, such a man be assigned to special service in protecting factories, overawing men on strike, and so forth, neither his temper nor his powers of perception are likely to be able to restrain him from doing his work in a spirit of somewhat unnecessary savageness.

In the interests alike of public peace and safety, and of the *morale* of the force itself, the Police ought to be assisted in their duty, at a time like this, by some other organization. Such aid should naturally come from the National Guard, and the measures which are in contemplation to secure this, ought to be promptly carried out. That our citizen-soldiers could be implicitly trusted in such service, we cannot for a moment doubt. Very many of them, as an Internationalist orator recently reminded us, are workmen themselves. But the deduction made from this statement by the speaker, that the National Guard would never act in repressing lawlessness, if it came from working men, was as insulting to our local regiments as it was foreign to the spirit of our institutions. Corrupt as were the influences to which Tammany had subjected our Police, their fidelity withstood, without a thought of wavering, the test of the Orange parade riots. This was a rather more severe test than the National Guard, as a whole, is ever likely to be subjected to. Foreign agitators, more familiar with the Commune than with the republican institutions amid which they preach a delusive socialism, may be excused if they jumble the traditions of Montmartre with the record of the New-York State National Guard. No law-respecting citizen doubts the fidelity of our militia regiments in any emergency which which we can, at present, conceive of. To call in their aid to reinforce the Police has become something more than a measure of policy. It is a question of urgent necessity, and, in simple justice to the Police force, it ought to be at once decided.

Ninety-Five in the Shade.

There is no longer any reason to bewail the tardiness of Summer. Though the intense heat of the last two days has not been complicated with cholera or fever, it has been difficult to bear with equanimity, and has in some instances proved fatal. It is certainly very uncomfortable to have to engage in active occupation with the thermometer at ninety-five, and there is sufficient danger connected with exposure to the fiery rays of the sun to render it a matter of importance to know how to avoid sun-stroke, and how to keep oneself comparatively cool.

All sorts of plans are suggested by ingenious men whenever the heat becomes nearly intolerable. There is the man who has a profound faith in sprinkling, and claims that the City could be kept cool were it effectually sprinkled. Ask him to calculate how many watering-carts and how much water would be required to keep the City perceptibly damp, and if he is capable of arithmetical processes, he will find the futility of his proposition. Decidedly more sensible is the man who proposes to stretch awnings across the principal streets. This would not be an impossible undertaking, and would doubtless meet the views of the horses, but it would practically give us but little more shade on the sidewalks than is now found at any hour except noon. Of the wilted lunatic who talks of towing icebergs into the harbor, and so cooling the entire atmosphere within a circuit of thirty miles, little need be said. This proposition is the wild talk of a man desperate with prolonging baking, and weakened mentally as well as bodily by excessive perspiration.

While suggestions such as these are made by occasional theorists, a very large number of men believe implicitly in the cooling powers of iced drinks. As to these it may be said unhesitatingly, that any drink containing alcohol is heating. The bits of ice that beguile the thoughtless searcher after coolness into a mistaken intimacy with cobblers and juleps, cannot counteract the fresh fuel in the shape of alcohol, with which the drinker increases his inward temperature. The German beers, however, contain so little alcohol, that its presence is hardly felt, and they are, therefore, nearly as useful in reducing the heat of the system, as water of the same temperature would be.

Ice-water, when drank in any quantity while the body is overheated, is dangerous, because it repels the blood from the stomach, and sends it in part to the head. The system could be much more rapidly and safely cooled by throwing cold water on the feet at intervals of two or three minutes. The coldness of the water would cool the body, while the reaction would send the blood rushing to the feet, and thus relieve the brain and vital organs. This plan, however, is scarcely practicable for men who are at work outside of their own homes. These will, therefore, be compelled to adhere to cold drinks, and in using them they should remember that ice-water slowly sipped is far more refreshing than a full goblet drank at once.

As to sun-stroke most men fancy that it need not be feared except when one is directly exposed to the sun's rays. This is an entire mistake. The nervous exhaustion produced by excessive heat and which is popularly called sun-stroke, can be achieved by any one who over-exerts himself in the shade, during the present weather. Let not the mason or the stevedore fancy that because he is working under the shadow of a building or a ship, that he can disregard the heat. A man may be sun-struck in the hold of a vessel, and the "Liberal Republican," who, in the hall-way of a hotel, violently demonstrates the certainty of Mr. GREELEY'S election, and in the process works himself into an excessive heat of mind and body, may suddenly be struck down with his political folly yet unrepented of, and be classed in the Police reports with other victims "prostrated by the heat."

Of course there is more danger in the sunshine than in the shade, for the evident reason that the former locality is several degrees hotter. As a precaution against the sun, New-Yorkers are annually urged to wear cabbage-leaves in their hats—the cabbage being a plant that notoriously grows in every City grass-plot. A damp handkerchief answers quite as well as the cabbage-leaf, and is a very decided protection against the heat. The most important matter of all is to avoid excitement. The man who neither over-works nor over-excites himself; who walks slowly, and drinks nothing but water, and very little of that, will bear the heat of the day uninjured, and when at night he plunges into a cold bath, he will feel all the better for the prolonging perspiration of the day. Though he may not have viewed it in that light, he has really been slowly passing through the process of the Turkish bath, that peerless plan for cooling and strengthening the jaded system.

Sailing or Drifting.

The annual regatta of the New-York Yacht Club was drifted, rather than sailed. There were but fifteen entries, all of them being centre-board boats. Outside of the Hook there was a moderate breeze, but on the homestretch the boats drifted with the tide, the breeze being hardly perceptible.

Is it not time that the Club should make a change in the day of their annual regatta? For several years the 20th of June has been the day selected, and as a rule that day has brought a dead calm—at least inside the Bay. Had it been proposed to select a day for the regatta which should offer the greatest probability of a total want of wind, a careful student of meteorological statistics would doubtless have selected the last week in June. The yachtsmen have already learned to expect a calm on that day. On Thursday last not a keel-boat was entered, simply because the owners of keel-yachts knew that if there should happen to be any breeze at all, it would, in all probability, be so light as to render these vessels useless in a contest with centre-board craft. The experience of Thursday will confirm them in this belief, and, hereafter, we may expect to see the regatta of the 20th of June confined exclusively to the smaller vessels of the fleet. Even then, light boats can give no proof of their comparative sailing abilities without more wind than we have any reason to look for on the day of the regatta. The finish of the race of Thursday was an absurdity, considered as a test of relative speed. The vessels drifted slowly homeward in a confused crowd, and the winning yacht, the *Ianthe*—to whose commander credit is certainly due for the way in which she was handled—is a vessel universally conceded to be inferior in speed to a large proportion of her competitors.

If the members of the New-York Yacht Club desire to have a pleasant and quiet picnic excursion, let them continue to muster and spread their sails in company on the 20th of June, but do not let them call their gathering a regatta. For a regatta, a breeze is generally thought to be a necessity, and by selecting the 20th of June, the yachtmen secure the best possible chance of a calm.

New-York is proud of her yacht fleet, and is keenly interested in whatever concerns its welfare. A drifting match is not, however, an interesting spectacle, and in time the public will grow tired of attending it. The yachtmen ought to select almost any day in May or September for their regatta. They would then have at least a fair chance of a good working breeze. The large seagoing keel-boats would then enter the race, and the result would be a fair test of the speed of all classes of vessels engaged in the contest. The 20th of June has been thoroughly tried and in point of wind has been found wanting. Let us have no more drifting regattas on that day, or else let us call them by their right names, and no longer hold out the pretense that yachts can prove their sailing qualities in a dead calm.

A Musical Prince.

The production in London of the new opera, "Gelmina," has drawn much attention to its celebrated composer, Prince PONIATOWSKI. The fall of the Empire exiled the Prince from France, and he, the grand nephew and representative of STANISLAUS, the last King of Poland, has been forced to seek a livelihood through the exercise of his musical talents in London. It was reported a short time back that one of the ladies of the BONAPARTE family was about to open a milliner's shop in Bond-street, in that capital. So flagrant a reproach to the pride of the Imperial house has somehow been prevented; but no one seems to have intervened to prevent the last scion of an older royal dynasty from disgracefully working for a living in the same city. Perhaps, however, the distinction between professional toil and trade is properly borne in mind, and hence making operas for bread by a Prince is regarded as less heinous than making bonnets for bread by a Princess. It is said, nevertheless, that Prince PONIATOWSKI makes bad operas and that Mme. BONAPARTE makes good bonnets—which, if true, ought surely to modify our estimate of the comparative turpitude of their respective manufactures.

We ought not, meanwhile, to do injustice to the Prince's lyrical performances, and so hasten to say that "Gelmina," while pronounced mediocre as tested by the highest standards, has yet done so well as to command frequent repetitions, and, buoyed up no doubt by the genius of ADELINA PATTI, to take its place regularly in the Covent Garden repertory. This is not the first opera from the same distinguished hand. In fact, Prince PONIATOWSKI brought out at Florence, as early as 1838, his "Giovanni di Procida"—the theme being the same as that of VERDI'S "Sicilian Vespers"—and sang the first tenor part in it himself. His career both before and after was extraordinary, both for variety and romantic vicissitude. Born in Rome in 1812 he took high honors in mathematics, but not in classics, at the early age of seventeen. Before he was of age he came out as a tenor singer at Lucca. MARIO, as is well known, is a Marquis, but we believe this was the first instance of an operatic Prince. In 1839, PONIATOWSKI anticipated OFFENBACH by producing "Don Desiderio," an opera bouffe of decided merit, which went the round of European opera-houses, and is said to have been praised by ROSSINI and CARAFA. The Prince afterward wrote an opera, "Sposa d'Abido," on the romantic subject of Lord BYRON'S poem, tried his hand in the same way on VICTOR HUGO'S "Ruy Blas," and knocked off no fewer than four other works, all of which were sung, before bringing out his "Esmeralda" at Leghorn in 1847.

The era of revolution changed the Prince's destiny. He turned at this juncture from opera to diplomacy. Presently he appeared as Minister Plenipotentiary to Paris, London and Brussels from the Court of Tuscany. Subsequently he took up his abode in Paris, and was made a Senator by the Emperor NAPOLEON. During his Parisian residence he wrote works for the Grand Opera, the Lyrique and the Opéra Comique—"Pierre de Medicis," "L'Aventurier," and "A Travers le Mur," respectively. Besides these he had composed a Mass in F, and other lesser works. Whatever musical rank is assigned to him, Prince PONIATOWSKI has been highly industrious, no doubt has done good service in various ways to the interests of art, and either in his diplomatic or lyrical relations is one of the most interesting figures of our time. That he should be reduced, on the threshold of old age, to toil daily for his bread, is a striking example of the mutability of affairs, and the uncertain tenure that even the most prosperous retain on worldly position. Both the author of the *Life of Cæsar* and of "Gelmina" illustrate in their own persons a truth that few of us are likely to think of too often or too deeply.

MINOR TOPICS.

The first canoe cruise of any consequence yet made by American canoes was successfully sailed by two of the New-York Canoe Club's diminutive yachts last week. The canoes started from Staten Island, and going outside the Hook skirted the coast of Long Island for some distance, occasionally running in at convenient inlets, and cruising in the bays that form a distinctive feature of the South shore of the Island. They met with at least one respectable gale of wind, and behaved in a way that conclusively proved them excellent as sea-boats. The cruise lasted for six days, and demonstrated the eminent fitness of the boats for their work. The canoe has now become a common feature of the harbor, there being nearly a dozen craft belonging to the squadron of the Club. Within a week or two a canoe expedition is to start from this city for the purpose of exploring the lakes and rivers in the Northern part of Canada. The canoe-men who can thus exchange the heat and dust of town for the coolness, quiet, and sporting facilities of the Northern wilderness, are certainly to be envied.

There is something more than a daily ferry now between Europe and America. In fact, the rate is something like a steamer for every twelve hours from the port of Liverpool alone. During the month of May, fifty-three steam-ships left the Mersey, of which thirty-four came to New-York, eight to Boston, eight to Quebec and Montreal, and three to Halifax, Norfolk and Baltimore. Seventeen of these belong to the Cunard Company, eleven to the Inman, five to the National, five to the White Star, ten to the Allan, and six to the Guion Company, respectively. When to these are added the ships of the French and the German lines, we get some idea of the prodigious increase of late in steam communication between the continents. More than 32,000 persons were brought to America from Liverpool alone during May—an increase of nearly five thousand over the number for May, 1871, and a total increase since January, over the corresponding period last year, of eighteen thousand. These figures are full of significance with reference to the future of the Republic.

A new stimulant has been invented in England, and its growing use is exciting considerable alarm. The stuff consists of a mixture of naphtha and ether, and it produces a kind of intoxication which its admirers find highly agreeable. No check can be put on the consumption of the vile fluid, for the reason that it is not sold under the name of any excisable spirit, and apparently an act of Parliament will have to be devised to meet the difficulty. We have heard before of people stupefying themselves with cologne water, and even getting drunk on camphene, but this naphtha and ether mess certainly beats everything in the way of exhilarating nastiness. Doubtless news will soon come of cases of spontaneous combustion, as consequences of indulging in this pleasant beverage. At all events, it is better calculated to produce such an effect than any other drink we know of, not excepting our own "forty-rod whiskey," or the horrible compounds with which people poison themselves in New-Jersey.

There were some Parisian dogs who managed to escape being eaten during the siege. This fact has lately been discovered by the French Society for the Protection of Animals. A medal has been voted by that body to a poor woman, who, singular to say, kept twenty stray dogs safely through the whole siege, although offered no less than 200 francs a piece for them for culinary purposes. The Society has given a like reward to a gardener of Bercy, who saved 135 horses from a fire which broke out in the stables of the Lyons Company. The first story is certainly not the least remarkable of the many strange things that happened during that wonderful siege. How, at such a time, a woman of the working classes could manage to get and to keep food for the twenty canine refugees, who sought shelter under her wing, passes ordinary comprehension.

A well-known clergyman, of Staleybridge, Dorsetshire, England—Rev. GEORGE RODGERS—sails for New-York in July, for the purpose of selecting a spot in the far West, wherein to found a large English colony. His present thought is to choose a site in Minnesota, but he intends to investigate thoroughly the relative advantages of different situations, and to pick out that which seems to him best. Mr. RODGERS means to make his future home with the colony, and the persons of whom it is to consist will be actively preparing during his absence, so as to be ready to sail for the United States in the Fall. English papers say that this example is likely to be followed by other companies of congenial persons, if favorable news goes home of the success of Mr. RODGERS' experiment.

The young King of Siam having returned to his own dominions, is now going about making speeches in praise of European civilization and mode of life. His Majesty had previously made a tour through the Indian Provinces delivering himself, according to the *Rangoon Times*, of "bewitching" addresses and making himself excessively popular. This is one of the many tokens, from Arabia to Japan, of the softening of Asiatic prejudice against the Christian nations, and of the singular infusion and interblending of trades, social habits, and probably in the end of races, which has become more decided in this than in all former times. It is pretty clear that the whole system of Asiatic civilization—or barbarism—is destined to be revolutionized by the European and American systems, and indications thicken that the process will go on at an accelerating rate of speed.

The University of Strasburg has had a stimulus given to it in a course of lectures lately commenced by Prof. MAX MULLER. This gentleman, probably the first philological scholar of his time, has long resided at Oxford, where he was some years ago elected an honorary Fellow of All Souls' College—the greatest compliment that could have been paid him. The subject of his present course is "The Result of Comparative Philology." Before commencing the first lecture, he said that

> "He was glad, after not having lectured at a German university for twenty-five years, to commence again at the young Imperial University. A German by birth, he had remained during his long sojourn in a foreign country a German with his whole heart and soul. Necessity had driven him to England, for in no other country had such ample means for editing the *Rhigaveda* been offered to him as there. Often he had been longing for Germany, for nowhere is the position of the earnest teacher so agreeable and productive as there. From BUNSEN'S and NIEBUHR'S writings he proved they both had regretted abandoning their positions as teachers for those of statesmen and diplomatists. The late war was, he said, on the part of Germany holy and just, and a moral necessity; and the fruit of that just war and of the victories of the brave German hosts was the reacquisition of these old lands of the German Empire. It was a most happy thought on the part of the German Imperial Government to found anew in this destroyed stronghold, where there once had been a flourishing seat of German science and learning, a working-place for German knowledge and mental action; for this was the only means to win truly and lastingly the hearts of the new populations of the Empire."

The Professor must be a great favorite with his French fellow-subjects by this time, for whose especial benefit the above observations were, no doubt, designed.

They have had an extraordinary meteorological phenomenon in San Francisco. A comet suddenly appeared and disappeared, and such was its wonderful influence, that "Mars appeared luminous and rose-colored," so says the report. This able conduct on the part of Mars, may astonish the San Francisco reporters, but after all it is not such a wonderful matter when you analyze it. In this part of the country, Mars when visible has generally been found to present a luminous appearance, and it seems as though we had heard of his ruddiness, before the advent of the San Francisco comet. It is rather doubtful, after all, whether the comet had anything to do with his recent luminous and rose-colored appearance, and in fact, the very existence of the comet in question may be doubted. Comets move rapidly, but they do not appear and disappear with the velocity credited to this Californian meteor. May not some impatient boy have set off his Fourth of July fireworks in advance of the proper date and thus originated the San Francisco comet?

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

New Notes on an Old Question.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In the *Atlantic Monthly* for July, in his article on THOMAS JEFFERSON, Mr. PARTON alludes to the ridicule which Virginians formerly heaped upon New-Englanders for their persecution of Quakers and so-called witches, and says that "Virginians * * * * are not generally aware that at the time when Yankee Magistrates were hanging witches and whipping Quakers, Virginia Justices of the Peace were putting Quakers in the pillory for keeping their hats on in church, and appointing juries of matrons to fumble over the bodies of old women for 'witch marks.'"

South Carolinians, too, it will be remembered, were very zealous in ridiculing New England for the same reason: and here, again, Mr. PARTON'S remark that "It is the privilege of an American citizen to be profoundly ignorant of his country's history," is quite applicable. It is not generally known, but it is none the less true, that the old English witchcraft laws remained in force in the State of South Carolina until six months ago, when they were abolished upon the recommendation of the Commissioners for the Codification of the Laws. In 1839, Dr. COOPER, President of the State University, and a very able and learned man, revised the statutes and inserted the witchcraft laws, saying, in a note, that he had no authority to omit them, as they were neither abolished or obsolete. No action in regard to them was taken subsequently until last Winter, when a carpet-bag Legislature repealed them.

Not only were these laws in force upon the statute book, but they were executed upon a poor victim nearly 100 years after the last witchcraft execution at Salem.

It would seem that old Massachusetts was not so very much less civilized in the olden time than her superior Southern sisters. P.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, June 15, 1872.

Is it the Slaughter-Houses or Dumping Grounds?

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

As a resident of the Nineteenth Ward I desire to call the attention of the "Board of Health" and of the public to the real cause of complaint in relation to the "dumping grounds."

I believed, as did others, that these dumping grounds were an unmitigated nuisance, and was glad when the public attention was called to them. I have recently, however, investigated the state of the manure grounds and the "slaughter-houses," situated between Forty-fourth and Forty-seventh-streets, East River, and have come to the conclusion that the manure dumping grounds have been charged with the offenses of the slaughter-houses. I have found cattle packed in pens like sardines in a box, standing at times in filth almost knee deep, the offal seems to have lain un removed for days. The odor from the yards and these piles of offal is sickening. Should the "Board of Health" cause these cattle-pens and slaughter-houses to be kept in better order, the filth from the former and the offal from the latter to be properly removed, a frightful source of pestilence would be rid of.

In regard to the stench arising from the manure yards, my investigations have satisfied me that it is noticed very little at high tide, but when the tide is out it is simply terrible. This fact led me to a closer investigation, which showed me that the stench was the result far less of the manure, than of the sewers, and more or less directly traceable through them to the slaughter-houses, as the sewers carry the water from them to their outlet, in the vicinity of the "manure dumping grounds."

I am unable to see how the City can rid itself entirely from the nuisance of slaughter houses, or of dumping grounds, but proper attention to them by the authorities, causing them to be kept in as good condition as possible, would, in my opinion remove most of the objectionable features of both. J. W. G.

The New-Haven Railroad Again.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I desire to call your attention to a railroad extortion to which I was subjected yesterday morning, asking if something cannot be done to protect the public against what appears to the writer an act very similar to highway-robbery. The facts of the case are chiefly as follows: On Wednesday night I purchased a ticket from Boston to New-York. After leaving New-Haven, the conductor changed my ticket for a check. I stopped at Milford during Thursday, and took the afternoon train to New-York. The conductor, F. M. LOCKWOOD, then changed check above referred to and gave me one in its place, which, without examining, I put in my pocket. I left the train at Fairfield, near Bridgeport, and remained there during the night. Upon taking the morning train for New-York, the conductor, S. S. THOMAS, utterly refused, to my astonishment, to receive the check received the evening before, unless indorsed by Conductor LOCKWOOD, who, of course, it was then impossible for me to see. As it was necessary for me to reach New-York without delay, I told Mr. THOMAS that I was fully in his power and so forced to submit under protest, and then paid my fare a second time from Fairfield to New-York. I have never studied the law as regards the rights of passengers, and should like to know, for my own benefit and that of others, if the above action on the part of the New-Haven Railroad is legal? The fact as it stands is, that I paid to be carried from Boston to New-York, and was afterward forced (on account of my ticket having been changed for a check by a conductor on the Road, and without any volition of my own,) to pay double fare for some fifty miles of the way.

Yours, very respectfully,
W. C. CHILDS.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Saturday, June 15, 1872.

Drays on the Sidewalks.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A nuisance exists in our streets and on our sidewalks similar in character to that complained of by "W." in your issue of today, and which, like that, asks for an instant remedy.

I allude to the practice of carts and drays backing over the sidewalks to unload or load, and in doing so obstructing the sidewalk so that pedestrians are driven into the street. Only today I had a narrow escape from being crushed between an Adams express cart and a large bulkhead in Beaver-street, and my only way of passing the obstruction was either climbing over the bulkhead encumbered with packages, or going into the street round the horses' heads. R.

Increased Business on the Canals.

From the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, June 17.

The canals of the State were very late in opening this season, and much grain was diverted from them during the early weeks of navigation, in consequence of fears of trouble from low water. But of late the volume of trade passing through them has been very large. The effect of this increased business is seen in a decided gain in the amount of tolls collected. The revenues from all the canals for the fourth week in May were $141,083 90, against $105,319 40 in the corresponding week last year, showing an increase of $35,764 50. The collections for the first week of June reached $110,450 61, as compared with $81,949 51 received in the same week of 1871, a gain of $28,501 10. It the canal business holds out through the rest of the season as heavy proportionately as it has been during the past three weeks, the season's exhibit will compare very favorably with that of its immediate predecessors.

GRANT AND WILSON.

Ratification Meeting at the Brooklyn Academy.

Large Gathering of Influential Citizens—Speeches by Senator Nye, Hon. E. D. Smith, B. F. Silliman and Others—Resolutions.

A grand rally of the Republicans of Kings County, to ratify the nominations of GRANT and WILSON, took place last evening, at the Academy of Music, Brooklyn. Notwithstanding the intense heat, which rendered attendance at a political meeting extremely uncomfortable, an immense concourse of people assembled in the spacious hall, occupying every available seat in the parquet and galleries. A splendid banner, bearing the words, "The people's choice, GRANT and WILSON, 1872," was suspended from the rear wall of the stage, and various other devices emblematic of Republican spirit, graced the pillars and sides of the auditorium. During the entire evening the utmost enthusiasm prevailed, and a very determined purpose was manifested to exert every legitimate influence to secure the success of the nominees of the Republican Convention, at every mention of whose names the utmost enthusiasm prevailed. The splendid band of the Fourteenth Regiment played choice selections of national airs. Among those on the platform were Senator James W. Nye, of Nevada; Mr. Lynch, the eloquent colored Secretary of State from Mississippi; Hon. James Van Buren, Hon. Martin J. Townsend, of Troy; Franklin Woodruff, Silas B. Dutcher, E. Delafield Smith, E. J. Whitlock, E. D. Bayliss, Julian Allen, Dennis Strong, Ludivic Bennett, James Jordan, Abijah Whitney, J. B. Whitney, J. B. Murray, David Williams, Gen. Yale, E. P. Higgins, Col. E. A. W. Fenney, A. P. Higgins, Albert Ammermann, George Sparrow, L. H. Roberts, Rev. Dr. Ives, H. W. Sage, Lyman Burnham, J. Canon Brevoort, Daniel Mauger, John Williams, besides many others, prominent in Brooklyn commercial and political circles.

Mr. FRANKLIN WOODRUFF called the meeting to order and nominated for Chairman Hon. BENJAMIN D. SILLIMAN, which was carried unanimously.

The Chairman then said: I thank you for this honor and the cordial manner in which it has been offered. We are met to-night to repeat from this locality what has been expressed with such remarkable unanimity over the whole of our broad land—the approbation of the great Republican Party at the 'Administration of Gen. GRANT—[applause]—and the determination to re-elect him to the position he has honored and he has administered with such singular efficiency and fidelity. [Applause.] He was nominated many months ago, by popular acclamation, before any Convention sat at Cincinnati or at Philadelphia. Since his nomination by the people, a few, a very few, of the politicians of our party, seeing in the unanimity with which he was nominated the postponement of their aspirations for office, attempted a meeting at Cincinnati. They carried very few but themselves. They have made no invasion of the ranks of the Republican Party. [Applause.] Scarcely a corporal's guard attend them. Their constituency, such as they have, is not Republican, but of those who were in the former Democratic Party. We see no reason for again committing the Government to the hands of those who were not faithful to the Union in the hour of its great trial during the rebellion. [Applause.] We deem the great principles of our own party and the results achieved a guarantee of its safety in its present hands. We find the nation prosperous, the public faith sure, the public debt reduced, the public revenue increased, the public taxes diminished, the public revenue faithfully collected, and the public defaulters rigidly and promptly punished. The foreign relations of our Government are conducted by men of true American heart, and we can rest satisfied that its dignity and its honor will not be betrayed by GRANT or WILSON. England, who in the hour of our supposed dissolution, attempted to produce our destruction, is now in the embarrassing position of being compelled to pay damages. The great point of dispute is the question of indirect claims. England desires and requires that we shall abandon our claim for consequential damages, and pay only for what was actually sustained. We consent, but we desire to make a principle of international law so that hereafter no such demand can be made by any nation. England objects, and so the matter rests. Our negotiations are in the hands of men who represent the diplomacy of the country, and whose final action in regard to the Geneva Conference will entitle the present Administration to additional gratitude at our hands. [Applause.]

Mr. DAVID WILLIAMS, one of the Secretaries, then read the following resolutions and list of officers of the meeting, the recital being frequently interrupted by outbursts of applause:

The Republican Party of the County of Kings, assembled in mass-meeting to ratify the action of the National Representative Convention of the party, held in Philadelphia on the 5th and 6th days of June, 1872, salute and congratulate their fellow-citizens of the State and the Republic upon the strength, the integrity, and the resolution of the great progressive party of the times, and adopt the following resolutions:

1. *Resolved*, That the Republicans of Kings County, in common with their brethren throughout all the States, acknowledge the faithful public services of ULYSSES S. GRANT. We recognize in him a man of the people, whose sympathies are with the people, whose purposes and aims are for the welfare of the people, and who will never, at the dictates of personal ambition, turn his back upon those purposes, or strive to pull down what he has labored earnestly to build up. We are confident that he is better qualified for the momentous trusts of the office of President now, in 1872, than he was in 1868, and that his re-election will keep the reins of government in wise, safe, true and honest hands. So believing, we heartily ratify his nomination by the National Convention for re-election in November next.

2. *Resolved*, That we also heartily ratify the nomination for Vice-President of HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts. We congratulate the party that its choice lay between two such men as HENRY WILSON and SCHUYLER COLFAX. We know that the former will prove a worthy successor to the latter, and that liberty and right will still find in him, in the higher station to which we will elevate him, a powerful champion, a wise adviser, a true and skilful leader.

3. *Resolved*, That we approve of the announcement of principles made at the Philadelphia Convention, and especially commend and earnestly advocate its declarations in behalf of liberty and equality before the law for all; the beneficence of recent constitutional amendments; the maintenance of honorable peace with foreign peoples; the establishment of a wise, thorough and effective civil service reform; opposition to all further land grants, except for free homes; the establishment of the revenue system upon the basis of true principle; the just recognition of the imperishable honor of the soldiers and sailors who worthily saved the Union, and the obligation of the whole land to them and their widows and orphans; the encouragement of immigration; the abolition of the franking privilege; the protection of the rights of all classes equally in every industrial pursuit and avocation; the suppression of violent and treasonable organizations; the renewal of the sacred obligation of the nation in respect to its public debt; the respect for all just rights of the citizens of States which are not lodged in the General Government; the favoring of the development of American commerce; the extension of amnesty, and the promotion of peace and goodwill throughout the land.

4. *Resolved*, That inasmuch as none of us have received or are seeking a nomination for the Presidency, our views in regard to the Democratic Party have undergone no change since last year. We believe that, as HORACE GREELEY said of it then, "It is rebel to the core today," and that it would hail the election of its nominee in 1872 as "a virtual reversal of the Appomattox surrender." We repeat the hope now which Mr. GREELEY then expressed, "that whatever chastisement may be deserved by our national sins, this disgrace and humiliation will be spared us." And we pledge each other to earnest work from now until November, to the end that that surrender shall not be reversed, and that the place now filled by the man who compelled that surrender shall not be filled by the nominee of that Democracy, whether he be an old opponent or a recent renegade.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Horace B. Claflin, N. D. Morgan, John B. Hutchinson, J. S. Rockwell, Garrett G. Bengen, L. S. Burnham, Chauncey N. Felt, Peter W. Denning, Harman Cottrell, Joseph P. Walter, Daniel Maujer, J. Carson Brevoort, John Ives, John Winslow, Edwin Atkins, J. O. Low, A. A. Low, Henry W. Sage, H. B. Duryea, Charles Jones, Henry Elliott, A. N. Freeman, Constant Hesdra, Samuel L. Carlisle, Geo. Ricard, A. P. Higgins, A. L. Learned, Barret Johnson, D. Johnson, E. J. Whitlock, R. P. Buck, A. J. Perry, R. D. White, William L. B. Steers, Charles J. Sheppard, John A. Taylor, Samuel E. Belcher, William Richardson, John M. Phelps, John F. Henry, R. C. White, Henry G. Reeve, Isaac S. Bourne, Burdett Stryker, John Carhart, Eugene D. Berri, John McDiarmid, Isaac S. Catlin, W. R. Beesten, Henry C. Bowen, A. G. Williams, E. M. Roberts, J. A. Prower, John Oakey, Ditmas Jewell, George Williams, John Robertson, Peter Milne, Jr., John Dryer, John Williams, C. S. Shephard, L. H. Putnam, John Gibbs, John T. Parker, Darwin R. James, Benjamin Townsend, Aaron Stever, William M. Thomas, George M. Draper, J. C. Bowen, Charles Fowler, M. J. Petrie, William Russell, Thomas Vernon, Jesse M. Baker, William Morrison, Edward Hooker, S. H. Renan, M. Williams, H. B. Robertson, Edmund Frey, Jesse C. Renan, James Larkin, James Hanley, Robert Greene, George Harmer, E. C. Walter, Henry Platte, William H. Smith, Watson Sanford, Benjamin B. Hale, William T. Morford, D. K. Travis, A. B. Baylis, Erastus Cook, E. B. Fowler, Daniel Godwin, Julian Allen, Demas Strong, H. B. Fletcher, John P. Douglass, Geo. N. Curtis, W. H. Swan, Ludovic Bennett, P. W. Ostrander, George P. Willey, Jacob Worth, Francis Williams, Benjamin W. Wilson, John Davis, Nathan Comstock, James Jourdan, Wm. Brown, Abijah Whitney, A. B. Richardson, Joseph A. Perry, Isaac Allen, James H. Taylor, Wm. Wood, Warren S. Sillcocks, Lemuel Burrows, E. B. Burdick, F. Cochen, Adolph Baker, R. M. Whiting, Jr., John Buchanan, William M. Rome, William Mayer, Albert Ammermann, Peter W. Ray, Edgar Darbee, John Snyder, Thomas C. Smith, Amorose Snow, John F. Ellerry, John Macay, Benjamin F. Cromwell, J. B. Murray, George Thomas, Charles Small, Joseph R. Thomas, George W. Wingate, A. Kozanonaski, Wm. Burton, T. J. Conant, Samuel Myers, George Sparrow, Victor Egan, Martin Merz, Franklin Whiting, Chas. C. Talbot, F. B. Fisher, D. E. Gavit, E. C. Squires.

SECRETARIES.

Geo. L. Nichols, Seth Low, J. T. Whitlock, Thos. R. Mercein, Charles Bleidorn, John F. Ames, John C. Watson, Henry E. Bowen, John P. Conkling, Lewis Froelick, Nasman Davis, David Williams, Jay Pierrepont, Jas. L. Hewitt, Thos. Griffin, Thos. G. Stagg, S. J. Connolly, Jas. W. Monk, F. W. Kinney, Geo. T. Hope, W. H. Maddox, W. H. Godfrey, J. S. Hawkins, A. M. Butterfield, Wm. A. Green, Bartholomew Gunsen, James Greenwood, John Perry, John B. Winter, Charles E. Cornell, M. Somers, John H. Sayers, W. I. Tate, John H. Jeffers, John Truslow, Jacob David, David E. Austin, John H. Cline, Daniel Ward, Wm. H. Seacroft, George Grehl, Samuel Goodwin, S. C. Yeaton, Thomas Griffin, S. R. Stegman, Steetman Wright, D. C. Winslow, E. A. Snedy.

E. DELAFIELD SMITH then delivered an able address, defending the President against the charges of Cæsarism and nepotism urged against him, characterizing them as miserable political subterfuges to impair his chances of re-election. These, however, he declared would prove unsuccessful, and the great General who led the armies to victory during the rebellion, would now again achieve a peaceful triumph, and during the next four years govern the nation with that same executive ability which has characterized his present Administration.

SENATOR NYE'S SPEECH.

Senator JAMES W. NYE, of Nevada, began by announcing humorously that the Democratic Party is so dead that there is none so poor to do it reverence, and said its spirit is alive, very much alive; and when the rebels get the power again, through GREELEY or the devil, [laughter,] they will rebel again. They are determined to get the control of the States. Why is it, said he, that they are persecuting school-masters in the South? Why are they murdering the negroes but to seize the State Governments? He (the speaker) entered this fight with no misgiving. It was past faith with him. He knew it was never intended that Democracy, by any subterfuge, should again seize the helm of the ship of State until it was placed beyond the reach of Tammany corruption. [Applause.] The Democracy led the country through scenes of bloodshed, an almost open sharer in the struggles of the rebellion. It opposed the enfranchisement of the colored people and every other measure for the advancement of the country, and its whole policy appeared to be to stay the march of progress. Now it was attempting to play the ostrich, with its head under GREELEY'S skirt, thinking its body out of sight, [laughter;] but it is detected. When LINCOLN determined on the emancipation o the slaves, every Democrat declared in was unconstitutional. But now what a change? They are willing to accept the amendment because they can't help themselves. [Laughter.] They like a change, but the change must be made in their hearts. A little electric touch of that organ will do them good, but he would tell them they would not find any in GREELEY'S soup. [Laughter.] Why should they have a change? The national debt is diminishing, taxation is being reduced, the country is prosperous and peaceful. SUMNER, at whose side he sat for nine years (a good test of his constitution), wanted a change because GRANT had given his father a position as Postmaster in Kentucky, the rental from which would not buy SUMNER'S dinner. [Applause.] He hates the father, because he had no business to have such a son. In his famous, or rather infamous speech, SUMNER betrayed the whole secret when he said we had a tanner at the head of our Government. But GRANT had tanned more rebels than SUMNER had fanned book-leaves. [Applause.] They differ in politics—whose fault is that?—is it the President's? He had a high regard for Mr. SUMNER, but he considered he had overreached himself, and had seen the full zenith of his political fame.

At the conclusion of Senator NYE'S speech, the song, "The Flag of Our Union," was sung by Mr. HILL, and, being enthusiastically encored, he gave "The Union of Hearts and the Union of Hands."

Gen. VAN BUREN was the next speaker. He congratulated his hearers that the man whom, as the *Tribune* has so often said, has never been and never will be defeated, had been nominated, and spoke of Gen. GRANT'S glorious record, concluding with a prediction of the success of the Republican Party next November.

HON. JAMES LYNCH'S SPEECH.

Hon. JAMES LYNCH, (colored,) Secretary of State of Mississippi, next spoke. He said: The Republican Party is as old as the Declaration of Independence, although it had not a party form. It is as old as American freedom, as old as the patriotism which gave it birth, and which will immortalize it yet. Yet they ask us to trample under foot this party—the party whose members bared their breasts to rebel bullets, and planted our victorious flag on the ramparts. Mr. GREELEY'S election would reopen all the issues of the war. No Democrats would support him, except that they hope to bring upon us the war's evils. He said that the colored men of the South are loyal, and do not trust the traitorous northern Democracy that snapped and snarled in the rear of our army during our crisis, hindering, not helping it.

He predicted that nothing like one-half of the Southern white people will vote for GREELEY, the law-abiding, honest men of the South. The majority of the people are loyal, and love the old flag and Gen. GRANT in their hearts. A great many are favorable to the Kuklux bill, which means nothing more than the arrest of disguised assassins, the civil law being inefficient. Hon. MARTIN J. TOWNSEND, of Troy, was the last speaker. He made a vigorous and entertaining speech.

GEORGIA DEMOCRACY.

Speech of Judge Linton Stephens—Bitter Assault on Greeleyism.

Judge LINTON STEPHENS delivered a long and very bitter speech against the adoption of GREELEY as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency, at Atlanta, Ga., Thursday evening. We quote this paragraph to show its general tenor:

"Why, I am told, if the Democratic Party elects GREELEY, he will be good to us. Give us something! What is he going to give us? Give us any principles? Where is the principle he is going to give? He has not even said that he is going to give us anything: but the hope is that he is going to give some of us who are willing to take it a little share of the plunder. Was there ever a more proper application of the motto, 'Fear the Greeks, when they are bringing gifts?' Fear the Radicals when they are bringing gifts; and I tell you that Radicals will never give you any gifts, only to persuade you away from your principles. GREELEY wants you to swap your principles for a few pitiful little offices for some people; and I don't know whether some people will ever get the offices or not; and I would not care.

Talk to me about abiding the Baltimore Convention! I will abide by it in all questions of policy, but I will not abide by that Convention, nor any other convention, that bids me to depart from principle; and I want to know if these gentlemen who say stand by the Baltimore Convention whatever they do, will stand by it if they adopt the Philadelphia platform and nominate GRANT? The Cincinnati platform is no better in principle than the Philadelphia platform.

I will go for the maintenance of Democratic principles, and if I can't get the man that goes for all, I will take the one that goes for some one of the vital principles of Democracy. I will take no subordinate rights, but absolute State rights. The way to win is to hoist your colors. I don't mean any new departurists; I don't mean any Radicalized colors; but the true Democratic State rights colors, that holds reconstruction and all its triumphs to be revolutionary, unconstitutional, null and void. We may not succeed in electing a President in this campaign, but we can put the party on this sort of a platform, and give it manly standard-bearers, who are in position to carry its colors. We may not be in condition to carry the next election; but, at all events, it will give us hope."

A Kentucky Physician Frightened from his Profession.

From the Frankfort (Ky.) Yeoman.

A young Kentucky physician who had been regularly educated for his profession, was called to the bedside of a patient that he had been attending with his best care for some time, but who obstinately grew worse and worse, until now his end seemed very near. "Doctor," said the sick man, "I am dying—I am certain I am dying, and I believe you have killed me." The doctor seemed to think very earnestly for a moment or two, and then quite gravely and seriously replied: "Yes, I see that you are dying; and, on reflection, I believe that you are right—I believe that I have killed you; but, I here take my oath that, if God will forgive me for having unintentionally murdered you, I will never murder another—I will never give another dose of physic professionally as long as I live." And he kept his oath; he at once quit medicine entirely; turned his attention to the study of law; obtained license in due course, and, after a few years' successful practice, became one of the most eminent Circuit Judges of that day in Kentucky—now nearly forty years ago.

Senator Wilson and the Know-Nothings.

The following paragraph is embraced in the Washington telegram of the St. Louis *Democrat* of the 14th inst.:

"Collector RUSSELL, of the port of Boston, is preparing a sketch of the life of HENRY WILSON, which will be given to the public in a few days. An interesting portion of it will be that which gives an account of Mr. WILSON'S connection with the old American, or Know-nothing Party. Mr. RUSSELL was with him in this movement. Mr. WILSON'S connection with it extended no further than an attempt to unite it with the Free-soil and all other elements in that State hostile to the then ruling party, to defeat that party in Massachusetts. He was offered the candidacy of the Know-nothing Party, but declined unless they would leave out of their platform the plank making discrimination against foreign-born citizens. He tried to make the organization distinctively anti-slavery. He began life, politically, on anti-slavery principles, and the whole purpose of his connection with the Know-nothing Party was to use it in that interest. He did not accept its candidacy, but instead did accept the Free Soil ticket in the same and the only canvass in which he had anything to do with any organization hostile to foreigners. At nearly the same time he made opposition to the adoption of certain amendments to the Massachusetts Constitution which made political discrimination toward foreign-born citizens, and although the articles were adopted, they existed only two years, and he helped to destroy them. Nowhere can a speech or a vote of his be found in favor of the principles of the Know-Nothing Party, so far as they related to foreign-born citizens. Failing to make the American party a party of freedom, he left it, and afterward found in the inception of the new Republican Party the political home which he had sought. JAMES BROOKS, of New-York, who was a member of the Know-Nothing Party, with very different design and record, has since made himself acceptable to the Irish voters, who gave him his seat in Congress. COLFAX was also a Know-Nothing.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Instructions Regarding the New Pension Acts—Leaf Tobacco—Miscellaneous.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The following circular will be issued to-morrow by the Acting Commissioner of Pensions:

Persons who are already pensioned under the act of June 6, 1866, at either rates of $15, $20 or $25, are entitled by an act passed June 8, 1872, to increased rates, and may secure such increase without formal application, and without the intervention of an attorney; nor will any attorneyship be recognized in such cases. A letter from the pensioner, pensioned as above, addressed to this office, inclosing his present pension certificates, and giving his post-office address, will be a sufficient presentation of his claim for the increase. The certificates will receive such indorsement by this office as will authorize the payment of the increased rate, and will then be forwarded to the Pension Agency at which the pension is payable, and the pensioner will be notified of such transmissions.

TOBACCO.

In reply to a letter from a wholesale leaf tobacco dealer in New-Orleans who states that he buys leaf tobacco of various grades and in hogsheads too light for export, and who has a warehouse, where, after assorting and classifying the various grades of tobacco, he repacks it in merchantable hogsheads in its natural condition, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue says: If you wish to know whether under the new law you can continue this business, and whether you can repack leaf tobacco in bales of 50 and 100 pounds each, and sell the same, as well as tobacco in hogsheads, to duly authorized dealers in leaf-tobacco, in reply, I have to say that, under the new law, as a dealer in leaf-tobacco, you can assort leaf-tobacco and repack it in hogsheads, cases or bales of any size and weight you please. Such hogsheads, cases and bales you can sell to duly authorized dealers in leaf-tobacco and cigar manufacturers, who have paid the special tax as such, and to such persons who are known to be purchasers of leaf tobacco for export. But you cannot, under the new law, as a dealer in leaf tobacco, sell to parties other than those just named, or break hogsheads, cases or bales and retail therefrom. It has been decided that a package of fine-cut chewing tobacco of less than one ounce will not be, under the new law, a legal package, even with a one-ounce stamp attached.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.

The Secretary of the Treasury today received the sum of $75 from York, Penn., as a contribution to the Conscience Fund.

AN ATTEMPTED SWINDLE.

Information has reached the Treasury that parties in New-York are endeavoring to swindle manufacturers and brewers by professing to be able to sell at very low rates tobacco an other stamps through the medium of parties here, who, they allege, are able to secure such stamps without cost. It is needless to say that all such offers are the efforts of swindling operators to impose upon the public.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.

Rear Admiral JOSEPH LANMAN has been detached from the command of the South Atlantic fleet and is placed on waiting orders. First Assistant Engineer JAMES L. VAUCLAIN is ordered to the *Tallapoosa*, relieving First Assistant Engineer WILSON K. PURSE, who is placed on sick leave.

PERSONAL.

Secretary BOUTWELL will return to Washington to-morrow night, and early next week Judge RICHARDSON, at present acting Secretary, will leave Washington for a brief visit to Boston.

NEW NATIONAL BANKS.

The Controller of the Currency has authorized the Citizens' National Bank of New-Philadelphia, Ohio, with a capital of $100,000, and the Stone River National Bank, of Murfreesboro, Tenn., with a capital of $50,000 to commence business.

THE JUBILEE.

Yesterday's Performance at the Coliseum—The English Band the Lions of the Occasion.

BOSTON, Mass., June 21.—The audience this afternoon was fully equal in numbers and enthusiasm to that of yesterday. The American National Hymn, words by HOLMES and music by KELLER, was the first executed by the chorus, orchestra and bands, and it was admirably given. As the day was dedicated to Austria, the "Kaiser Overture," dedicated to the Emperor FRANCIS JOSEPH, was performed by the orchestra under Mr. GILMORE'S direction, and created great enthusiasm. The grand chorus from "Judas Maccabeus" followed in fine style under ZERRAHN'S CATON, and was duly recognized.

Mme. PESCHKA-LEUTNER again aroused the plaudits of the vast assemblage by her superb execution and volume of tone in the cavatina from the first act of "Ernani," excelling even her previous essays. In response to the encore, she gave ABT'S beautiful "Good Night, my Dearest Child," under ABT'S direction.

The popular feature of the day, as yesterday, was the performance of the military band, this time that of the English Grenadier Guards, who, under GODFREY, gave the overture to Semiramide and "Reminiscences of Meyerbeer," with solos by LAWFORD, ELLIS and SPENCER. The band appeared without their bearskins, 92° in the shade being too high a temperature for mere outward display.

Mme. RUDERSDORFF was led to the platform when the applause had subsided, and awaited her solo opportunity in "God Save the Queen," which was first grandly given by the chorus, orchestra, organ and cannon, under GILMORE, and then the highly cultivated voice of the popular soprano repeated the air.

"Auld Lang Syne" was sung by the chorus and orchestra with an expression of warmth that has not been witnessed since the festival began. "The Sleepers Wake," from the oratorio of St. Paul, a piano solo by ARABELLA GODDARD, "Chima frena," from the opera of Lucia, and "Farewell to the Forest," unaccompanied by instruments, were sung with imposing excellence, considering the number who took part, and the day's feast of music closed with the grand old Coronation Hymn, in which the audience joined.

Another chorus circular was issued today, giving the general features of next week's programme. The success of the past few days has led the Executive Committee to decide upon another choral week, with the most brilliant features of the present, including the military bands, vocal celebrities, and the inimitable STRAUSS, some of the dead wood, including piano music, being thrown out.

The performance of "Israel in Egypt," by the Handel, and Hayden, Salem and Lynn Societies, will be further postponed in accordance with this change of plan. Mr. TOURJEE promises the greatest week of choral effect yet experienced. The prices are to be reduced for the sacred concert on Sunday and subsequently to $3 and $2, according to location.

Before the close of the festival each foreign band will be assigned a day to select and play its own programme, and prominent New-York bands will also appear. Mr. GILMORE will reserve his own band for a final performance, when it will be increased to sixty pieces.

CANADA.

Banquet to Lord Lisgar—Livery-Stable Burned.

MONTREAL, Canada, June 21.—The banquet given to Lord LISGAR, the retiring Governor-General, last night, was a splendid affair, and was attended by persons of distinction from all parts of the Dominion. The chair was taken by Sir HUGH ALLAN. American Consul-General DART, and Mr. LAWRENCE, of Rhode Island, Ex-Minister of the United States, were among the guests. The former replied in a very long speech to the taost, "The President of the United States." "The health of Lord LISGAR" was very warmly received. In reply, his Lordship prophesied a brilliant future for the Dominion, and paid a high compliment to the Canadian Parliament. He alluded to the great measures passed during his term of office—the entry of British Columbia and Manitoba into the Dominion, the Pacific Railway act, &c. He felt that he should leave no serious difficulties to his successor, of whom he spoke in very high terms, and said his appointment was evidence of great pains taken by the British Government to send a worthy representative.

A large fire occurred here last night in Messrs. BANCROFT & SHARP'S livery-stable. Thirty-seven horses were burned; also a large number of wagons, &c. The loss is $20,000.

THE FREE-TRADERS.

Meeting at the Fifth-Avenue Hotel Yesterday.

W. S. Groesbeck, of Ohio, and F. L. Olmsted, of New-York, their Nominees for President and Vice-President.

The bolters adjourned on Thursday evening, *sine die*; but yesterday morning twenty-three gentlemen out of the original number, feeling dissatisfied with the action taken, organized a fresh meeting in Room No. 52 of the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Among the most eminent of these were Hon. THOS. GAUNT, of St. Louis, who presided; OSWALD OTTENDORFER, of New-York; PARKE GODWIN, of New-York; Gen. J. D. COX; DAEREZER, of the St. Louis *Anzeger*; EDWARD ATKINSON, of Massachusetts; Judge STALLO, Judge COLLINS and Judge ALINER, of Ohio; EMIL ROTHE, of Cincinnati; ORAN FOLLETT, SIMON STERN, of New-York; THEODORE B. ROCHESTER and JULIUS DEXTER, of Ohio. They met at 10 o'clock in the morning, and passed the entire day in discussing nominations and platform. At length the choice of the assembly fell upon WILLIAM S. GROESBECK, of Ohio, for President, and FREDERICK LAW OLMSTED, of New-York, as Vice-President. The Executive Committee were all gentlemen of Cincinnati—Hon. GEO. HOADLEY, CHAS. S. STROBEL and JULIUS DEXTER. The proceedings were conducted in secret, but the following is the official report of the proceedings and platform:

At a meeting of Liberal Democratic and Republican citizens of different States, held in the City of New-York on the 21st day of June, 1872, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, At a conference of gentlemen from the several States of the Union, held at New-York City June 20, 1872, it has been conclusively shown that the opposition to the re-election of Gen. GRANT cannot be and ought not to be united on HORACE GREELEY; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the following declaration, in our opinion, contains the political principles essential to the welfare of the American people.

Resolved, That we, as independent citizens, disregarding former political affiliations, and laying aside all mere parties and prejudices, now demand with equal suffrage for all complete amnesty for all: we demand a hearty and unreserved acquiescence in the Constitution as it stands; accepting all the amendments in their true significance: we demand equal civil and political rights for every citizen, and complete protection in the enjoyment of those rights.

Resolved, That local self-government, with impartial suffrage, will guard the rights of all citizens more securely than any centralized authority, and we affirm our belief in the doctrine that the people are best governed which are governed least. We, therefore, demand for the individual the largest liberty consistent with public order; we demand for the State self-government, and for the nation a return to the methods of peace and to the constitutional limitations of power.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the employment of Governmental patronage for party purposes: we protest against the use of public offices to reward political friends, or to punish political enemies; we are in favor of the adoption of a thorough system of civil service reform; and we demand a return to the early practice under our Government of appointing men to office on the ground of their fitness only, and of continuing them there while they are honest and efficient.

Resolved, That national taxes, whether collected under an excise or tariff act, should be imposed for revenue only, and not for what is called protection; and that all trade or exchange should be as free as the necessity of the Government for revenue will permit.

Resolved, That an act whereby the promise of a dollar is made a legal tender in place of a true dollar can only be defended as a necessity of war, and that justice demands the redemption of the promise, and that the standard of value may be true and just, and that the honor of the nation may be maintained.

Resolved, That undue devotion to party has already greatly damaged the Republic, and we now engage ourselves to discountenance in every possible way the despotism of party organization and the abject submission of voters to the dictates of party politicians.

Resolved, That HORACE GREELEY does not represent these principles, but has been a life-long opponent of the most essential of them.

Resolved, That we therefore reject his nomination as we reject that of Gen. GRANT.

Resolved, That we recognize in WILLIAM S. GROESBECK, of Ohio, and FREDERICK LAW OLMSTED, of New-York, men fully in accord with our principles, and of such character and ability as to be worthy of the confidence of the American people; and that we recommend them to all patriotic, independent, and liberal voters for their support at the coming Presidential election.

THOMAS T. GAUNT, of Missouri,
Chairman.
JULIUS DEXTER, of Ohio,
SIMON STERNE, of New-York,
Secretaries.

On motion an Executive Committe of three persons, residents of Cincinnati, was named, with power to add to their number. GEORGE HOADLY, CHARLES STROBEL, and JULIUS DEXTER were appainted such committee.

James Gordon Bennett vs. the Telegraph.

From the Journal of the Telegraph.

In editorially announcing the recent death of its founder and proprietor, JAMES GORDON BENNETT, the New-York *Herald* says: "He was ever ready to give his earnest and powerful aid to the establishment of steam-ship lines, railroads and telegraphs, which he recognized as the great missionaries of civilization, and the life-blood of a perfect daily newspaper."

As to the late Mr. BENNETT having been a patron in the establishment of steam-ship lines and railroads, we have no knowledge, and therefore will raise no question. But as to his merits as a promoter in the establishment of the telegraph, we propose to submit the following well-known incident, which will enable our readers to judge with reasonable certainty:

It will be remembered that the first line of telegraph established in the United States was the experimental line between Washington and Baltimore, for which the means was furnished by Congressional appropriation out of the public Treasury, which was completed in the Spring of 1844. Further Government patronage was prevented by the advice of the Postmaster-General, who, in his report to Congress, declared his belief that the telegraph, although an interesting experiment, could never become of practical value, and the very moderate offer of Prof. MORSE for the sale of his entire invention to the United States Government, was declined.

The only resource for its future development was in an appeal to the enterprise of the business men of the country. In order to bring the invention to the attention of the business interests, Mr. EZRA CORNELL, (one of the founders, and still a director of the present Western Union Telegraph Company,) who had superintended the erection of the Washington and Baltimore line, opened for exhibition a short line of telegraph in Boston. Finding but little encouragement in that city, the exhibition was soon abandoned there, and transferred to the City of New-York, where an experimental line was opened in the Autumn of 1844, for exhibition to the public. The line extended from No. 112 Broadway to a point just above the present Metropolitan Hotel. So little attention did this wonderful invention then receive, even at the modest admission fee of one shilling per head, that Mr. CORNELL and his assistant found it extremely difficult to maintain themselves in the most humble manner, upon the entire receipts of their exhibition. Sleeping on the chairs in their exhibition-room, they often found it necessary to go to bed supperless. Without the means of paying for advertising, the daily papers were besought to notice the exhibition editorially. Kindly notices were given by the *Express* and *Evening Post*, as well as some of the other papers of the day, but not a word could the *Herald* be induced to say. Finally Mr. CORNELL sought an interview with Mr. BENNETT, and solicited his attention. He was met by the very frank statement from Mr. BENNETT that he was opposed to the success of the telegraph. In Mr. BENNETT'S own words, he "had at great expense established his expresses in such manner that he could beat all of his rivals, and if the telegraph were once successfully established he would lose his advantage."

Within two years Mr. CORNELL had the proud satisfaction of demonstrating to Mr. BENNETT the value of his then mode of transmitting important news. During the year 1845, mainly by the efforts of THEODORE S. FAXTON and his associates of Utica, a company was organized for building a telegraph line between New-York and Buffalo. The section between New-York and Albany was built under the superintendency of Mr. CORNELL, and was opened for business at the end of 1846. Gov. YOUNG'S annual message was transmitted to the Legislature the first Tuesday of January, 1847, at noon. At that hour a *Herald* messenger, with a copy of the message, left the capital on horseback, provided with relays of fleet horses at short intervals. Riding at break-neck speed all night, he reached White Plains (to which point the Harlem Railroad was then in operation) the following forenoon, where a special locomotive was in waiting to bring him to the City. What was his surprise to meet at this point newsboys selling copies of the New-York *Express* of that morning, containing Gov. YOUNG'S message in full, which had been transmitted by the despised telegraph. Thus Mr. BENNETT'S enterprise was at a single blow completely annihilated, and the telegraph was successfully established in spite of his chilling indifference.

The Rulloff Reward in the Courts—Just Claims of the New-York Officers.

From the Binghamton Journal, June 17.

Captain HEDDEN and Detective RILEY had nothing whatever to do with the capture of RULLOFF, and they can make no pretense that they had. He was captured here in Binghamton by a squad of citizens doing extra police duty, and by CHAUNCY LIVINGSTON, who was watching his fruit garden, before the New-York officers had anything to do with the case. What the New-York officers did was to go with District-Attorney HOPKINS, Chief of Police FLYNN, and Recorder ANDREWS, of this city, to RULLOFF'S rooms, on Third-avenue, after his abode had been found out by the aid of a date line on a letter RULLOFF wrote to DEXTER, while the latter was in jail in Cortland. Subsequently they assisted at the trial of RULLOFF by their own testimony, and by aiding in getting material New-York witnesses here.

The reason the rewards have not been paid to Capt. HEDDEN and Detective RILEY before this time is that many persons are to share in them, and the claimants cannot agree upon a division of the money without submitting their claims to the Courts. Besides the reward offered by the city, the New-York officers will be entitled to share in the rewards offered by Broome County and the Messrs. HALBERT.

Suits have been brought against the county and against the Messrs. HALBERT, and as soon as the Courts make a proper division of the rewards the moneys will be paid over to each, as his share shall appear in the judgments. The city, the county, and Messrs. HALBERTS are anxious to pay the rewards offered by them severally, but must wait until they know by a legal decision who are entitled to the money, and what amount each claimant is to receive. Law suits over the rewards cannot be averted, and the disputes may just as well be settled in three law suits as by thirty.

COLORADO.

Completion of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway to Pueblo.

PUEBLO, Col., June 20.—The Denver and Rio Grande Railway was completed to this place last evening, the last rail having been laid at 7 P. M. Freight and passengers for New-Mexico will now go by railroad via Denver to Pueblo, saving over 100 miles of transportation by wagon or coach. The Denver and Rio Grande Road has shipped to the end of the track, up to this date, 700,000 pounds of Government freight for points in New-Mexico and Arizona. The regular traffic of the road is also very heavy. The total shipments for the season, of Government freight, will amount to 2,000,000 of pounds. Another hundred miles of the road southward will be soon under contract. Arrangements are being perfected for its speedy completion to El Paso, where it will connect with a narrow-gauge railroad to be built through the Mexican States of Chihuahua, Darango and Zacatecas, to the City of Mexico, forming a continuous narrow-gauge line of about 2,000 miles.

The Metuchin Railroad Accident.

JAMES D. FREESE, the Dane who had his leg cut off by the railroad accident at Metuchin, N. J., on Thursday night, died from his injuries on Friday night. A jury was impaneled to hold an inquest, but adjourned to Monday evening next. Mrs. ALMA POTTASSEN, whose arm was cut off, was yesterday taken to St. Barnabas' Hospital, Newark. Her husband, who accompanied her, is the son of a naval officer of Denmark, and was on his way with his wife to the Pacific coast.

A Card to the Public.

Inasmuch as Mr. G. Q. COLTON has endeavored to convey a false impression as to the extent of my connection with the Colton Dental Association, I hereby state: That, I extracted teeth for that Association two years and five months, and in that time operated for more than 10,000 persons. My office is now at No. 956 Broadway, corner Twenty-third-street, where I shall continue to devote my entire practice to the painless extraction of teeth by the use of pure Nitrous Oxide Gas.

F. HASBROUCK, D. D. S.
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1872.
—*Evening Mail.*

A. Raymond & Co.,
CORNER FULTON AND NASSAU STS.,
SUMMER CLOTHING,
OF
LINENS, ALPACAS AND DUCKS.
—*Advertisement.*

Burnett's Cocoaine
PREVENTS HAIR FALLING.—*Advertisement.*

TEN THOUSAND FAMILIES HAVE TESTIFIED IN black and white that LYON'S Magnetic Powder will rid a dwelling of bed-bugs, roaches, spiders, ants, fleas or moths, in the space of forty-eight hours. Such a mass of evidence was never before accumulated in favor of any advertised preparation. Not a particle of anything injurious to man enters into its composition.—*Advertisement.*

No family should leave their house for the Summer without protecting it with HOLMES' Burglar Alarm Telegraph. Ten years' experience. Never fails, whether the family is present or absent.
E. HOLMES, No. 7 Murray-st.
—*Advertisement.*

LAUGHING GAS.—Drs. HASBROUCK and HOWLAND give gas daily, and have extracted teeth for more than 20,000 people without accident. Dr. HASBROUCK, late of Colton Dental Association, rooms No. 956 Broadway, corner 23d-st.—*Advertisement.*

PYLE'S O. K.—Is the best household soap in market, and will so prove itself on trial. Sold by grocers everywhere.—*Advertisement*

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

SUNDAY EDITION.
SUNDAY EDITION.

THE DAILY TIMES of TO-MORROW, (Sunday,) June 23, will contain its customary literary and original matter, besides many features of special interest to the general reader. Among the original sketches specially prepared for this edition will be found the following:

MUSIC, BEANS AND GUNPOWDER.—Being a reminiscence of early musical inflictions, with some comments on former musical criticism. In it will be found some interesting facts in regard to the composition of orchestras, with a description of the first novel musical effects ever introduced in the United States.

THE LIFE OF A TRAMP is a description of a pedestrian trip from New-York to Philadelphia. The writer disguised himself as a veritable tramp, and literally begged his way along. He gives some racy views of Tramp Life, its privations and pleasures, together with much entertaining matter.

Several other original articles will also be given, touching popular subjects.

Among the other features of our Sunday edition will be found

EDITORIAL COMMENTS on the leading issues of the day.

THE LATEST HOME AND FOREIGN NEWS by telegraph and the mails.

LOCAL AFFAIRS as reported by our staff of writers.

DRAMATIC SUMMARY OF THE WEEK, containing European and Domestic gossip, with announcements of events.

CURRENT LITERATURE, collated from late Domestic and Foreign Serials.

MILITARY GOSSIP, giving much interesting matter for the information of the National Guard.

With a circulation of a character exceptionally valuable to advertisers, the SUNDAY EDITION of the TIMES is especially recommended to the notice of all desirous of reaching, for business purposes, the best classes of this and neighboring cities. The extraordinary popularity of our Sunday issue continues to maintain a steady ratio of increase.

To insure proper classification, advertisers are requested to send in their notices before 9 o'clock on Saturday evening.

NEW-YORK TIMES FOR EUROPE.

The EUROPEAN EDITION of the NEW-YORK TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

It will contain a full digest of Political, General and Local News up to the latest moment; a review of the Money and Produce Markets; all the Telegraphic News contained in the DAILY TIMES of this date; and such selections from the editorials and correspondence of the TIMES as may have interest for Americans residing abroad, and for European subscribers.

The EUROPEAN EDITION of the TIMES will be found on file in the offices of all the leading bankers in Europe.

B. F. STEVENS, No. 7 Henrietta-street, Covent Garden, London, is agent for THE TIMES in Great Britain. He will receive subscriptions and advertisements, and supply copies of the papers to Americans temporarily in London.

We would say to every Mother who has a suffering child, go at once and procure a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

The National (Elgin) Watch Company.
AMERICAN MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS COMPANY, CHICAGO.

DEAR SIRS: It gives me pleasure to state that the two or three Elgin Watches I have at different times purchased for presentation have given entire satisfaction, and are highly valued as elegant and correct time-keepers.

A very large number of your Watches are being carried by the messengers in the employ of this Company, and are giving entire satisfaction, their time-keeping qualities being implicitly relied upon.
CHAS. FARGO.

Batchelor's Hair Dye is the Best in the world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

New 7-octave Pianos, $350.—New Organs, $50 to $60. New Melodeons, $60, cash, for the Holidays. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

Every Druggist Sells Perry's Improved COMEDONE AND PIMPLE REMEDY. The skin medicine of the age.

All Druggists Sell Perry's Moth and FRECKLE LOTION, because it is reliable.

Parquet Floors and Wood Carpeting.—Send stamp for illustrated price list to 942 Broadway.

A Seasonable Family Remedy.—Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaint, Cholic, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, and all Affections of the Bowels incident to either children or adults at this season of the year, are cured at once by Dr. JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE BALSAM. It allays the irritation and calms the action of the stomach, and being pleasant to the taste, is an acceptable remedy to the youngest in the family. Sold by all druggists.

Bathing Shoes, all varieties, at Cantrell's, No. 241 4th-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

MARRIED.

BACH—GARDINER.—In Brooklyn, Thursday, June 20, at Christ Church, by Rev. L. W. Bancroft, D. D., assisted by Rev. B. H. Paddock, D. D., JAMES B. BACH, of this City, and MARY E. GARDINER, daughter of William G. Gardiner, of Eaton's Neck, Long Island.

BERRIEN—PRICE.—On Wednesday afternoon, 19th inst., at the Second-street M. E. Church, by Presiding Elder J. B. Merwin, CORNELIUS BERRIEN to MAGGIE E., eldest daughter of William Price, all of this City.

DOUGHERTY—PROCTOR.—In Newton, Mass., on Wednesday, June 19, by Rev. W. C. Child, D. D., assisted by Rev. R. G. Seymour, Rev. M. ANGELO DOUGHERTY, of Boston, Mass., late of Brooklyn, N. Y., to Miss M. LIZZIE PROCTOR, of Newton, Mass., daughter of the late Geo. A. Proctor, of Cambridge, Mass. No cards.

EVANS—HICKS.—At New-Brunswick, N. J., on Thursday, June 20, by Rev. G. S. Webb, LUTHER B. EVANS, of the City of Brooklyn, Long Island, to JANE, daughter of the late John and Mary Hicks, of New-Brunswick. No cards.

FLICHTNER—APPLETON.—On the 19th of June, at Christ Church, Manlius, N. Y., by Rev. John Cotton Smith, D. D., assisted by Rev. F. M. Hubbard, D. D., Rev. GEORGE F. FLICHTNER, of Newark, N. J., to JULIA EDWARDS, daughter of James Appleton.

FREEMAN—COLE.—On Thursday, 20th inst., at Christ Church, 5th-av., by Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, D. D., ALFRED A. FREEMAN to SARAH A. COLE.

GARABRANT—FAIRBANKS.—On Wednesday, June 19, 1872, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. F. Stubbert, D. D., DAVID G. GARABRANT to ANNIE, daughter of Joseph B. Fairbanks, Esq., all of Bloomfield, N. J. No cards.

JOHNSON—NEWHALL.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., on Thursday, June 20, by the Rev. J. C. Ager, DAVID P. JOHNSON and C. AUGUSTA NEWHALL, all of Brooklyn.

KENYON—RYKER.—On Thursday, June 20, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. Samuel H. Virgin, FRANK A. KENYON to SARA M., youngest daughter of the late John Ryker, all of this City.

LOEW—GOADBY.—On Thursday, June 20, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. James R. Kendrick, D. D., EDWARD V. LOEW to JULIA F., only daughter of Thomas Goadby, Esq., all of this City.

LOWELL—MOFFAT.—At the Church of the Messiah, Brooklyn, Thursday, June 20, 1872, by Rev. Richard B. Duane, THOMAS W. LOWELL to CARRIE H. MOFFAT, all of Brooklyn.

VAIL—VAIL.—On Wednesday, June 19, at Valmere, the residence of the bride's parents, New-Market, N. J., by Rev. Dr. Paddock, of Brooklyn, assisted by Rev. Charles F. Hoffman, Garrisons, N. Y., WILLIAM M. VAIL, of Brooklyn, to SARAH W., daughter of William Vail, of the former place.

WHITEHEAD—HAIGHT.—On Thursday, 20th inst., in Madison-square Presbyterian Church, by Rev. C. S. Robinson, D. D., J. HENRY WHITEHEAD to Miss HELENA A. HAIGHT, both of this City.

DIED.

BELL.—At Harlem, suddenly, June 20, THOMAS BELL, in the 48th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at the Church of the Holy Trinity, 125th-st. and 5th-av., on Sunday, the 23d inst., at 4 o'clock.

The members of the Twenty-first Assembly District Republican Association are hereby notified to attend the funeral of our deceased associate, THOMAS BELL, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, corner 5th-av. and 125th-st., on Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

By order of WM. HAW, JR., President.
BENJAMIN PAGE, Secretary.

CLARKE.—At No. 918 3d-av., P. HENRY CLARKE, youngest son of Rutherford Clarke, Jr., and Susan Clarke, aged 1 year, 7 months, 18 days.

Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, at 10 o'clock A. M., from the above number.

CRANE.—At Plainfield, N. J., June 19, DAVID D. CRANE, in the 80th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Train leaves foot of Liberty-st. at 2½, returns 6 P. M. The remains will be taken to Oak Hill Cemetery, Nyack, for interment, on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock, by Northern Railroad, foot of Chambers-st.

FINCH.—At Passaic, N. J., June 20, of scarlet fever, GEO. W. FINCH, Jr., eldest son of Geo. W. and Rachel Finch, aged 5 years 2 months and 6 days.

Funeral service at residence of his father, Gregory-av., Passaic, on Saturday, at 12 M. Train leaves foot of Chambers-st. at 11 A. M.

FARGIS.—On Thursday, June 20, at the residence of her son, A. C. Fargis, (No. 118 West 21st-st.,) JULIA, wife of Pierre Fargis, aged 78 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday next from the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, West 23d-st., at 10 o'clock A. M.

FIELD.—At Berlin, Prussia, on Friday, May 31, Miss ALMIRA B. FIELD, second daughter of the late George Field and Frances Almeda, his wife, formerly of Williamsburg, N. Y.

The funeral will take place from Christ's Church, Bedford-av., Brooklyn, E. D., Saturday, 22d inst., at 3 P. M. Friends of the family will please attend without further notice. Carriages will be in waiting at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Stuart, No. 148 East 60th-st., at 1½ P. M., for accommodation of City friends; also, at the church for the accommodation of the friends in Williamsburg.

GREENLEAF.—Suddenly, in Delhi, June 19, 1872, EMMA, second daughter of Thomas and Eleanor Greenleaf.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral on Saturday morning at 11 o'clock, at No. 244 West 42d-st.

HYDE.—Thursday, 20th inst., HARRIET COURTNEY, wife of J. Little Hyde, aged 46 years.

The funeral services will be held at the Church of the Ascension, 5th-av., corner of 10th-st., on Saturday, 22d inst., at 3 o'clock. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

MOORE.—On Friday morning, June 21, JAMES MOORE, in the 77th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Presbyterian Church, No. 17 Greene-st., near Canal-st., on Sunday afternoon, June 23, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

PECK.—At Port Chester, N. Y., June 19, 1872, SUSAN D., widow of Read Peck, aged 79 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral at St. Peter's Church, Port Chester, on Saturday, June 22, at 2 o'clock. New-Haven Railroad train leaves 27th-st. at 11½ A. M.

ROSE.—On Friday morning, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Robert Fash, ROBERT D. ROSE, of consumption, in the 43d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Monday at 2 o'clock, from St. Paul's Church, corner of Penn-st. and Marcy-av., Brooklyn, E. D.

STREET.—On Thursday, June 28, EDITH A., only daughter of Wm. E. and Fannie A. Street, aged 9 months and 16 days.

Funeral on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 2 P. M., at the residence of her parents, at Darien, Conn.

SEAMAN.—Friday morning, June 21, Miss ELIZABETH C. SEAMAN, daughter of Samuel Seaman.

Funeral services at 5 P. M. on Saturday, at No. 42 Troy avenue, Brooklyn.

SKINNER.—June 21, JOHN K., eldest son of the late Deacon Skinner, in the 53d year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral from Central Baptist Church, Bridge-st., near Myrtle-av., Brooklyn, Sunday, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Suddenly, at Greenwich, Conn., on Wednesday, June 19, of dropsy of the heart, WILLIAM SMITH, in the 75th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, on Saturday, 22d inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., and at the Second Congregational Church at 4 o'clock. Carriages will meet the 2½ train from New-York.

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe, during the week ending Saturday, June 22, 1872, will close at this office on WEDNESDAY at 12 M., on THURSDAY at 11 A. M., and on Saturday at 11 A. M.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

THE LARGE AND EXTENSIVE firm of DANNAT & BRO., wholesale and retail lumber merchants, whose yards are situated foot of Broome and Delancey sts., East River, have generously consented to close their business on SATURDAY at 4 P. M., for which their employes hereby return their sincere thanks.
Signed, on behalf of employes,
A. B. IDESON, Foreman.

COMMISSIONER FOR ILLINOIS and other States and notary public, office No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Both the legal auctions announced for yesterday (Friday, June 21,) to take place at the Exchange, were adjourned as follows: Sale by HUGH N. CAMP of house and lot on First-avenue, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, adjourned until Friday of next week, June 28, and sale of JAMES M. MILLER of house and lot on the north-west corner of Lexington-avenue and Twenty-second-street, adjourned until July 9. No further business was transacted. Today, at the Exchange, four lots situate on One Hundred and Forty-second-street, 250 feet west of Eighth-avenue, will be sold under a Court order by WM. KENNELLY. Today, also, at Rahway, N. J., on the premises, at 3 o'clock, 100 city lots, situate respectively on Lincoln and Scott avenues, Bond, Lufberry, Rutherford and Paterson streets, the property of Mr. JOHN U. UNDERHILL, will be offered at auction by JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., and at Fordham, Westchester Co., at Kearn's Hotel, at 11 o'clock, 200 desirably located lots will also be disposed of by order of the Supreme Court in foreclosure, under the direction of JOHN B. HASKIN, Esq., referee. For next week the sales projected, particularly those of a suburban character, are many of them of importance, and special attention is called to our weekly list published on Monday. On Thursday, June 27, MULLER, WILKINS & CO. will also conduct an exceedingly important auction at the Exchange, at which a large number of very valuable boulevard lots will be offered. A further reference to this proposed transaction will be made in due season.

The auction at Marion, N. J., virtually the Thirteenth Ward of Jersey City, by order of the Marion Building Company, held on Thursday, June 20, by JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., assisted by ALDRIDGE & WOOD, of Jersey City, was not only largely attended but a greater portion of the property was sold than was anticipated, and at better figures. In all, seven houses and 168 city lots were disposed of for $124.255 in the aggregate, the average per lot being about $700. Full details, with names of purchasers, most of whom were from Marion, Jersey City, New-York and Brooklyn, are appended. In reference to the property sold, it should be noted that the lots are situated on avenues and streets, opened, graded, sewered, curbed and guttered, with gas and water pipes already laid down. The result, however, was a very satisfactory one, and the total value of lots sold the largest this year, at any auction carried through out side of the City. The sale held at Plainfield, N. J., also on Thursday, by A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., resulted also successfully, although the property offered was not so termed high-priced, for some 150 lots were sold for $12,000 in the total, the average being $80 per lot. The principal buyers were Chas. Shearer, Darius M. Bliss, D. W. Stone, Lucinda Smith, Thomas Orr, Geo. Harbers, and others, all of New-York. The lots disposed of form a portion of what is known as the Stine property, and was sold by order of one of the heirs to settle estate interests. They are situated in the suburbs of Plainfield, or North Plainfield, as it is called, within five minutes' walk of the new Erona Station of the New-Jersey Central Railroad, and most of the same front on Rockview and Mountain avenues. The prices realized were considered fair.

At private sale, V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-street, and No. 226 Fifth-avenue, report having recently sold the premises No. 609 Fifth-avenue, (lot 28 by 100,) for $117,500.

Suburban Sales, Thursday, June 20.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

By A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Bro.

150 City lots, situate principally on Rockview and Mountain avs.; average $80 per lot	$12,000

MARION, N. J.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr.,

And Aldridge & Wood, Jersey City.

2 lots on Fox-place, block No. 56; R. Earle	$1,300
1 lot, corner Fox-place and West-side-av.; R. Earle	960
1 lot, West-side-av.; R. Earle	800
8 lots, West-side-av.; Sylvester Beard	6,320
3 lots, Pavonia-av.; H. Webster	1,830
1 lot, Pavonia-av., corner Giles-av.; G. R. Lancaster	950
2 lots, Pavonia-av.; G. R. Lancaster	1,600
1 lot, Pavonia-av., corner Giles-av.; Farrow & McCullough	960
5 lots, Pavonia-av.; James Fleming	3,400
3 lot, Pavonia-av. and West-side-av.; James Gliddon	1,825
1 lot, West-side-av.; James Gliddon	825
2 lots, West-side-av.; M. R. Miller	1,620
6 lots, West-side-av.; C. Van Horn	4,800
2 lots, Marion-place; John Steele	1,120
2 lots on Wright-av., block No. 26; Orloff Johnson	1,050
3 lots on Wright-av., block No. 26; Thomas Francis	1,560
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; J. Jurgood	510
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; H. Swaine	500
4 lots on Wright-av., block No. 26; W. Dewey	2,000
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; J. W. Gliddon	810
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; Josiah Mills	545
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; W. J. Hardenbrook	535
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; H. Penny	535
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; John Lennon	475
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; W. J. Hardenbrook	500
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; Mr. Nicholay	460
1 lot on Wright-av., block No. 26; Michael McDonald	440
6 lots on Wright-av., block No. 26; James Alexander	2,640
2 lots on Wright-av., block No. 26; Alexander Jacobus	1,110
2 lots on Wallis-av., block No. 26; W. J. Hardenbrook	830
1 lot on Wallis-av., block No. 26; T. J. Gliddon	375
1 lot on Wallis-av., block No. 26; N. H. Wallis	510
2 lots on Wallis-av., block No. 26; N. H. Caikendall	880
1 lot on Giles-av., block No. 53; Matthew Doyle	810
1 lot on Giles-av., block No. 53; Geo. Barnes	800
1 lot on Giles-av., block No. 53; J. Longhi	800
1 lot on Giles-av., block No. 53; J. O. Kane	725
6 lots on Giles-av., block No. 53; C. Van Horn	4,200
1 lot on corner Giles-av. and Fox-place, block No. 57; J. Bunsoee	900
1 lot on Fox-place, block No. 57; H. A. Smith	775
5 lots on Fox-place, block No. 57; H. A. Smith	3,375
1 lot on corner Fox-place and West-side-av. block No. 57; Geo. Barnes	1,350
4 lots on West-side-av., block No. 57; Sylvester Beard	3,000
2 lots on Giles-av., block No. 55; C. S. Shaw	4,150
3 lots on Giles-av., block No. 55; C. H. Applegate	2,250
2 lots on Giles-av., block No. 55; J. O. Halloran	1,600
2 lots on Giles-av., block No. 55; P. N. Stanley	1,600
1 lot on Giles-av., block No. 55; J. S. Duslin	750
2 lots on Wales-av., Block No. 26; G. R. D. Earle	1,820
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; Robert Barker	725
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; W. T. Hardenbrook	740
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; Joseph D. Jones	675
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; Joseph Mills	650
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; with house, Morris Webster	3,500
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; G. W. Gliddon	700
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; J. J. Manghan	685
2 lots on Wales-av., Block No. 26; C. Van Horn	1,300
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; Cornelius Zabriske	825
3 lots on Wales-av., Block No. 26; Cornelius Zabriske	1,875
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; H. J. Pipel	675
1 lot on Wales-av., Block No. 26; W. S. Hewins	700
5 lots on Wales-av., Block No. 26; H. Webster	3,250
3⅔ lots on Wales-av. Block No. 20; Webster and Lancaster	2,350
14 lots on Wales-av., Block No. 26; D. N. Stanley	9.240
6 houses and lots on Wales-av.; J. C. Van Horn	12,300
1 lot, corner of Giles-av. and Fox-place; G. H. J. Picket	880
3 lots on Fox-place; S. W. Chamberlain	1,800
1 lot on Wallis-av.; John H. Schiften	400
2 lots on Wallis-av.; H. J. Pipel	950
1 lot on Wallis-av.; J. S. Hughes	475
2 lots on corner Broadway and Wales-av.; H. J. Pipet	1,650
5 lots on Broadway and Dales-av.; J. Joyneson	2,925
5 lots on Broadway and Freeman-av.; George Barnet	1,600
2 lots on Wright-av.; M. R. Miller	1,110

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Thursday, June 20.

Boulevard, s. w. corner of 88th-st., about 100.8x325	$100,000
Broadway, w. s., 44 ft. s. of 37th-st., 22x120.3; husband to wife	nom.
Horatio-st., s. s., 110.4 ft. e. of Hudson-st., 25x87, h. and l.	25,250
Jackson-st., s. e. corner of Cherry-st., 25x75	7,500
Monroe-st., n. s., No. 27, 20.7x50	nom.
10th-st., s. s., 193 ft. e. of Avenue C, 20x192.3, h. and l.	8,000
10th-st., n. s., 231.4 ft. w. of 5th-av., 26.7x94.10	32,000
14th-st., s. s. 163 ft. e. of Avenue B 25x103.3; correcting error	nom.
32d-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of 7th-av., 50x98.9; 32d and 33d sts., centre line, 225 ft. w. of 7th-av., 50 x30.9, rear of above b. and s. 1866	13,500
37th-st., s. s., 195.8 ft. w. of Broadway, 24x98.9; mortgages $20,000	27,000
53d-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of 6th-av., 20x100.5, h. and l.	32,500
53d-st., n. s., 320 ft. w. of 6th-av., 20x100.5, h. and l.	32,500
56th-st., s. s., 153 ft. e. of 4th-av., 21x100.5	35,000
58th-st., n. s., 376 ft. w. of Avenue A, 60x100.4	12,000
59th-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x100.5, mortgage $9,500	15,500
62d-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 5th-av., 50x100.5	4,500
70th-st., n. s., 813 ft. e. of 1st-av., 25x100.4	2,000
74th-st., s. s., 54 ft. e. of 4th-av., 54x102.2, irregular	75,000
74th-st., s. s., 108 ft. e. of 4th-av., about 18x102.2	25,000
74th-st., s. s., 126 ft. e. of 4th-av., 54x102.2	75,000
75th-st., s. s., 280 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20x102.2	5,000
86th-st., s. s., 275 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x102.2; 85th-st., n. s., 394 ft. w. of Avenue A. 25x102.2	7,123
116th-st., s. w. corner Madison-av., 10x100.11	2,000
116th-st., n. s. 317 ft. w. of 3d-av., 17x100.11, h. and l.; foreclose	12,750
Lexington-av., e. s., 40.5 ft. n. of 55th-st., 20x80	27,750
2d-av., e. s. 49.5 ft. n. of 26th-st., 24.8x80.9, irregular	20,500
2d-av., w. s., 25.2 ft. s. of 74th-st., 50.9x67, hs. and ls.	32,500
2d-av., s. e. corner 85th-st., 102.2x100; 84th-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of 2d-av., 50x102.2; 85th-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of 2d-av., 100x102.2	60,000
5th-av., e. s., 50.5 ft. n. of 53d-st., 50x100	110,000
7th-av., e. s., 19.1 ft. n. of 41st-st., 20x76.5. (½ part)	10,000
11th-av., w. s., 100.5 ft. s. of 70th-st., 50x100	12,500

Lease Recorded.

Canal-st., No. 31, 5 years from 1873, per year	$1,500

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AT FLATBUSH, ON Vernon-av., 100 yards from Flatbush-av. Two-story and basement frame house, 28 feet front by 25 to 32 in depth, in first-rate order, built but two years; gas, heater, well and cistern water; ground 100x150; stable. Must be sold from necessity. Taxes last year $20. Price $7,600; only $2,000 cash. Title perfect. Agents can make commission, or same will be allowed to buyer. House, with one-third of ground, will be sold for $5,000. Apply on premises, or at coal-yard, corner Columbia and Pacific sts., Brooklyn.

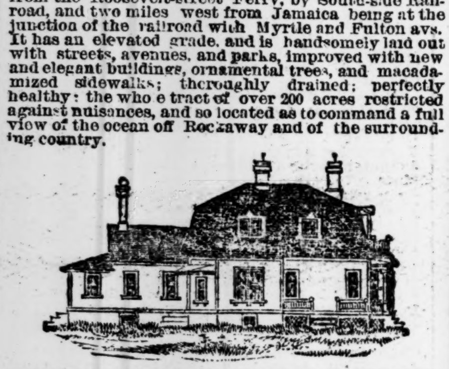
COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

RICHMOND HILL

LONG ISLAND,

NEW YORK
C.H.
Williamsburgh
Brooklyn
South
L.I.R.R.
South Side R.R.
Broadway
Fulton Ave.
Myrtle Ave.
Richmond Hill
Jamaica

is a railroad station and beautiful village seven miles from the Roosevelt-street Ferry, by South-side Railroad, and two miles west from Jamaica being at the junction of the railroad with Myrtle and Fulton avs. It has an elevated grade, and is handsomely laid out with streets, avenues, and parks, improved with new and elegant buildings, ornamental trees, and macadamized sidewalks; thoroughly drained; perfectly healthy: the whole tract of over 200 acres restricted against nuisances, and so located as to command a full view of the ocean off Rockaway and of the surrounding country.



COTTAGES AND MANSARD-ROOF DWELLINGS IN VARIETY, FOR SALE OR TO LET, AND ELIGIBLE LOTS AND VILLA SITES FOR SALE.

The place is suitable for residence throughout the year; climate milder in Winter and cooler in Summer than that of the interior; the surrounding country beautiful, and roads excellent; churches and schools near by, and access to the City rapid, frequent, and cheap; time to the ferry at South Seventh-street, thirty minutes; fare, 15 cents; yearly commutation, $48.

Take trains from Roosevelt or Grand street Ferries at 8 or 10 A. M. Property at this point, purchased at present rates, will rapidly enhance in value.

Apply to O. B. FOWLER, Agent, near the station; or R. R. HAZARD, Jr., No. 110 Broadway.

$5,000—FOR SALE, IN THE UPper part of Newark, N. J., (Woodside,) a pleasantly-situated house; nine rooms, with water in kitchen and bath-room; furnace in cellar with registers in all the principal rooms; marble mantel in parlor; cellar extends under whole house lot 50x215; good well of water and cistern on premises. Address H. B., Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE.

"ECHO LAWN," the country-seat of the subscriber, embracing about fifty acres of land, (several most eligible villa sites) on the western slope of Noroton Hill, Stamford, Conn. It furnishes delightful views of the village to the south-west; Park and Richmond and the more distant Greenwich Hills to the west; of Strawberry Hill and New-Canaan to the north-west and north, with most charming glimpses of the Sound and Long Island to the south. Nothing can exceed the sunset views as seen from this place. The villa, in the Gothic cottage style, is commodious, and has all the modern conveniences, including gas, and the out-buildings are complete. The gardens are extensive, and abound in vegetables and small fruits; there is also an orchard of apple and other fruit trees. The grounds are well shaded, and surroundings first-class. The prospective value of this property is far above the present price, as "rapid transit" will, ere long, bring it within an hour of the City Hall. It is reached now in a little more than an hour from 42d-st. For other particulars, and permits to view the premises, apply to JAMES WILLCOX, No. 658 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

A $65,000 mill property, extensive glass-works, flour mill, four acres of land, fine wharfage, seven dwellings, with all the external advantages and internal equipments for doing an immense business. The works are in full operation, with business secured for a long time. Located in the flourishing city of Salem, N. J. Terms easy; might make an exchange for property in the vicinity of New-York.

BRADFIELD & CO.,

No. 239 Broadway, immediately in front of the new Post-office. We make a specialty of exchanging property in New-York and vicinity for property in and near Philadelphia.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY.

Quick transit being no longer a matter of doubt, makes Westchester property desirable for investment.

Parties desirous of informing themselves as to its present and future prospects, are invited to call on the undersigned, who, by long residence in the county, can give full information regarding it.

FOR SALE.

Within half hour's drive of Central Park, places, improved and unimproved, of from one to twenty-five acres, at prices which cannot fail to pay very handsomely, as investments.

HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE OF THE late H. K. Skelding, at Stamford, Conn.

HOUSE first-class in every particular, with all modern improvements, and in perfect order.

GROUNDS, about two acres, handsomely laid out.

OUT-BUILDINGS ample and convenient.

LOCATION very desirable, being central, with fronts on Atlantic and Pacific sts., and only a few minutes' walk from depot of New-York and New-Haven Railroad.

PRICE low to close an estate.

TERMS easy.

For further information apply to

D. M. SKELDING, Executrix,
Stamford, Conn.,
or J. T. WILLIAMS, Executor,
11th-av. and West 25th-st., New-York.

MORNINGSIDE MANSION IN PITTSFIELD, BERKSHIRE COUNTY, MASS.—This villa, recently owned and occupied by Judge B. R. Curtis, is offered for sale. From ten to one hundred acres of meadow, tillage and wood land, can be had with it; the land is of the first quality and has a warm south-easterly exposure; the buildings are all in perfect repair and carefully adapted to Summer and Winter occupancy; it is provided with a prolific grapery, a large and productive fruit orchard, and extensive garden grounds, well cared for and inviting; the site commands an unusual range of Berkshire scenery, and the place is considered one of the very finest villas in the country; it is one mile from the centre of Pittsfield. Inquire of E. H. KELLOGG, Pittsfield, Mass.

NEAR GENEVA, N. Y.—A BEAUTIFUL Summer residence and farm of seventy-five acres of choice land on the bank of Seneca Lake; fine large house, good out-buildings, and an abundance of all kinds of fruit; a fine lawn and grove from the house to the lake; a good boat-house and fine boating; a charming place to spend the Summer at, or for a gentleman's home who wishes to retire from business; a more healthy location cannot be found; price moderate, and long time will be given on a part. For particulars, inquire of J. H. FOUNTAIN, Elmira, New-York.

FOR SALE—OR TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY property, 100 acres at William's Bridge, adjoining the depot; farm of 140 acres in New-Jersey, within twenty miles of New-York; hotel and 50 acres, with furniture, in New-Jersey, twenty miles from the City Iron Mines; paint mill, &c., in Pennsylvania; country-seat and 50 acres of land at Riverhead, Long Island. Apply to JOHN S. MARCY, No. 31 Pine-st., second floor, rear office.

TO SEWING-MACHINE COMPANIES AND OTHER LARGE MANUFACTURES.—For sale, one of the largest and best-located water fronts around New-York, accessible at all times of the year; from City Hall to property, forty minutes. Address JOHN TANEHILL, Box 2,597 New York Post-office.

TO MANAGERS OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.—For sale, fine, large, commodious brick buildings, with chapel attached, and nine acres of land, beautifully laid out, within a few steps of Harlem Bridge. Terms easy. It is now used as a young ladies' seminary. Apply to WILLIAM KENNELLY, No. 4 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT ASTORIA.—A SWISS cottage, five large rooms, marble shelves; large cellar; lot 37.6x100 feet; just finished; new fences; can be bought for $23,000; $600 cash, balance on mortgage for five years. Inquire of C. C. HOWELL, 10th-av. and Grant st.

THE LARGEST TRACT OF LAND FOR SALE IN THE VICINITY OF NEW YORK CITY.—1,000 acres, two miles and a half from King's Bridge and less than one mile from the Hudson River. For particulars inquire of CHAS. W. BATHGATE, Fordham.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—ONE HOUR from New-York; beautiful country residence, with three acres ground on mountain side; positively a bargain; immediate possession. H. E. MATHEWS, No. 596 Broadway, New-York; M. & H. Organ Co.; LEMUEL FREEMAN, 215 Montague-st. Brooklyn.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, 9 to 11; or Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

MANUFACTURING PROPERTY for sale or exchange—A short distance from the City, directly on canal and railroad; large building, fifty-horse steam-engine, with plenty of ground. Address W. H. B., Box 3,293 Post-office.

FOR SALE AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—Eight-roomed cottage; large garden filled with fruit-trees and grape-vines in bearing; price, $5,500. Apply to proprietor of Englewood House.

ORANGE, N. J., AND VICINITY. (SPECIALTY.)—Fine variety property; sale, rent or exchange. I. H. GERRY, No. 39 Nassau-st.; Orange office opposite main depot.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

GO TO
THE GREAT

CONTINUATION SALE.
200 SUPERB LOTS.
WEST DUNELLEN,

NEW-JERSEY.

THURSDAY, June 27.

Free trains. Free lunch. Music by Grafulla. For free tickets, maps, &c., apply to R. L. WILLIAMS & CO., No. 112 Broadway; MABEN & CO., No. 15 Willoughby and No. 206 Montague sts., Brooklyn, and real estate offices, opposite the depot, Plainfield.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

DESIRABLE BROOKLYN PROPERTY, NEAR HAMILTON FERRY. TUESDAY, July 2.

At 12 M., at Exchange Sales-rooms, No. 111 Broadway. Premises Nos. 26 and 28 Coles-st., near Hamilton-av., size 50x100 feet. There are four houses, (three brick,) all in fine order, renting for over $1,400 per annum; distance quarter of a mile from ferry; half on mortgage. Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st., New-York.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION

CHEAP LOTS IN NEW-JERSEY.

VERY EASY PAYMENTS.

AT PARK RIDGE, N. J.,

ON THE HACKENSACK EXTENSION RAILROAD, 25 MILES FROM CITY HALL, NEW-YORK.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1872,

AT 12½ P. M., ON THE PREMISES. POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

CHOICE VILLA PLOTS

AND SEVERAL DESIRABLE HOUSES

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION,

IN THE CHARMING PASCACK VALLEY, ONE OF THE FINEST SECTIONS OF COUNTRY IN THE STATE.

MUSIC AND LUNCHEON,

AND SPECIAL TRAIN AT 11½ A. M. FOR MAPS AND PASSES APPLY TO
A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., Auctioneers, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

J. M. PHELPS, Auctioneer.

BEAUTIFUL ISLE OF THE SEA!

GRAND FIRST OPPORTUNITY
EVER OFFERED
to purchase in small parcels

450 ELEGANT LOTS,

together with

TWO HANDSOME DWELLINGS,

in

New-Brighton,

right on the very garden spot and aristocratic centre of the wealth and population of glorious old

STATEN ISLAND,

AT AUCTION,

Tuesday, June 25, 1872,

AT 12 O'CLOCK M.,
On the premises.

Sales without limit or reserve, in

LOTS, PLOTS AND BLOCKS,

to suit all classes of purchasers, RICH and POOR, situated on LAFAYETTE, PROSPECT, CHESTNUT and BRIGHTON AVS., near to all village conveniences. Finest views and neighborhood in America.

Only THIRTY-FIVE MINUTES FROM WALL-ST.; TWO MINUTES FROM STREET-CARS; TEN MINUTES FROM NORTH and SOUTH Shore Ferry landings.

FREE EXCURSION.

Music and Collation.

TITLE PERFECT. TERMS LIBERAL.

MEN AND WOMEN OF ALL NATIONS who seek investments, or want BEAUTIFUL HOMES. CHEAP,

COME AND SEE IT.

Take North Shore Boat, Pier No. 19 North River, between Cortlandt and Dey sts., at 11 A. M.

Should the day prove stormy, the sale will take place on THURSDAY, 27th, at same hour.

For free excursion tickets, maps, and further particulars, apply to

J. M. PHELPS, Auctioneer, No. 82 Cedar-st.

JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

GRANDEST TRIUMPH OF ALL.
MAGNIFICENT MICKLE MANSION

PRETTY COTTAGE AND FARMER'S HOUSE, TOGETHER WITH

1,000 SPLENDID LOTS

AND

30 Water Front Villa Plots.

SPLENDIDLY SITUATED AT

BAYSIDE, L. I.,

ON

LITTLE NECK BAY,

AT PUBLIC AUCTION WITHOUT RESERVE ON

Tuesday, June 25, 1872,

By order of JAMES BLACKWELL, Esq.,
MAMMOTH CLAM-BAKE—Crocheron.
ENTREE TURTLE SOUP—Gould's best style.
GRAFULLA'S FAMOUS BAND.
MAMMOTH CANVAS PAVILION.
HARRISON, the great improvisatore poet.

The Mickle estate cannot be surpassed by any property on Long Island. The situation is splendid and commanding, and the sale will be unequivocally unreserved and absolute. Terms very easy; seventy per cent. on mortgage. Free excursion tickets of JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

A PORTION OF THE HARSEN ESTATE, COMPRISING FIFTY-FOUR LOTS AND GORES ON THE WEST SIDE OF THE GRAND BOULEVARD,

north side of 71st-st., and east side of 11th-av., will be sold at auction by ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., on THURSDAY, June 27, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.

Two-thirds of the purchase money may, at the option of the purchaser, remain on bond and mortgage for three years.

The title is undoubted.

The lots are naturally graded, and none of them are much above or below the street level.

The grade of the Boulevard at 71st-st. is 74 feet above high-water mark, and at 11th-av. and 71st-st. the grade is 62 feet above.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. WILL sell at auction, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Aug. 14, 1872, at 12 M., 416,044 acres of land in Kentucky, mostly in the north-eastern counties.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FURNISHED.

TO LET OR LEASE.—THE SPACIOUS dwelling-house, the residence of the late Josiah Macy, situate about one and a half miles from the depot at Rye, Westchester County, or three-quarters of a mile from Harrison depot. The house will be let or leased, furnished, with stables and carriage-house, together with the garden, well stocked with a full variety of vegetables. There is also on the place a furnished cottage, with stable and carriage-house, which will be let for one or more years. For terms apply to WM. H. MACY, at Seaman's Savings Bank; C. A. MACY, No. 30 Wall-st., or F. H. MACY, No. 189 Front-st.

FOR RENT, FOR THE SEASON, AT Yonkers, furnished house, with two acres ground; large quantities of fruit and vegetables; stable and carriage-house; twelve minutes from depot; immediate possession. Apply to CHAS. J. PUSEY, No. 78 Broadway, New-York, or JAS. YOUMANS, Yonkers.

YONKERS.—EIGHT FURNISHED AND ten unfurnished houses to rent cheap; a very neat furnished cottage near depot; splendid river view. JAMES YOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER, NEAR PATerson, N. J., a large and elegant house, partially furnished; rent low. Address M., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—HOUSE, 50TH st., near 5th-av., till October; $125 per month; arrangements for longer period at value, if desired. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 43½ Lispenard-st.

AT MONTCLAIR, N. J.—A FURNISHED house, with every convenience, pleasant grounds, stable, cow, &c., to rent for the Summer. Address No. 3 Bible House, New-York.

UNFURNISHED.

TO RENT.—EDGEWOOD, HYDE PARK, the residence of the late John R. Stuyvesant, Esq., stables, garden, green-house and grapery, the whole surrounded by extensive grounds and lovely views of the Hudson River. Terms $1,500 for the season. Apply to ROBERT SANFORD, Poughkeepsie.

STORES, &C, TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET

IN

TIMES BUILDING,

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

HIGH BRIDGE.—TO LET, FOR ONE OR more years, the Parker House, within three minutes' walk of High Bridge, the most popular resort anywhere around New-York for excursions and drives; a rare chance for a hotel man. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

CLOSING OUT.—CANTON AND COIR Mattings, Ingrain, Tapestry and Brussels Carpets, Hat Buckrams, Burlaps, Bagging, Cloths, Cassimeres, &c. A. LESTER & CO., No. 103 Chambers-st.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers and dealers in New-Jersey real estate, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

AUCTION SALE OF 300 OF THE CHOICEST LOTS EVER OFFERED AT AUCTION, AT

RUTHERFURD PARK, N. J.,

ON

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26,

At 12½ P. M., on the premises,

At and about the Erie Station, in the midst of CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, STORES AND DWELLINGS.

EVERY LOT GRADED,
And fronting on
AVENUES GRADED AND SEWERED, WITH SIDEWALKS AND TREES.

The very best lots, without any exception, THAT HAVE EVER BEEN OFFERED AT RUTHERFURD PARK,

Being the

MOST VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE TOWN FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES OR RESIDENCES.

Also, a handsome Italian cottage on Chestnut-st., ten rooms. Ten per cent. cash, balance can remain.

Special train will leave New-York at 11 A. M. on day of sale.

Music by Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band.

LUNCHEON.

For maps and passes, apply to J. FISHER SATTERTHWAITE, No. 10 Pine-st., or to the auctioneers.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
Auctioneers and dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate,
No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

GREAT EAST JERSEY SHORE

Excursion and Sale at Auction,

By order of the Stafford Land Company, of

Houses, Town-Lots, Farms and Hotel, TUESDAY, JUNE 25TH, ON

BARNEGAT BAY,

AT MANNAHAWKIN STATION,

on the New-Jersey Southern Railway.

The Stafford Land Company propose making this excursion and sale for the purpose of introducing to those people of the City and vicinity desirous of purchasing farms or village residences, the attractions and advantages of that section of New-Jersey lying along the coast. Stafford Township, in Ocean County, especially the vicinity of the property to be sold by the Land Company, offers unusual advantages for settlement. The soil is a rich black loam highly productive.

Mannahawkin, one of the oldest villages in the State, situated on the western shore of Barnegat Bay, contains 1,000 inhabitants, churches, schools, stores, mills, &c. The recent opening of the Tuckerton Branch of the New-Jersey Southern Railroad has given it direct connection with New-York and Philadelphia. The station is on the property.

SPLENDID MUSIC WILL BE FURNISHED BY GRAFULLA'S SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND.

LUNCHEON BEFORE THE SALE.

Special train will leave New-York on the day of sale, at 9:40, stopping at Long Branch, Eatontown Junction, Bricksburg, Manchester, Tom's River, Waretown and Barnegat. For maps, free passes and full particulars, apply at the offices of the company, No. 87 Liberty-st., New-York, 226 Walnut-st., Philadelphia, or to the auctioneers, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

BRILLIANT AUCTION TRIUMPHS.
FOURTH GRAND SALE

IN THE LOVELY VILLAGE OF

WHITESTONE, L. I.

200 SPLENDID LOTS

WILL POSITIVELY BE SOLD,

by peremptory order of Messrs. PAULEY & SCHLESINGER, under direction of GEORGE W. VAN SICLEN, Esq., attorney, on

Thursday, June 27.

GRAFULLA'S FAMOUS BAND.
THE INIMITABLE HARRISON.
RURAL BANQUET UNDER AN IMMENSE CANVAS PAVILION.

Sale absolute. No limits. No reserve. No by bidding. Title perfect. Seventy per cent. on mortgage.

Free train will leave, via James-slip and Thirty-fourth-street Ferries, at 11 o'clock sharp.

Free tickets of Jere. Johnson, Jr., No. 25 Nassau-st., or of Geo. W. Van Siclen, attorney, No. 133 Nassau-st.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer.

WILL CONTINUE THE SALE OF

200 VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS

In the town of GREENVILLE, HUDSON COUNTY, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, June 26, at 2½ o'clock, on the premises.

This property comprises some of the most desirable real-estate ever offered in Hudson County. The location is delightful on high ground, with an extended view of the City and Bay of New-York, Brooklyn, Staten Island, &c.

The station of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey is on this property. There are twenty-six daily trains each way between New-York and Greenville; the time from foot of Liberty-st., New-York, to Greenville Station is twenty minutes, and the fare, (by excursion tickets,) ten cents.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third cash, two-thirds to remain on bond and mortgage for three years at seven per cent.

For maps, &c., apply at the Post-office, Greenville, or of LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer, No. 79 Montgomery-st., Jersey City, or of M. ARMSTRONG, No. 19 Ferry-st., New-York.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF WESTchester.—WILLIAM CHAMBERLAIN, Executor, &c., against STEPHEN CAMBRELENG and others, FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE.

NEARLY 200 LOTS AT FORDHAM,

To be sold at auction by JNO. B. HASKIN, Referee.

At Kearn's Hotel, Fordham, Saturday, June 22, at 11 A. M.

For particulars apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON & JAS. W. CAIRNS, attorneys for plaintiff, No. 26 Broad-st., New-York.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE for the Second District of the State of New-York, comprising the Third, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards of the City of New-York.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to law, that I have received from the Assessor the list of valuations and enumerations of property subject to tax under the act "to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, and the several acts amendatory thereto. That the duties and taxes enumerated therein have become due and payable, and that I will attend personally or by deputy for the collection of the same at my office, No. 395 Canal-st., corner of Thompson-st., daily, (Sundays excepted,) from the 20th day of June, 1872, to the 1st day of July, both days inclusive, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.

The list above referred to includes the special taxes for the year ending May 1, 1873, and the taxes upon incomes for the year ending December 31, 1871.

All persons who shall neglect to pay the sums due by them respectively, according to the aforesaid list, within the time hereby specified, will become liable to the penalties prescribed by law.

M. H. TREADWELL, Collector.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN MARKET COMPANY,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway,
NEW-YORK, June 15, 1872.

NOTICE.—THE CONSTANT APPLICATION for *stands* in the Manhattan Market, 34th-st., North River, has induced the Company to open their books before the completion of the building. Consequently on and after MONDAY, July 1, STANDS will be LEASED for the term of *five years*, the occupants to have privilege and preference on renewal of lease at the end of the term. Leases will date from Aug. 1, when it is expected the building will be ready for occupation. Plans of the building and stands, with prices affixed, can be examined at the office of the Company. PAUL J. ARMOUR, President.

THE UNDERSIGNED, A COMMITTEE appointed by a resolution of the Senate of the State of New-York, passed April 18, 1872, to examine into the affairs of the Department of Buildings of the City of New-York, hereby give notice that they will meet on the 24th of June, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to hear and investigate any charges or complaints which may be preferred against the said Department or any officers or attachés thereof. The charges and complaints in writing, with the name and address of the party making them, may be filed with the Clerk of the Committee, Chas. H. Kitchel, No. 115 Broadway, Rooms Nos. 8, 9 and 10.

DANIEL F. TIEMANN,
ERASTUS C. BENEDICT, } Committee.
AUG. WEISMANN,
CHAS. H. KITCHEL, Clerk.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

FINANCIAL.

SAFE AND PROFITABLE.

THE

CANADA SOUTHERN

First Mortgage Sinking Fund 30 Years

7 PER CT. GOLD BONDS

AT

90 and ACCRUED INTEREST.

The Road runs from Buffalo to the Detroit River, and is the Eastern link in the new AIR LINE FROM BUFFALO TO CHICAGO, and has been under construction for about two years past by railroad men who have seen the necessity for a STEEL RAIL, LOW GRADE SHORT ROUTE between the great railroad systems which diverge from Chicago, Toledo and Buffalo.

Among the builders of the road, by whose cash subscriptions 220 miles (out of 290) have already been graded, bridged and made ready for the superstructure, a large part of the steel rails bought, all of the materials for the stations, and a part of the equipment purchased, are:

MILTON COURTRIGHT, JOHN F. TRACY DAVID DOWS, WM. L. SCOTT, HENRY FARNHAM, R. A. FORSYTH, HENRY H. PORTER, JOHN M. BURKE, M. L. SYKES, JR., B. F. ALLEN, all directors, either in the Chicago and North west, or the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; GEO. OPDYKE, of the Midland Road; JOHN B. ALLEN, SIDNEY DILLON, DANIEL DREW, J. S. CASEMENT, J. & J. CASEY, O. S. CHAPMAN, JOHN ROSS, DAVID STEWART, and F. H. WINSTON.

THE ROAD will be

33 MILES SHORTER THAN ANY OTHER ROAD,

either BUILT or in contemplation between Buffalo and Chicago, and will also shorten the distance between Toledo and Buffalo twenty-three miles.

THE MAXIMUM GRADE on the entire line does not exceed FIFTEEN FEET to the mile—and Ninety-six per cent. of the road IS STRAIGHT.

THE ROAD WILL BE COMPLETED and in running order on or before Dec. 31 of this year.

The principal and interest of the bonds are payable either in New-York, London or Frankfort.

We confidently recommend the bonds to all classes of investors.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,

NO. 10 WALL-ST.

NOTICE.

HAVING BECOME ASSOCIATED with Messrs. LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER in the Agency of the CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY, we offer the above-named Bonds for sale. After a thorough investigation we recommend them to our friends and customers as a sure and reliable investment. Pamphlets and all other information furnished on application.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,

NO. 27 PINE-ST.

HOUSTON AND TEXAS CENTRAL
RAILWAY COMPANY'S
First Mortgage
LAND-GRANT SINKING FUND
7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds,

At 90 and Accrued Interest in Currency,

YIELDING ABOUT NINE PER CENT. ON THE INVESTMENT.

WILLIAM E. DODGE, of New-York, President.
SHEPHERD KNAPP & WILLIAM WALTER PHELPS, Trustees for Bondholders.

A Sinking Fund of two per cent. of the earnings and all sales of lands devoted to redemption of the bonds.

Principal and interest payable in gold at the National City Bank, New-York. We confidently assure investors that these bonds are in every respect first-class, and we recommend them as an entirely safe investment. All securities taken at Board prices in exchange. Circulars and information may be obtained at our office.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

No. 59 Wall-st., New-York.

CONVERTIBLE
MIDLAND BONDS

A 7 per cent. Bond for sale at 80 and interest on one of the great roads running from New-York City—on the third largest road in New-York State. The most desirable bond of all the Midland issues, affording the largest income and promising the greatest profit.

At 80 and interest they give about **9 PER CENT. PER ANNUM** income on the amount invested, and by a rise to par would pay **25 PER CENT. PROFIT.**

We believe them one of the safest and most profitable investments offered in this market for years.

ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO

SOLE AGENTS FOR THIS LOAN,
NO. 25 PINE-ST.

OFFICE OF THE COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, NO. 29 WILLIAM-ST.
NEW-YORK, June 15, 1872.

HOLDERS OF THE BONDS, COUPONS or stock of the State of South Carolina are hereby informed that this Company will receive bonds for registration by June 22, according to the act of the General Assembly relating to the bonds of South Carolina, approved the 13th day of March, 1872, the tenth section of said act being as follows:

SEC. 10. The Commercial Warehouse Company, in the City of New-York, and the Carolina National Bank, in the City of Columbia, S. C., are hereby declared to be authorized places for the registration of the bonds, coupons or stock of the State of South Carolina, and they are authorized, on the passage of this act, to immediately advertise in one or two of the principal papers in each of the Cities of New-York, Columbia and Charleston, to the holders of all the bonds, coupons or stock of the State of South Carolina, the necessity of registering their bonds, coupons or stocks at one of the above authorized places of registry. In the registration of said bonds, coupons or stocks, the number and denomination of each Bond, Coupon, or Certificate of Stock, the act under which it was issued, and the name of the person, association, corporation, or firm presenting the same shall be recorded, and the time and place of registration shall be endorsed upon said Bonds, Coupons, or Stocks, so that the same Bonds, Coupons, or Stocks may not be presented at more than one place of registration. It shall be the duty of said Commercial Warehouse Company, in the City of New-York, and the Carolina National Bank, in the City of Columbia, S. C., to publish in the Cities of New-York, Charleston, and Columbia, quarterly statements of the whole amount of Bonds, Coupons, or Stocks registered by them, the number, denomination, and the act under which they have been issued. The State Treasurer and the Financial Agent of the State, in the City of New-York, shall not pay interest on said Bonds or Stocks until they have been registered according to the requirements of this act.

WM. D. BOWERMAN, President.

OFFICE OF THE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, June 8, 1872.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Erie Railway Company, for the election of seventeen Directors to serve for one year, as provided by law, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the General Office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of July next.

The polls will open at 10 o'clock A. M., and remain open till 2 o'clock, or for such further time as may be necessary, in the opinion of the Inspectors, to poll all votes then present.

The transfer-books will be closed at the close of business on MONDAY, the 10th day of June, instant, and will reopen for the transfer of Common Stock July 10, and for Preferred July 16.

By order H. N. OTIS, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

Midland Pacific
RAILWAY
FIRST MORTGAGE
7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

These bonds are issued at the rate of $18,333 per mile upon COMPLETED ROAD from NEBRASKA CITY, on the Missouri River, to LINCOLN, the CAPITAL of NEBRASKA. The distance between these points is about sixty miles, and this division of the Road is in successful operation and earning net more than all the interest on its Bonds. It penetrates an EXCEEDINGLY RICH AGRICULTURAL region, with UNLIMITED CAPABILITIES for production, and is much needed for removal of abundant crops to market. This need has been so much felt that LOCAL SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE AMOUNT OF $8,000 PER MILE HAVE BEEN MADE to facilitate the extension of the road from Lincoln westward to the Platte River, which is in process of construction. The MIDLAND PACIFIC forms part of a direct EAST AND WEST TRUNK ROUTE, now being rapidly built from Urbana, on the INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN RAILWAY, in Illinois, through A VERY RICH AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT DENSELY POPULATED for the greater part of the way, to Grand Island, on the Platte River, where junction is made with the Union Pacific Railroad. This new line, 610 miles long, is formed of three links, of which more than 200 MILES ARE COMPLETED, a force of over 2,000 men is engaged in vigorous prosecution of the work, and THE ENTIRE LINE IS TO BE FULLY COMPLETED IN 1873.

The roads composing this trunk line are JUDICIOUSLY LOCATED AND ARE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SOME OF THE ABLEST AND MOST SUCCESSFUL RAILWAY MANAGERS of the country. Being in the same interest, consolidation must follow, and thus form a strong combination of railway. Directness of route is greatly in its favor, as it saves 147 miles in distance between New-York and San Francisco over any existing line. The MIDLAND PACIFIC, with the broad area of fertile and most productive land tributary to it, with its close alliance with the Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska Railroad and the Indianapolis, Bloomington and WESTERN EXTENSION, must soon be taxed to its fullest limit to accommodate local and through business. Shipments of products by this road will lead to the WEST as well as to the EAST. We recommend these Bonds, which are a FIRST LIEN on COMPLETED road, as a prime security, PERFECTLY SAFE, and IN RETURNS much more desirable for investors than Government Bonds.

Present price, **90** and accrued interest, in currency.

Coupons payable Feb. 1 and Aug. 1, in Gold, free of tax, in the City of New-York. All marketable securities received in exchange at full rates. Bonds may be registered without charge. Pamphlets, maps, circulars, &c., giving full information, can be obtained from the undersigned, Financial Agents of the Company.

TURNER BROTHERS,

Bankers, No. 14 Nassau-st

PACIFIC RAILROAD
OF MISSOURI,
SEVEN PER CENT.,
FREE OF TAX,
SECOND
MORTGAGE BONDS.

Road is over twenty-two years old, is well equipped and well managed. Its stock sells at 93 to 95. Allowing sixty per cent. for ordinary running expenses, the road earned in 1867 fifty-two per cent more than interest on First and Second Mortgage Bonds, and has increased its earnings each year, so that in 1871 it earned more than double the interest on First and Second Mortgage Bonds. A sinking fund of $50,000 per annum is one condition of the trust. We offer these bonds so that they return 8½ per cent income, without taking account of profit from the inevitable rise in the price of the bonds from the action of the sinking fund. We have selected these bonds as relatively the best investment offering in the market, and would invite the closest scrutiny to them. For price or further particulars, apply to

THOMAS DENNY & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 39 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

$750,000 ST. LOUIS CITY WATER BONDS
FOR SALE.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, the Mayor of the City of St. Louis, at his office, City Hall, until 12 o'clock noon of the FIRST DAY OF JULY, 1872, for the purchase of 750 ST. LOUIS CITY WATER BONDS.

Issued by authority of an act "to authorize the City of St. Louis to issue and dispose of additional Bonds to enable it to extend and protect its Water-works," approved Feb. 2, 1872.

These Bonds are for $1,000 each, dated April 1, 1872, having twenty years to run, with interest at the rate of six per cent., payable semi-annually on the 1st day of April and October, respectively, in Gold Coin of the United States, in the City of New-York, where the principal is also made payable in Gold Coin—and are the last authorized by the Legislature to be issued for the extension of the Water-works. The net revenue derived from the Water-works is pledged by law for the redemption of the Bonds now offered, both principal and interest, in the same manner as the Bonds heretofore issued under the acts approved March 13, 1867, and March 25, 1870.

Bids will be received for any number of the Bonds in sums of $5,000 and upward, and the proposals will be publicly opened in the office of the Mayor on the day and time named.

The Mayor reserves the right to reject any and all bids, if in his opinion the bids received be not satisfactory.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for St. Louis Water Bonds," and addressed to the Mayor.

The law authorizing the issue of the bonds can be seen on application at the Mayor's office.

Bids may be made payable in the issue of the national banks, or the currency of the United States.

The bonds will be delivered in the City of St. Louis to the purchasers whose bids are accepted, upon the 15th day of July, 1872, to be paid for when delivered, with accrued interest from April 1, 1872, the bonds being antedated.

Five per cent. of the amount in money or certified bank check, will be required to accompany each bid, to insure compliance with the same.

Attest: JOSEPH BROWN, Mayor.
Attest: JOHN J. FITZWILLIAM, City Register.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 40 Wall-st., New-York,

Offer for sale on favorable terms:

$50,000	DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN SEVEN PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE BONDS, interest payable 1st of June and December, free of all State and Government taxes.
$50,000	ERIE AND PITTSBURG MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE SEVEN PER CENT BONDS, interest payable in New-York 1st April and October, and guaranteed by perpetual lease to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY

7 PER CENT. BONDS,
COUPON OR REGISTERED.
NEW LOAN,
Free of Government tax.
FOR SALE
AT PAR.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 40 STATE-ST., Boston, will receive subscriptions for the delivery of the Bonds when prepared.

CHOICE INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

REGISTERED BONDS OF LEAVENWORTH COUNTY, KANSAS; value of property over $20,000,000.

BONDS OF THE CITY OF LA GRANGE, LEWIS COUNTY, MO., issued for municipal purposes.

BONDS OF THE VILLAGE OF NEW-LONDON, WIS., having but eight, ten and twelve years to run.

All payable in New-York City. For sale at prices that will pay from twelve to fifteen per cent. on the investment.

MUNICIPAL BONDS of the highest grade always on hand. Call or send for descriptive circulars.

THOS. P. ELLIS & CO.,
Bankers, No. 14 Pine-st.

TEN PER CENT. KANSAS SCHOOL BONDS.

Principal and interest payable in New-York. The safest and most desirable of bond investments. A few choice lots for sale below par.

SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS
OF JOHNSON COUNTY, KANSAS.
Registered with State Auditor.
Interest January and July, in New-York.
Actual wealth over $10,000,000.
Indebtedness only $300,000.
Price, 75 and interest.

Also, Missouri County bonds, at prices that will pay the investor twelve to fifteen per cent. interest.

FITCH, OTIS & CO.,
Bankers,
No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.

TO THE HOLDERS OF OHIO STATE STOCKS.—Notice is hereby given that the interest due July 1, 1872, on the funded debt of the State of Ohio, will be paid at the American Exchange National Bank, New-York City, from the 1st to the 16th proximo, and thereafter at our office in this City.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 15th inst. and reopened on the 18th proximo.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Auditor of State.
ISAAC R. SHERWOOD, Secretary of State.
FRANCIS B. POND, Attorney-General.
Commissioners of Sinking Fund of State of Ohio.
COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 12, 1872.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE Scrip of all issues wanted by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st., corner William-st.

FINANCIAL.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
Nos. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN-ST.

Capital, - - - - - $1,000,000

Pays Four per Cent. Interest per Annum on Deposit, Subject to Check at Sight.
Pays Five Per Cent. Interest Per Annum on Special Deposits Remaining Six Months or Longer.

ACTS AS TRUSTEE FOR ESTATES,
and especially for
RAILROAD MORTGAGE BONDS.

D. R. MANGAM, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President.
B. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.

JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

THE GREAT

MIDLAND RAILROAD

Now Nearly Completed.

The remainder of the **FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS**, limited to **$20,000 TO THE MILE** on finished Road, offered, to close out the loan, at par and interest.

The New-Jersey Division of the Road is finished, and trains are now running into Jersey City. From Oswego eastward the road is in successful operation for a long distance. A short gap in the construction of the New-York Division alone prevents running through from New-York to Oswego. Work is progressing on this unfinished section with the utmost energy, and **we hope soon to announce the completion of the entire road of this great Trunk Line from New-York to Oswego.**

These Bonds, in our judgment, possess in a marked degree the elements of

ABSOLUTE SECURITY & LIBERAL INCOME.

For sale or exchanged for Governments, and other securities at their market value, by

GEO. OPDYKE & CO.,

NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

SAFE INVESTMENTS.

We have for sale, and recommend with confidence to investors, the following:

CANADA SOUTHERN FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, at 90 and accrued interest, currency.

CHICAGO AND SOUTH-WESTERN FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, guaranteed by the CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

IOWA MIDLAND FIRST MORTGAGE EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS, guaranteed by the CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

CARROL COUNTY (Iowa) TEN PER CENT. TEN-YEAR BONDS.

Inquirers fully satisfied regarding the intrinsic character and price of above bonds.

MARVIN BROS., BANKERS,

NO. 49 EXCHANGE-PLACE, N. Y.

NEW-YORK 7 PER CENT. TOWN BONDS,

FULLY AS SAFE
AS

STATE BONDS,

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,

NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

LOAN FOR $1,562,900 FOR THE DEFICIENCY IN THE SINKING FUND, UNDER SECTION THREE, ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The Commissioners of the Canal Fund, by virtue of the act entitled "An Act to provide means to support the Government," passed April 12, 1855, and in accordance with section three, of article seven of the Constitution, hereby give notice that sealed proposals will be received at the Canal Department until the 15th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, for a loan of ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-TWO THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED DOLLARS, for which transferable certificates of stock, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD, either *registered* or *coupon* at option of the purchaser, will be issued in the name of the People of the State of New-York, on the credit of the Sinking Fund, under section three, article seven of the Constitution, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and the principal reimbursable on the first day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-seven.

It is to be understood that the Commissioners are to be at liberty to accept or reject any or all proposals, if the offers are not such as in their opinion are advantageous to the interest of the State.

The proposals may be for the whole, or any part of said loan not less than $5,000.

All proposals to be sealed up, and indorsed "Loan for the Sinking Fund," and inclosed in an envelope directed to the Auditor of the Canal Department, Albany, N. Y.

The money will be required to be paid in current funds five per cent. on the acceptance of the proposal, and the balance on the 28th day of June next.

Payments to be made by depositing the same to the credit of the "Treasurer of the State of New-York, on account of the Canal Fund," in the Bank of the Manhattan Company, New-York, or in the New-York State National Bank in the City of Albany.

Interest on the loan will commence on the 1st day of July next, and be payable semi-annually on the 1st days of January and July, at the Bank of the Manhattan Company, in the City of New-York.

Dated Canal Department, Albany, May 29, 1872.

ALLEN C. BEACH,
Lieutenant-Governor.
NELSON K. HOPKINS,
Controller.
G. HILTON SCRIBNER,
Secretary of State.
THOMAS RAINES,
Treasurer.
FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Attorney-General.

CANAL DEPARTMENT,
ALBANY, N. Y., June 11, 1872.

The time for opening the proposals for the above loan has been postponed to the 19th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, to which time proposals will continue to be received.

G. A. DAYTON, Auditor.

CANAL DEPARTMENT,
ALBANY, N. Y., June 19, 1872.

The Commissioners of the Canal Fund having this day determined that the principal of the Canal Enlargement Debt, maturing on the 1st July next, should be paid in gold coin, it was resolved that bids this day received should not be opened, but the same be returned to the bidders on application.

New bids, under the foregoing notice, will be received up to noon of the 24th day of June inst. Said bids and payments thereunder to be made in gold coin.

G. A. DAYTON, Auditor.

OFFICE PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 393 CANAL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1872.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of the PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, held June 18, 1872, the following-named gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year:

WILLIAM MOIR,	JOHN O. MORE,
SIMON SHINDLER,	JAMES E. HEDGES,
JOHN W. LEWIS,	JOSEPH B. MILLER,
THOS. WILLIAMS,	ALBERT MANN,
CHRIS. GWYER,	PETER J. SCHULTS,
ABRAHAM LEGGETT,	FREDERICK V. PRICE,
ALFRED BARMORE,	SAMUEL RAYNOR,
CORNELIUS STEVENS,	JOSEPH H. WOOD,
MAT. BLOODGOOD,	W. ALFRED GEDNEY,
CHAS. F. HUNTER,	WM. C. MILLER,
HENRY DAVID,	WM. B. AITKIN,

JOHN F. VAN RIPER.

And at a meeting of the Board held this day, FREDERICK V. PRICE was unanimously elected President and ALEX. C. MILNE was appointed Secretary.

W. A. GEDNEY, Secretary *pro tem.*

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Jerome Park Villa Site and Improvement Company, for the election of directors, will be held at the office of the Secretary, No. 14 Exchange-place, New-York City, on THURSDAY, June 27, 1872, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

WM. HENRY ANTHON, Secretary.

RAILROAD, STATE, CITY, COUNTY AND Town Bonds of all kinds bought and sold by HANNA BROTHERS, No. 11 Wall-st. and No. 3 New-st., New-York. Investment securities a specialty. Information furnished to investors.

SHIPPING.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BRUSSELS.....Saturday, June 22, 2 P. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Thursday, June 27, 11 A. M.
CITY OF PARIS.....Saturday, June 29, 1 P. M.
CITY OF LIMERICK.....Thursday, July 4, 2 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.....Saturday, July 6, 2 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON.....Thursday, July 11, 9 A. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	39
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

Through Bills Lading given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

Reduction in Passage Rates.

ANCHOR LINE.

Express passenger steamers sail from New-York every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

THE NEW DEPARTURES.

SATURDAY STEAMERS.	WEDNESDAY STEAMERS.
Anglia....Sat'day, June 22	Trinacria....Wed., July 3
India....Sat'day, June 29	Iowa....Wed., July 10
California..Sat'day, July 6	Britannia....Wed., July 17
Australia..Sat'day, July 13	Assyria....Wed., July 24
Columbia..Sat'day, July 20	Olympia....Wed., July 31
Europa...Sat'day, July 27	

At noon, from Pier No. 20 North River, New-York. Currency rates of passage to London, Liverpool, Glasgow, or Derry, by Wednesday's steamers, $60; by Saturday's steamers, $65 and $75; excursion tickets, $120; intermediate, $33; steerage, $28. Certificates at lowest rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Apply at the Company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

ANCHOR LINE—SPECIAL NOTICE.

The new steamer TRENACRIA sails WEDNESDAY, July 3. The new steamer CALIFORNIA sails SATURDAY, July 6. Excursionists and passengers to Europe will study their own interests by inspecting these fine steamers before purchasing tickets elsewhere. Apply on board steamers at Pier No. 20 North River, or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green. HENDERSON BROS.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS,
THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD,
OCEANIC, BALTIC, ADRIATIC,
REPUBLIC, CELTIC, MAJESTIC, ATLANTIC.
6,000 tons burden—3,000-horse power each.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

OCEANIC.....June 22, 4½ P. M.
REPUBLIC.....June 29, 12½ P. M.
BALTIC.....July 6, 11 A. M.
ATLANTIC.....July 13, 10 A. M.
OCEANIC.....July 27, 11 A. M.

From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath-rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

RATES—Saloon, $80, gold steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Excursion-tickets granted at lowest rates.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New York. Bills of lading issued through to Continental ports.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
(VIA QUEENSTOWN.)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY.

as follows:
IDAHO, Capt. PRICE.....June 26, at 10 A. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. J. B. PRICE..July 3, at 3 P. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN.July 10, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH.....July 17, at 8½ P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. WHINERAY.....July 24, at 3 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. MORGAN.....July 31, at 3 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

CUNARD LINE.—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM NEW-YORK.
Java....Wed'sday, June 19	Parthia....Sat'day, June 22
China...Wed'sday, June 26	Calabria...Sat'day, June 29
Russia..Wed'sday, July 3	Abyssinia.Sat'day, July 6
Cuba....Wed'sday, July 10	Batavia...Sat'day, July 12
Scotia..Wed'sday, July 17	Algeria....Sat'day, July 20

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $80, $100, $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports. For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green: for steerage passage, at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

WASHINGTON.....ROUSSAN....Saturday, June 29
VILLE DE PARIS...SURMONT....Saturday, July 13
ST. LAURENT.....LEMAIRE....Saturday, July 27

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First cabin.....$125 | Second cabin.....$75
To Paris, $5 and $3 additional.

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE OF STEAM-SHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CANADA, WEBSTER..Saturday, June 15, at 11 A. M.
HOLLAND, BRAGG..Wed'sday, June 26, at 9:30 A. M.
EGYPT, GROGAN....Saturday, June 29, at 12 M.

TO LONDON DIRECT.
THE QUEEN, THOMAS.Wed'sday, June 19, at 2:30 P. M.
HELVETIA, GRIGGS..Wednesday, July 3, at 3 P. M.

Cabin passage.....$75 and $65, currency
Steerage.....$28, currency

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32, currency.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO

CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 15th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

June 29.—Steamer OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. JEFF. MAURY, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with steamer CONSTITUTION, Capt. ——, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last-named ports received until 4 P. M. of June 27.

Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC will leave San Francisco July 1, 1872, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, SATURDAY, June 22, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, WEDNESDAY, June 26, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 62 South-st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY June 29, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, WEDNESDAY, July 3, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS, Agent A. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway. | GEORGE YONGE, Agent C. R. R., No. 409 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. J. B. BAKER, (via Nassau,) June 27.
COLUMBIA, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, July 4.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, July 11.
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

SHIPPING.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.

NORTH AMERICA, Capt. WIER.....June 23
MERRIMACK, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM.....July 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH.....Aug. 23

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.
CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, will sail on THURSDAY, May 3, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 17 E. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.
CITY OF MERIDA, Timmerman.....Monday, July 1
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,) Tues., July 9
CITY OF HAVANA, Deaken.....Saturday, July 20
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition and an infinity of annoyances, to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane-st., corner of Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

FALL RIVER LINE

FOR BOSTON, via NEWPORT and FALL RIVER,
Daily, (Sundays included,) at 5:15 P. M.,
From Pier No. 30 North River, foot Chambers-st.,
The world-renowned steamers

BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE,

Capt. A. G. SIMMONS, Capt. B. M. SIMMONS.

The most direct route to Taunton, Middleboro, Plymouth, New-Bedford, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, and all points on the South Shore and Cape Cod Railway. Also, through tickets to Framingham, Fitchburg, Lowell, Concord, Nashua, Manchester, Lawrence, Plymouth, the WHITE MOUNTAINS, and all points north. Promenade concerts every evening by Hall's celebrated brass, reed and string bands. For tickets and state-rooms, apply at No. 241 Broadway; No. 529 Broadway, corner Spring; Broadway, corner 23d-st.; Dodd's Express office, No. 244 Broadway; and No. 4 Court-st., Brooklyn, or at the office on the pier.
A. P. BACON, Superintendent.
H. H. MANGAM, General Freight Agent.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP CO.

FALL RIVER LINE.

Sunday boat to and from Boston on June 23, 30, and July 7, 14, 21 and 28.

Leaving Pier No. 30 North River, at 5:15 P. M.

NEW-JERSEY SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINE.—For Long Branch and stations on New-Jersey Southern Railroad, its branches and connections.

Steamers connecting with trains at Sandy Hook leave Pier No. 28, North River, as follows:

PLYMOUTH ROCK, 6:45 A. M., through to Delaware Bay.

JESSE HOYT, 9:40 A. M., Waretown via Toms River.

PLYMOUTH ROCK, 4 P. M., through to Delaware Bay.

(On and after 26th inst., Express to Long Branch, JESSE HOYT, 5 P. M., way train to Long Branch only on and after 26th inst., at 4:45 P. M.)

The 6:45, 9:40 and 4 P. M. connect for Red Bank, and the two latter for Port Monmouth.

All trains stop at Long Branch.

Excursion tickets to Sandy Hook and return, good for either of the above trips or boats, $1.
G. W. BENTLEY,
General Manager, No. 120 Broadway.
F. P. FINCH, Agent, Pier No. 28.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—The largest and most magnificent river steamers in the world. The ST. JOHN, DREW and DEAN RICHMOND. One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, every afternoon, (Sunday excepted,) at 6 o'clock. Arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West, North and East. Returning, leave the steam-boat landing at Albany at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North and East.

Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and at Dodd's Express, No. 944 Broadway, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

BOATS LEAVE PECK-SLIP, PIER NO. 24, for HARLEM AND ASTORIA,

Landing at 11th, 109th and 120th sts., at 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12 A. M., and 1, 3, 4, 5, 6:15 and 7 P. M.

Express boats, landing at 120th-st. only, at 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 A. M., and 1:30, 3:30 and 5:30 P. M.

Last boat leaves Harlem for Peck-slip at 6 P. M.

N. B.—This is the only line that connects with boats for High Bridge and King's Bridge.

Sunday boats leave hourly from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.
J. F. TALLMAN, Superintendent.

STEAMER SEA BIRD.—FOOT FRANKLIN-ST., FOR RED BANK and intermediate landings.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Thurs., June 20.. 3:00 P. M.	Thurs., June 20.. 6:30 A. M.
Friday, June 21.. 3:00 P. M.	Friday, June 21.. 6:30 A. M.
Satur., June 22.. 3:30 P. M.	Satur., June 22.. 7:00 A. M.
Sunday, June 23.. 8:30 A. M.	Satur., June 22.. 7:30 P. M.
Mon., June 24.. 6:00 A. M.	Sunday, June 23.. 4:00 P. M.
Tues., June 25.. 7:00 A. M.	Mon., June 24. 10:00 A. M.

ALBANY AND TROY BY DAY LINE boats C. VIDDARD and DANIEL DREW, (commencing May 27,) leave Vestry-st. Pier at 8:30 A. M., and 34th-st. at 8:45, landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown and Nyack, (by ferry-boat,) Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Tivoli, Catskill and Hudson.

Trip tickets to Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall and Newburg, returning same day, $1.

Connecting for all points, West and North.

REGULAR SUNDAY MORNING BOAT for Newburg, landing at Yonkers, Iona Island, West Point and Cold Spring.—The favorite steam-boat SLEEPY HOLLOW, Capt. JAMES SHERMAN, leaves Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock; Christopher-st., North River, 8½; 34th-st., North River, 9, every SUNDAY MORNING. Fare for the Excursion, $1.

OLD ESTABLISHED ALBANY AND Troy line of steamers, landing at Catskill, from Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st., daily, Saturday excepted. Fare, 50 cents; half state-rooms 75 cents; fare to Catskill, 10 cents. Steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT, connecting with railroads to all stations West and North, will leave as above at 6 P. M. Freight at reduced rates.

NORTH RIVER & N. Y. ST.-BOAT CO.—Harrison-st. Pier.—Strs. CHRYSTENAH daily 3½ P. M., except Sundays, for Yonkers, Irvington, T'town, Nyack, R. Lake, H'straw, G. Pt., Verplancks, Peekskill; ADELPHI, at 4, for Englewood, Yonkers, Hastings, D. Ferry, T'town, S. Sing, H'straw; ALEXIS, at 5, for Nyack and intermediate landings. Nyack & T'town Ferry connects with H. R. trains.

CITIZENS' EVENING LINE STEAMERS for Albany and Troy. Fare 50c. Steamers SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL leave Pier No. 38 North River, foot North Moore-st., daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M., making sure connections with all trains going North, East and West. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points on Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroads.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—The beautiful steam-boat AMERICUS leaves foot of Market-st., Pier No. 37 East River, every afternoon at 2:45, and 33d-st. at 3 o'clock. Returning, leaves Norwalk at 7:45 A. M., on the arrival of the Danbury and New-Haven trains. Fare, 75 cents. Excursion tickets, $1 25.

REGULAR SUNDAY MORNING BOAT for Keyport, Elizabethport, Union Landing, Roseville and Perth Amboy. The favorite steam-boat NORWALK, Capt. WM. HITCHCOCK, leaves Barclay-st., at 9:15 A. M.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR NEWBURG, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, New-Hamburg, Milton and Hyde Park; the MARY POWELL, from Vestry-st., Pier No. 39, every afternoon, at 3:30.

FOR RONDOUT, LANDING AT COZZENS', Cornwall, Newburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Esopus.—The steam-boats THOMAS CORNELL and JAMES W. BALDWIN leave daily, at 4 P. M., Pier No. 34 North River, foot of Harrison-st.

FOR STAMFORD AND GREENWICH.—The beautiful steam-boat NELLY WHITE leaves the foot of Market-st. EVERY AFTERNOON at 3:30, and 33d-st. at 3:45 o'clock. Returning, leaves Stamford at 7, and Greenwich at 7:35 o'clock A. M.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, and 12 night.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.—In the matter of GEORGE C. HAMMILL, a bankrupt.—George C. Hammill, of Philadelphia, formerly of New-York, having petitioned for his discharge, it is ordered that a meeting of creditors be held on the 8th day of July, 1872, at 11 o'clock A. M., before Register Joseph Mason, at No. 131 South Fifth-street, Philadelphia, when and where the examination of the bankrupt will be finished, and any business of the second and third meetings of creditors, required by the twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth sections of the act of Congress of 2d of March, 1867, may be transacted, and the register is to certify whether the bankrupt has conformed to his duty. A hearing will also be had on Wednesday, the 17th day of July, 1872, before the Court at Philadelphia at 10 o'clock A. M., when the parties interested may show cause against the discharge, if any they have.

Witness Hon. John Cadwalader, Judge, and the [L. S.] seal of the Court at Philadelphia, the 18th day of June, 1872. G. R. FOX, Clerk. Attest: J. Mason, Register.

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NO. 3,498.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of NATHAN LEVY, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Nathan Levy, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon a creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 14th day of June, A. D. 1872.
ABRAHAM WERDENSCHLOG, Assignee,
No. 346 7th-av., New-York City.

1015-1aw3wS*

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

GRACE CHAPEL, EAST 14TH-ST., OPposite the Academy of Music.—Services on SUNDAY, at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. This Church is convenient to the hotels. The seats are free. All persons are invited to attend.

APOLLO HALL, BROADWAY AND 28TH-st.—Next SUNDAY Miss JENNIE LEYS, inspirational speaker, will lecture at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. A picnic will be given by the Children's Progressive Lyceum next TUESDAY, June 25, at Elm Park, Staten Island. Boat leaves Dey-st. at 10 A. M. Also, next SATURDAY, June 29, "Owasso," the controlling influence of Dr. Slade, the celebrated medium, will give a public exhibition at Apollo Hall. Seance commences at 8 o'clock.

A DISCOURSE.—"IN MEMORIAM."—A Sketch of Rev. Dr. Norman McLeod, of Glasgow, Scotland, this week deceased, in Canal-street Presbyterian Church, No. 17 Greene-st., by Rev. DAVID MITCHELL, SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. AFTERNOON service at 2, funeral sermon of Mr. More, for forty years sexton of this Church. Convenient to down-town hotels.

ANNUAL EXCURSION OF THE SEVENteenth-street M. E. Church Sunday-school, on WEDNESDAY, June 26. Steam-boat and barge will leave foot of 21st-st., East River, at 7½ A. M., for Glenwood, stopping at Sea Cliff Grove, where ample time will be allowed to visit the buildings and all parts of the new camp-ground. Tickets 50 cents.

AT THE 7TH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, near 3d-av., services by the Pastor, Rev. J. PARKER, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats all free. There will be a grand service of song on MONDAY EVENING, the 24th, at 8 P. M. Hymns and music furnished to all without charge. Admission free.

A MEMORIAL SERMON ON OCCASION of the death of the late Hon. WM. A. WHITBECK will be preached in St. Paul's Episcopal Church, 85th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs., on SUNDAY MORNING, the 23d inst., at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. W. R. CARROLL, Rector.

ASSOCIATION HALL, CORNER 23D-st. and 4th-av.—Service of Song at 7½ o'clock, followed by a short address to young men. Young men's religious meetings on THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS. Daily union prayer-meeting daily at 4 o'clock in the lecture-room.

ALLEN-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between Rivington and Delancey sts.—Rev. WM. McALLISTER, Pastor, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 1½ P. M.; young people's prayer-meeting at 6 o'clock. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

A GREAT SUBJECT.—S. S. SNOW, THE Prophet of the last days, will preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Character and Doom of the Papacy, in the Light of Prophecy.*

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, CORNER 4TH-av. and 20th-st.—SUNDAY, June 23, Rev. W. S. ADAMSON will preach, MORNING at 10¾ and EVENING at 7¾. At evening service all seats free.

ALL SAINTS' PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL FREE CHURCH, corner of Henry and Scammel sts., Rev. WM. N. DUNNELL, Rector.—Services SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ EVENING.

AMITY BAPTIST CHURCH.—REV. Dr. WILLIAMS will preach in the Chapel on 54th-st., a few doors west of 8th-av., on SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock.

BEEKMAN-HILL M. E. CHURCH, East 50th St., between 1st and 2d Avs. Preaching SUNDAY at 10½ and 7¾ o'clock, by the Pastor, Rev. W. C. STEEL. Evening subject, *Enoch*, being the third of the series of discourses on Scripture characters. Love Feast on next Wednesday evening. Seats free.

CHURCH OF THE REFORMATION, (Episcopal,) 50th-st., east of 3d-av., Rev. U. T. TRACY, Rector; Rev. F. M. SERENBEZ, German Minister.—Services on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. German service at 7¾ P. M. Sunday-school at 2½ o'clock.

CARMEL CHAPEL.—REV. DAVID MITCHELL, will preach Sabbath evening at 7¾ o'clock, in the Carmel Chapel, No. 134, Bowery.

FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF SABBATH-SCHOOL OF FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, 39th-st. and Park-av.—Sermon by Rev. T. D. ANDERSON, D. D., at 10½ A. M. Anniversary exercises of school at 3½; music and interesting addresses. The annual reunion of former workers and members of school and church at 7½ P. M. All who have ever belonged to the church, and all others, cordially invited.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st., W. F. BARNARD, Superintendent.—Services on SUNDAY at 3 o'clock P. M. It is expected that Rev. L. M. PEASE, the founder of the Institution and the first regularly employed missionary at the Points, will be present. Singing by the children.

FREE METHODIST CHURCH.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. A. F. CURRY, on SABBATH next, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., in the hall corner 8th-av. and 25th-st. Strangers and others made welcome.

FOURTEENTH-STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner 2d-av.—Rev. ROBERT SLOSS, of Indianapolis, Pastor elect of this Church, will enter upon his duties and preach on SUNDAY, 23d inst., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

GENERAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The annual examination of the students of this institution will take place in the Seminary buildings, corner 20th-st. and 9th-av., on MONDAY, the 24th, TUESDAY, the 25th, and WEDNESDAY, the 26th days of June, at 9 A. M., each day.

The Commencement will be held in St. Peter's Church, West 20th-st., on FRIDAY, the 28th of June, at 10 A. M. JOHN MURRAY FORBES, D. D., Dean.

GREAT NATIONAL CAMP-MEETING at Sea Cliff Grove, one hour and a half from New-York, commencing July 3, and continuing for ten days. Steam-boat leaves Peck-slip at 9¼ A. M., and 4:05 P. M., and East 33d-st. at 9½ A. M., and 4:20 P. M. For circulars, tents, furniture, &c., apply to A. D. CORNWELL, Secretary, No. 65 Maiden-lane.

HARLEM SECOND PRESBYTERIAN Church.—Rev. S. BOURNE will preach morning and evening, June 23, at the New Hall, 125th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; Sunday-school at 2½ P. M.; strangers and the public cordially invited.

"HOSPITALITY—IS THERE SUCH A Grace Known to Modern Christianity?" will be the subject of discourse by Rev. J. S. HOLME, Pastor of Trinity Baptist Church, 55th-st., near 3d-av., at 10½ A. M. Sunday-school and Bible-class at 2½ P. M.

HARLEM CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, 125th-st., corner 2d-av., Rev. SAMUEL H. VIRGIN, Pastor.—Services every SABBATH at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7¾ P. M. Sabbath-school, 2½ o'clock P. M.

JANE-STREET M. E. CHURCH.—REV. F. HAMBLIN, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7¾ P. M. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Prayer-meeting at 6½. Public invited.

LEXINGTON-AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, corner of 52d-st.—Preaching on SUNDAY by the Pastor, Rev. F. S. DE HASS, D. D., at 10½ A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M. All seats free. Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M.

MR. VAN METER'S MISSION IN ROME. In the Howard Mission, No. 40 New Bowery, at 3½ P. M., on SUNDAY, Rev. Mr. VAN METER will bid his fellow-workers and friends farewell. On WEDNESDAY, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the foot of King-st., he leaves on the steamer *Idaho* for Rome, to establish another Howard Mission.

MURRAY HILL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 40th-st., near Lexington-av.—Service on SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock; preaching by the pastor, Rev. GEORGE S. CHAMBERS. Preaching service in the EVENING at 7¾ o'clock.

MADISON-AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH, corner of 57th-st.—Preaching by Rev. H. D. GANSE, the Pastor, at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. Sunday-school at 2½ P. M.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY.—Preaching in the Mariners' Church TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and 7¾ P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. E. D. MURPHY; at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Mission, No. 278 Water-st., by Rev. O. B. BIDWELL, and No. 275 West-st., by the Associate Pastor, Rev. BENJAMIN F. MILLARD.

NORTH BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER of Christopher and Bedford streets. Rev. FRANK REMINGTON (a former Pastor) will preach SUNDAY EVENING at 7¾ o'clock. Preaching by the Pastor at 10½ A. M. Friends and strangers cordially invited.

OLD JOHN-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between Nassau and William sts.—Preaching 10½ by Rev. A. S. LAKIN; 7¾ by the Pastor, L. S. WEED. Evening subject—*Amaziah and the One Hundred Talents of Silver.* Seats free. All cordially invited.

PREACHING ON THE SECOND COMING OF CHRIST, or kindred subjects, at No. 405 Grand-st., and No. 138 West 24th-st., every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. Copies of the *Illustrated Bible Banner* (distributed) free.

REV. DR. MILLIGAN, OF THE UNIVERSITY of Aberdeen, will preach on SUNDAY MORNING at 10½ o'clock in the Brick Church, corner 5th-ave. and 37th-st., and in the afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Covenant, corner Park-ave. and 35th-st.

REV. FRED. EVANS, PASTOR, WILL preach at the Central Baptist Church, south side of West 42d-st., near 7th-av., next LORD'S DAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7¾ P. M. Strangers are made welcome.

REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New-York, MONDAY EVENING, 24th inst., at 8 o'clock, in the lecture-room. All members are invited without further notice.

REV. BISHOP R. S. FOSTER WILL preach at St. Luke's M. E. Church, 41st-st., near 6th-av., on SUNDAY MORNING, 10½ o'clock. Strangers cordially invited.

REV. JOHN E. COOKMAN, PASTOR OF Trinity Methodist E. Church, in West 34th-st., near 8th-av., will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7¾ P. M. Strangers cordially invited.

SIXTH-AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH.—(opposite Amity-st.) Rev. J. L. DANNER, Pastor, will preach TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10½ and EVENING, at 7¾. In the evening he will preach the second of a course of series. Subject—*Summer Evenings in Palestine.*

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, COOPER Institute, Room No. 24.—Preaching SUNDAY by Elder WM. STUART, from Philadelphia, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M., on subjects connected with the *Second Coming of Christ and His Future Reign.* All are cordially invited.

SEVENTEENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between 1st and 2d avs.—Rev. WM. H. BOOLE, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Seats free. General prayer-meeting, 3¾ P. M.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., near 5th-av.—SUNDAY services at 7¾ and 10½ A. M., 3 P. M. for deaf mutes, and 7¾ P. M. Rev. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN will preach.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH, B. W. WILLIAMS, sexton and undertaker, 167 West 45th-st.

THE FOURTEENTH-STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner 14th-st. and 2d-av., Rev. ROBERT SLOSS.—The Pastor elect will preach on SUNDAY, the 23d, morning and evening.

WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN Church, West 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avenues.—Preaching SABBATH MORNING, at 10½, by Rev. A. P. BOTSFORD, of Port Jervis. Young Peoples' meeting at 8 o'clock P. M. in the Lecture Room. Strangers cordially invited.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FAMILIES leaving their homes for the Summer can procure STORAGE for Silver Plate, Shawls, Laces, &c., at the STUYVESANT SAFE DEPOSIT CO., corner 3d-av. & 7th-st., opp. Cooper Institute.

WOODSBURGH PAVILION,
Woodsburgh, Long Island,
TWO MILES FROM ROCKAWAY,
OVERLOOKING THE ATLANTIC OCEAN.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL is now open for the reception of guests; can be reached by South-side Railroad or Long Island Railroad; fourteen trains daily; no Sunday or excursion trains can stop at Woodsburgh.

FENWICK HALL,
New-Saybrook, Conn.

This new and elegant hotel will be open for guests June 25; is situated at the mouth of the Connecticut River, possessing all the comforts of the best City hotels; is reached by Shore Line Railroad from New-York, or New-York and Hartford steam-boats. Reference, C. C. Waite, Brevoort House, 5th-av.
D. A. ROOD, Proprietor.

LAKE MOHONK MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

A new and delightful Summer resort. This remarkable place presents some of the grandest lake and mountain scenery on the Atlantic seaboard; air cool and bracing; no liquors and no gambling; two daily communications with New-York by rail; board $14 to $18 per week. For particulars address LAKE MOHONK MOUNTAIN HOUSE, New-Paltz, Ulster County, N. Y. ALBERT K. SMILEY, Proprietor.

SUMMER BOARD ON BERKSHIRE HILLS.
BERKSHIRE SODA SPRING HOUSE, GREAT BARRINGTON, MASS.
H. H. PECK, Proprietor.

Pure mountain air; fine drives and scenery; good accommodations, at reasonable prices; rail direct from New-York. For terms, address as above, or reference may be made to OSCAR TIBBALS, No. 446 Broadway, or GEO. C. FARRAR, No. 73 Wooster-st.

SURF HOTEL, FIRE ISLAND BEACH.

The sea and still water bathing is unsurpassed. Those afflicted with the hay or rose fever will obtain speedy relief. Take South-side Railroad of Long Island from Roosevelt-st., 8 A. M. and 3½ P. M.; South 8th-st., Williamsburg, ten minutes later. Through tickets and baggage checked to hotel by way of Babylon. D. S. S. SAMMIS, Proprietor.

HIGHLAND DELL HOUSE.

Accommodates 100 guests; open until November, located near Stroudsburg, four miles from Delaware Water Gap, on an elevation of 700 feet; beautiful scenery; pure mountain air, no bar; coach at Stroudsburg Depot. For circulars and particulars address
J. F. FOULKE,
STROUDSBURG, PENN.

HIGHGATE SPRINGS, VERMONT.

Franklin House and cottages open June 1. Terms moderate. Address proprietors. Montreal express train from Grand Central Depot through in twelve hours, without change.

CENTRAL HOTEL, ORANGE, N. J.

Has been THOROUGHLY RENOVATED, and is now open for reception of Summer boarders. A first-class billiard hall and livery-stable attached to the hotel. J. W. McCHESNEY, Proprietor.

MIAMOGUE HOUSE, JAMESPORT, Long Island, J. SEYMOUR CORWIN, Proprietor.—This new and spacious house is now open for the reception of guests; beautifully situated on high ground, 100 feet from the great Peconic Bay; convenient to Long Island Railroad and Post-office; sailing, fishing, bathing, shooting and drives second to no other on the island.

HAHNEMANN MAGNETIC MOVEMENT CURE.—Tarrytown, on the Hudson; NO DRUGS; spacious rooms, hygienic board, invigorating atmosphere, pleasant walks, picturesque and beautiful surroundings. Send for circular. Address C. C. & P. A. F. DUSENBURY, as above, or at their old-established office, No. 8 West 45th-st., New-York City.

CATSKILL CREEK HOUSE.—Board by the day or week, in a healthy locality, easy of access, near a fine stream of water, which furnishes good boating, bathing and fishing; good stabling; terms moderate; City reference given, if required. Address GEORGE PERSON, South Cairo, Greene County, N. Y.

POINT PLEASANT.—PERSONS WILL be accommodated with first-class board at this delightful location after June 1; a fine view of the Sound, Thimble Islands, &c.; excellent boating and fishing; terms reasonable. Address
W. H. BROWN, Stony Creek, Conn.

A DELIGHTFUL RETREAT FOR Summer vacation among Connecticut hills; pine groves, running streams, home comforts. Address Mrs. S. W. DUDLEY, Cornwall, Litchfield County, Conn.

MOUNTAIN-VIEW HOUSE, GERMANTOWN, N. Y., four hours by Hudson River Railroad, open for visitors; delightful scenery, healthy location; terms moderate. Address P. W. ROCKEFELLER, Proprietor.

SUMMER RESORT—UP THE HUDSON, at Claverack; board from $7 to $12 per week; beautiful grounds; shady walks and croquet grounds; splendid rides; Catskill scenery. C. HENRY ABBOTT, formerly of the White Mountain House, N. H.

SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT FOR INVALIDS at a delightful retreat by Bellevue Hospital physician. Persons of the first society only need apply.
Dr. THOS. K. CRUSE,
Tarrytown on the Hudson.

THE SEA-SIDE HOUSE, ROCKAWAY Beach, is now open for the season. Still and surf bathing, boating, sailing and best of fishing. For rooms apply at No. 78 St. Mark's-place, New-York.
A. D. FAILING.

VERMONT SUMMER HOME, POULTNEY, Vt., Rev. J. NEWMAN, D. D., Proprietor. Open from May 1. Special rates to families and season borders.

TAPPAN ZEE HOUSE, NYACK, ON THE HUDSON—Now open; elegant suites of rooms for families and rooms for single gentlemen.
D. L. MANSFIELD, Proprietor.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL IS now open. Address EDWARD COZZENS, West Point, New-York.

LAWRENCE HOUSE.—CORNWALL Landing, New-York, is now open for the reception of guests.

COUNTRY BOARD.—ADDRESS LEBANON House, Cornwall Landing, on the Hudson.

MANSION HOUSE OPENS JUNE 1. Address S. LAIRD, Proprietor, Long Branch, N. J.

BOARD WANTED.

PLAIN, GOOD COUNTRY BOARD—wanted for gentleman, wife and infant, within one hour of city, where few boarders are taken; Terms must be moderate; near water prefered. Address W. V. T., Box No. 4,283, New-York Post-Office.

WANTED—BOARD FOR FOUR BOYS A short distance from New-York, where there is a school at which they can learn English. Address No. 402 West 23d-st.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, May 13, trains will leave James-slip as follows:
8:00 A. M.—Greenport Mail-train.
8:00 A. M.—Sag Harbor, Southampton Bridge, Hampton, and all stations on Sag Harbor Branch.
9:00 A. M.—Rockaway Excursion-train.
10:30 A. M.—Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead Way-train.
1:00 P. M.—Rockaway Express-train.
3:30 P. M.—Greenport, Locust Valley and Hempstead Express-train.
3:30 P. M.—Sag Harbor Express-train.
4:00 P. M.—Rockaway Express-train.
4:30 P. M.—Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead Express-train.
6:00 P. M. Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead Way-train.
7:00 P. M., from 34th-st., East River—Rockaway Express-train.

The above trains leave 34th-st. fifteen minutes later than James-slip.

Sunday trains for Far Rockaway and all stations leave 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M. and 12:15, 3:15 and 6:45 P. M.

Sunday trains for Huntington, Northport, Roslyn, Glen Cove and Locust Valley leave Hunter's Point at 9:00 A. M. and 6:45 P. M.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Commencing on Monday, June 24, 1872, Through Trains will leave Grand Central Depot.
8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Watertown, Rochester and St. Albans.
10.00 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
11.00 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping-cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6.00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping-cars for Watertown, Ogdensburg and Canandaigua.
8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls: also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads. This train runs on Sundays.
11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.

FOR SARATOGA.—The special drawing-room trains will be resumed on Saturday, P. M., 22d inst., and leave New-York at 9 A. M. and 3:40 P. M., reaching Saratoga at 2:50 and 9:40 P. M.
C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD OF L. I.

JUNE 1, 1872.
RUNNING TO AND ALONG ROCKAWAY BEACH.
From Roosevelt and Grand-street Ferries, New-York.

8:00 A. M.—Mail for Patchogue boat to Fire Island.
10:00 A. M.—Accommodation to Islip.
1:00 P. M.—Accommodation for Rockaway and Babylon.
3:30 P. M.—Express for Patchogue boat to Fire Island
4:00 P. M.—Express for Merrick and Rockaway.
4:30 P. M.—Accommodation to Patchogue.
5:30 P. M.—Accommodation to Babylon.
6:30 P. M.—Accommodation to Merrick.

All trains, except the 3:30, connect at Valley Stream for Hempstead, and all except 3:30 and 4:30 for Rockaway.
C. W. DOUGLAS, Superintendent.

TO NEWPORT BY RAILROAD.

NEWPORT AND WICKFORD RAILROAD AND STEAM-BOAT COMPANY.

On and after May 20, 1872, cars for this road will leave the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Depot daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 8 A. M. and 12:15 P. M.

ICE CREAM.

DUNNINGTON & EMIGH'S ICE-CREAM,
MADE FROM PURE CREAM ONLY.

Superior in quality and below the prices of any other establishment. Families, hotels, restaurants, church entertainments and the trade supplied. Depots, No. 305 4th-av., No. 1,264 Broadway, and No. 77 Chatham-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

"THE NUTRITIOUS CONDIMENT," FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.

Has been used by the leading breeders in England and Scotland for ten years, with great success. The largest contractors and owners of horses in the principal cities of Europe, feed with it as the BEST AND CHEAPEST CATTLE FOOD IN THE WORLD.

Apply to the SOLE CONSIGNEES in the United States, at the office of the
NORTH BRITISH CATTLE FOOD COMPANY,
EVERETT HOUSE, 4th-av., New-York.
RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED for every large city in the United States.

HARNESS, SADDLES, HORSE-CLOTHING.
C. B. SMITH & CO.,

Extensive manufacturers of every description of saddlery goods. A fine line of Riding-bridles, Lap-dusters, Carriage-robes, Fly-nets, &c., &c.
NO. 40 WARREN-ST.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
at the TIMES Up-town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.;
and the TIMES West-side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A PONY ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.—Pony jet black, flowing main and tail, six years old, fourteen hands high; warranted sound and kind in all harness; will stand by the steam cars; with basket phaeton, harness and canopy, from best City makers; this has been the property of a deceased young lady, has been used but a short time and is one of the finest establishments in the country; must sell at a sacrifice. Apply at first private stable, West of 3d-av., in 28th-st.

JOHNSON & VAN TASSELL, Auctioneers.
JOHNSON & VAN TASSELL WILL SELL at auction on TUESDAY, June 25, at 12 o'clock, within their stable, No. 112 East 13th-st., by order of Charles R. Coster, assignee in bankruptcy of Wm. B. Berrows, a brown four-year-old colt sired by *Mambrino Pilot*, dam a very fast Rysdick Hambletonian mare.

A CHILDREN'S PONY ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.—Pony six years old, forty-four inches high, warranted safe and kind for the most timid or invalid child to ride or drive; is a perfect little pet; dog-cart and harness for four children; cannot upset. Apply at No. 161 East 29th-st.

FOR SALE—ONE SOUTHERN BLOOD mare and her two colts, Patchen stock, aged three and four years. Apply to THOMAS NEVIN, at stable, 100th-st. and 11th-av.

A PHAETON FOR SALE, MADE BY Corbett & Scharch, little used, at the private stable No. 147 East 40th-st.

HORSES.—GOOD PASTURE AND WATER. Low prices, in Westchester County. R. M. B., No. 919 Broadway.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A LIGHT TWO-horse phaeton. Can be seen at No. 85 Park-place.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

Anderson's Hotel,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
44TH-ST., BETWEEN LEXINGTON & 4TH AVS.,
NEAR GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT, NEW-YORK.
F. ANDERSON, Proprietor.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office.
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.,
And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER

WORTH HOUSE,
No. 202 5th-av., looking on Madison-square; suites of apartments; private table and attendance only.

SHERMAN HOUSE, BROADWAY, corner 28th-st.—Southerners and strangers accommodated with elegant rooms, first-class table and attendance at $25 to $40 per week for gentleman and wife. House newly furnished, fresh, clean and home-like.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—ONE OR two families or a party of gentlemen will find pleasant rooms, with excellent table; house commanding view of the Hudson, grounds well shaded; five minutes' walk from depot. Address M. E., Box No. 152 *Times* Office.

NO. 28 WEST 12TH-ST., A FEW DOORS west of 5th-av., with board, a large parlor and bedroom for a party of gentlemen or family; house first-class and newly furnished throughout; reference given and required.

STURTEVANT HOUSE—AMERICAN PLAN, $3 50 PER DAY; GREAT HOTEL CENTRE, Broadway, 28th and 29th sts.; elevators and all modern improvements.
LEWIS & GEO. S. LELAND, Proprietors.

NO. 204 WEST 23D-ST.—TO LET.—Neatly furnished rooms, with or without board, to gentlemen only; hot and cold water bath, gas, every convenience.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET TWO nicely-furnished rooms, with bath, hot and cold water, and every-convenience, to gentlemen only. Apply at No. 212 West 43d-st., near Broadway.

FOURTEENTH-ST., NO. 118 WEST.—Suites of rooms on second and third floors, front, with or without board, or dinner at noon, if desirable; hall rooms for gentlemen.

A FURNISHED ROOM, ON SECOND floor of house No. 98 West 11th-st.; southern exposure, large closets, &c.; very pleasant; to let to one or two gentlemen; family private.

$5 AND UPWARD FOR SINGLE room, with board; rooms without board, (transient,) $1 25 per day; lodgings per night, 50c. Dupont House, No. 166 Hudson-st. Watchman all night.

NO. 203 WEST 24TH-ST.—FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, for gentlemen or a gentleman and wife, with or without board; reference required.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN, OR gentleman and wife, will find home comforts and good board in a private family by applying at No. 698 Greenwich, near West 10th-st.

NO. 30 EAST 35TH-ST., BETWEEN Madison and Park avs.—Handsome rooms to let, with board, to families or single gentlemen: references.

NO. 15 WEST 24TH-ST.—FURNISHED suite of front rooms on second floor; also other rooms, with or without board.

NO. 21 WEST 31ST-ST.—ROOMS TO rent, with or without board, at Summer prices; references exchanged.

NO. 317 WEST 22D-ST., NEAR 8TH-av.—Rooms to let, with board, to gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen.

NO. 243 WEST 13TH-ST.—PLEASANT rooms, with good board; terms reasonable.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A FEW PERSONS DESIRING A QUIET place at a farm-house on the Catskill Mountains can be accommodated with board by applying to FERDINAND LOCK, Cairo, Green County, N. Y. Reference, A. M. McCreary, No. 115 South 8th-st., Williamsburg, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE ENGAGED at the farm of the subscriber, combining the advantages of good table and accommodations, charming scenery, health and pleasantness of locality; communication with City by boat and rail. Address H. E., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.—PERSONS DESIRING board for the Summer can be accommodated at a house pleasantly situated along a river, near the ocean, a short distance beyond Long Branch; boating and bathing; terms moderate. Address Mrs. L. TUCKER, New-Branch, N. J.

STATEN ISLAND.—FIRST-CLASS ACcommodation can now be secured in an English family, residing on Townsend-av., Clifton, three minutes' walk from the ferry. Address CARLTON, Post-office, Stapleton, Staten Island.

ALL WANTING BOARD OR ROOMS, country or City, see Boarders' Directory, No. 737 Broadway. Full particulars given without charge. Persons having vacancies please send descriptions.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR A FEW boarders with a private family; pleasantly located: five minutes from depot. Address A. C. T., Tremont, or inquire at depot.

COUNTRY BOARD AT MILTON ON THE Hudson. Apply to Mrs. CRAFT, Milton, Ulster County, N. Y., or to J. J. ANGEVENE, Bank of the Republic, No. 2 Wall-st.

COUNTRY BOARD TO BE HAD NEAR Catskill Mountains; beautiful location; good board; terms moderate. Address H., Box 332 Catskill Post-office.

BOARD ON FARM, NEAR DEPOT ON Harlem Railroad; high ground, good rooms, good table. Address B., Box No. 10 Bedford Station, Westchester County.

COUNTRY BOARD AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Howell's family boarding-house now open: large and airy rooms can now be secured. Particulars at No. 77 Beekman-st.

FROM 1ST JULY.—SUPERIOR ACCOMmodations at the advertiser's country residence for a small party of adults; sixteen miles from City; best references required. Apply at No. 41 West 18th-st.

FOUNTAINS, VASES, &C.

JANES & KIRTLAND.
Nos. 6, 8, 10 and 12 Reade-st.
FOUNTAINS, VASES
AND
GARDEN ORNAMENTS.
Of every description at wholesale and retail.
IRON STABLE FITTINGS.
ROOF CRESTINGS, GATES, GATE POSTS AND FENCING.
BEEBE'S KITCHEN RANGES.

LOST AND FOUND.

$20 REWARD.

Strayed or stolen, from 94th-st. and 4th-av., a five-year old new milch red COW; small white strip on her back, from near her fore-shoulder to her tail; small white strip between her horns: white on one side, running under belly to her large white bag; very bug horns, with a short turn in the end of one horn. The above reward will be paid for the return of the cow, or for information where she can be found. JNO. H. BROWNING.
JUNE 20, 1872.

STATIONERY.

WM. P. LYON & SON, STATIONERS, Blank-book Manufacturers and Printers, No. 97 Thomas-st. Account books made to order.

AMUSEMENTS.

INTERNATIONAL

JUBILEE BALL

AT THE COLISEUM,

BOSTON,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 26,

under the direction of Col. WM. V. HUTCHINGS,

and a corps of thirty Marshals, assisted by 200 Floor Managers.

GRAND ORCHESTRA led by the celebrated waltz writer,

JOHANN STRAUSS,

OF VIENNA.

☞ THE COLISEUM WILL BE ELEGANTLY DECORATED FOR THE OCCASION.

The order of dances has been arranged with a special view to the varied tastes of dancers, and also to the exhibition of the best powers of the great Austrian composer and conductor.

Tickets may now be obtained on application to A. P. PECK, Music Hall, Boston. Price, $5 for a gentleman and lady, and $3 for each additional lady.

Per order of the Executive Committee.

HENRY C. PARKER, Secretary.

Cincinnati
NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION.

The Board of Commissioners announce that the
THIRD GRAND EXPOSITION
WILL BE OPEN FROM
Sept. 4 to Oct. 5, 1872.
Goods will be received from Aug. 14 to 31.

The Sixteen Grand Departments have been greatly extended, and the Exposition will be the

LARGEST EVER HELD IN AMERICA.

The exhibiting space under roof being seven acres. Extensive arrangements have been made for transportation of visitors at reduced rates.

Exhibitors should make immediate application for space. Rules and premium list furnished on application.

GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ.

SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1872.
Musical Entertainment and Soirée Dansante,
WITH THEODORE THOMAS' ORCHESTRA,
IN CENTRAL PARK GARDEN,
59th-st. and 7th-av.
Concert to commence at 8½ P. M.

Strangers can be introduced by members. Admission, $2, for one gentleman and one lady; extra ladies' tickets, $1 each, payable at the entrance. Tickets can be had of E. Unger, No. 6 Barclay-st.; M. J. Eller, No. 229 Pearl-st.; C. Schedler, No. 26 Broad-st.; H. Mosenthal, No. 337 Broadway; L. Gelifus, Steinway Hall; G. Nembach, No. 25 East 14th-st.; F. Heid, Collector, Liederkranz Hall, or any member of the Society.
H. MOSENTHAL, Secretary.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.

Proprietor.....J. KOCH
THEODORE THOMAS'
UNRIVALED SUMMER NIGHTS' CONCERTS.
THIS and EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
ADMISSION TICKETS, FIFTY CENTS.
PRIVATE BOXES, ONE DOLLAR EACH.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—There will be no concert on SATURDAY EVENING, June 22, the Central Park Garden having been let to the New-York Liederkranz Society.

MEETINGS.

THE PHI BETA KAPPA SOCIETY, Delta Chapter of New-York, will hold its regular annual meeting at Columbia College on TUESDAY, 25th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. W. B. CUTTING, Sec.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER!!

HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, including Waters, at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, or will take from $4 to $15 monthly until paid; to let, and rent applied if purchased. New 7-octave pianos, carved legs and all modern improvements, for $275 cash. A new kind of PARLOR ORGAN, the most beautiful style and perfect tone ever made, now on exhibition at No. 481 Broadway.

WM. A. POND & CO.

WM. A. POND & CO.

WM. A. POND & CO.

UPRIGHT AND SQUARE PIANOS TO RENT, City or country; rent applied to purchase when desired. Organs and Melodeons. Main store, No. 547 Broadway; branch, No. 39 Union-square.

AT HAINES BROS.,
NO. 27 UNION-SQUARE.

Those desiring a first-class piano should not purchase before calling at our sales-rooms. Elegant pianos, unrivaled in tone and finish, at prices to please. Every piano warranted as represented. N. B.—A few pianos in from rent will be sold at great bargains.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS,

SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap. Rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union-square, (No. 165 4th-av.)

CHAMBERS' UPRIGHT AND SQUARE Pianos rented and sold at special low prices and easy terms: "Bacon & Raven," "Dunham," and others at $75 to $275; English and French uprights, $175 to $300; elegant rose-wood carved pianos, $300 to $1,000. At No. 101 4th-av. CHAMBERS & SON.

FISCHER'S NEW-SCALE PIANOS, the most reliable pianos made, with modern improvements, fully warranted; also, first-class second-hand pianos for sale very cheap. No. 425 West 28th-st., near 9th-av.

PIANO-FORTES.—TWENTY SECOND-hand piano-fortes, of various makers, in thorough order, for sale by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 11 East 14th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

FURNITURE.

THE ICE KING

REFRIGERATOR,

Patented Feb. 15, 1870. H. M. Diggins, Patentee. First-class premiums awarded for the Ice King at all the industrial exhibitions held throughout the West, South and South-west. Its advantages over others are numerous. It is a preserver, not a consumer, like others bearing the name of Refrigerator. 1st. With the Ice King I can freeze a pan of water into solid ice in a few hours. 2d. I can produce a temperature of fifteen degrees in Midsummer. 3d. It will preserve its contents for any length of time. 4th. One article will not partake of the taste or smell of the other. 5th. The Refrigerator is divided into two separate and distinct compartments. 6th. Combines the best water-cooler in the world. 7th. It can be made into all sizes for family use, hotels, restaurants, butchers, fish and game dealers, steam-boats, or any other place where a Refrigerator is required. 8th. I challenge the world to produce its equal. The celebrated Ice King Refrigerator is now on exhibition and in actual operation and for sale by the

THE ICE KING REFRIGERATOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
OF
NEW-YORK,
NO. 1,184 BROADWAY;
under the Sturtevant House.
CALL AND SEE IT.

CABINET FURNITURE.

First-class furniture in Parlor, Library and Chamber Suites of newest styles at reduced prices.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK WARRANTED.

BOHNENKAMP & SOSSAU,

No. 924 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts.

[ESTABLISHED 1807.]
B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,
155 Chatham Street,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING-ROOM SUITES,
MIRRORS, DESKS,
and a general and varied assortment of every description of
FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTRESSES & BEDDING,
at VERY LOW PRICES for cash.
☞ PAYMENTS RECEIVED IN INSTALLMENTS IF DESIRED.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS.

SELLING OUT THE BALANCE OF SPRING STOCK,
FOR CASH.

50 pieces English Tapestry Brussels	$1 25
50 pieces Hartford Extra Superfine	1 25
25 pieces Hartford Three-ply	1 50
500 pieces White Matting	15
1,000 pieces Red Duck Matting	20
100 pieces Extra Fancy Matting	30

J. W. DIMICK.
Nos. 268 and 270 Canal-st.

ZERO REFRIGERATOR,

With water-cooler, is the best meat and ice preserver in the world. Send for book.
A. M. LESLEY, 224 WEST 23D-ST.
REFRIGERATORS REPAIRED.

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE

THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON,
at 2½ o'clock,
and EVENING, at 8,
MRS. JAMES A. OATES,
and her efficient company, in the great successes,
AN ALARMING SACRIFICE,
and Offenbach's
PRIMA DONNA OF A NIGHT.

WALLACK'S.

DECIDED SUCCESS.
THE CURTAIN RAISED ON EVERY TABLEAU!
THE HIT OF THE SEASON!
ON THE JURY!
ON THE JURY!
ON THE JURY!
AN EMOTIONAL AND SENSATIONAL PLAY OF THE VERY HIGHEST ORDER!
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY!
STARTLING AND REALISTIC EFFECTS
and a
WONDERFULLY POWERFUL CAST.
ON THE JURY
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
SEATS SECURED IN ADVANCE.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. WOOD'S.

LAST MATINEE AT 2.
MATINEE AT 2. LAST APPEARANCES EVENING AT 8.
Of the colloquial actor, Mr.
ALBERT W. AIKEN.
TWO GREAT PLAYS.
The new Indian drama, in three acts, entitled the
RED MAZEPPA.
Concluding with the great drama of the
WITCHES OF NEW-YORK.
TODAY AT 2. EVENING AT 8.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. ADAMS.

MR. EDWIN BOOTH, Proprietor and Manager.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE
of the Popular Tragedian,
MR. EDWIN ADAMS,
and last week but one of
ENOCH ARDEN.
Last Matinée but one, on SATURDAY at 1½ P. M.
Seats secured at the theatre; also at Dixson & Co's music-store, No 711 Broadway.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
Decisive success of
Johnny Allen, Little Mac and Alice Harrison in the great drama
SCHNEIDER.
Every scene, song, dance and sensation point a great success.
Matinées Wednesdays and Saturdays
At 2 o'clock.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.

THE HIT OF THE SEASON.
GEORGIA MINSTRELS
EVERY EVENING.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

TERRACE GARDEN.

58th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.
Proprietor.....JOHN KOCH
AD NEUENDORFF'S
GRAND POPULAR
GARDEN CONCERTS
This and every evening at 8 o'clock.
Admission tickets, 25 cents.
Packages containing twelve tickets, $2 50.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.

Proprietor.....J. KOCH
NO CONCERT THIS EVENING,
The localities having been let to the New-York Liederkranz.
To-morrow, SUNDAY, June 23, at 8 o'clock, and every evening,
THEO. THOMAS' UNRIVALED SUMMER NIGHTS' CONCERTS.

EXCURSIONS.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.

The steamers SYLVAN DELL, SYLVAN STREAM and SYLVAN GROVE will leave Peck-slip every SUNDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, during the season, and hourly and half-hourly during the day, until 3 P. M., for

ASTORIA AND HARLEM,

Landing at 11th-st. each way. Last boat leaves Harlem at 7 P. M. Passengers by these boats can visit the Government works at Hell Gate, Schneider's and Schutzer's Park, at Astoria, Christ's Park, Carl's Park and High Bridge.

N. B.—This is the ONLY LINE that connects with the REGULAR BOATS for HIGH BRIDGE.

Fare, 15 cents.
J. F. TALLMAN, Superintendent.

GRAND EXCURSION TO CONEY ISLAND.—Steamer GEN. SEDGWICK leaves New-York for Coney Island every day from June 11, as follows: Christopher-st., 9:15 A. M.; Pier No. 4 North River, 9:30 A. M.; Christopher-st., 12 M.; Pier No. 4 North River, 12:15 P. M.; Christopher-st., 3 P. M.; Pier No. 4 North River, 3:15 P. M. Extra trip from Pier No. 4 North River, 5 P. M. Leaves Coney Island for New-York, 10:30 A. M.; 1:30 P. M. Extra trip 4 P. M. and 7 P. M.

N. B.—The extra trips will commence on and after June 29.

FOR EXCURSIONS—THE LARGE FIRST-class steam-boats SLEEPY HOLLOW and NORWALK, and barges SANDS, MYERS, HASKETT and PILGRIM; also, Dudley's, Raritan Beach, Spring Hill and Myers' Groves, Alderney Park and Iona Island. J. & E. MYERS, corner Morton and West sts., (upstairs.)

AHOY FOR ROCKAWAY BEACH.—Every SUNDAY steamer NELLY WHITE leaves Peck-slip at 8:30 A. M. and 1:15 P. M.; Christopher-st., North River, at 9 A. M. and 1:40 P. M.; Pier No. 4 North River at 9:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.; Fulton ferry, Brooklyn, 9:30 A. M. and 1 P. M. Returning, leaves Rockaway Beach at 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

CALIFORNIA, NEVADA AND OREGON.

Parties intending to go this Summer, can join a pleasant party of a few, starting about July 10, and save on Railroad tickets, by addressing O. H. PIERSON, or calling at No. 5 Pine-st., Room 2, New-York.

SUNDAY EXCURSION TO GLEN Cove and Roslyn, landing at College Point, Whitestone, Great Neck, City Island, Sand's Point and Glenwood. The steamer ARROWSMITH leaves Peck-slip (Pier No. 24 East River) SUNDAY, June 23, at 9 A. M.; 8th-st., 9:05, and 33d-st. at 9:15 A. M.; returning to New-York about 6:30 P. M.

A. A.—FORT LEE, PLEASANT VALLEY and Shadyside.—New steam-boats from Spring-st. every Sunday at 9:30, 10, 11, 1, 2, 2:30, 5:30 and 7 P. M., landing at 34th-st. 10 minutes later; and daily at 10, 2, 5 and 7 P. M. 30 cents for the round trip.

INSTRUCTION.

Miss Haines

AND

Mlle. de Janon

Respectfully inform their friends and the public that their School—No. 10 Gramercy Park—will reopen on the Fourth Wednesday in September, viz: 25th. Applications for pupils by letter till Sept. 1, when both Miss Haines and Mlle. de Janon will be in New-York to answer personally.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE, Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 185[illegible]. Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL," FOR children, and PRIVATE RECITATION ROOMS for LADIES. Established 1860. Object, the physical, mental and moral culture of children; also, to furnish special advantages to LADIES not desiring the routine of school. Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 West 42d-st.

MMES. DA SILVA & BRADFORD'S (formerly Mrs. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S) English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 17 West 38th-st., New-York, reopens Sept. 18. Application may be made by letter or personally as above.

RURAL HOME SCHOOL, SHARON, CONN.—A family school for young pupils; location cool, quiet, elevated, healthful. Next term begins Aug. 7. Pupils received and boarded for $5 per week till term begins.
C. H. SHEARS, A. M., M. D.

MISS JAUDON'S YOUNG LADIES' School removed to No. 32 East 31st-st. English, French and German thoroughly taught. Boarders limited. Reference Edward S. Jaffray, Esq., Rev. Wm. Adams, D. D., and Dr. Thos. C. Chalmers.

YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING SCHOOL at Baden-Baden, Germany.—Principal, Miss AUG. BECKER. For particulars apply to Prof. JULIUS E. MUELLER, Baltimore, or Dr. GEO. SCHWARZENBERG, No. 147 East 21st-st.

DREW LADIES' SEMINARY, CARMEL, N. Y.—Fifty miles from New-York City by Harlem Railroad. Location healthful and beautiful. Advantages superior. Fall session begins Aug. 12. Apply to the principal, GEO. C. SMITH, A. M.

STAMFORD, CONN.—BOARD, AND, IF desired, instruction in French and other branches, for six boys, during the Summer vacations, in a French Protestant family. Apply to Prof. HENRI LIOTARD, Stamford.

MAPLEWOOD INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, Pittsfield, Mass. Known for thirty years for its superior facilities and rare beauty of location. Rev. C. V. SPEAR, Principal.

FOR BOYS—SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES AT Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

TEACHERS.

PLEASANT SUMMER TRIP FOR TEACHERS, FREE OF EXPENSE.—We want a few gentlemen, competent to lecture upon Astronomy, illustrating with the "Stellar Tellurian" and "Celestial Wall-maps," to address State Teachers' Conventions during the holidays. Traveling expenses and a reasonable compensation will be paid. Apply at the office of the Stellar Tellurian Manufacturing Company, No. 42 Barclay-st., New-York, between 2 and 5 P. M., any day before June 27.

A RECENT GRADUATE OF YALE, who has had experience in teaching, offers his services as tutor to pupils in the classics or English branches, or to young men intending to enter college. Address TUTOR, No. 242 East 119th-st.

PARTNER WANTED IN PRIVATE school in this City. Apply at No. 1,212 Broadway, Room No. 7, from 10 to 12.

BILLIARD TABLES.

WM. H. GRIFFITH,
NEW DESIGN
French Beveled Billiard Tables,
Manufacturer of DELANEY'S PATENT WIRE CUSHIONS, No. 40 Vesey-st., New-York. Tables, balls, cues, tips, chalk. Lowest market prices. Old tables cut down. Orders by mail attended to.

LABOR MATTERS.

The Situation of the Trade Difficulties Yesterday.

Dull Meetings in the Unions—The Employers Firmer than Ever—Indignation Against the Police—Violent Declamations.

There was a general stagnation in the eight-hour movement yesterday on the part of the strikers, the intense hot weather probably contributing as greatly to that effect as any action of employers or employed.

An adjourned meeting of the Iron-founders of New-York and neighboring cities was held in the afternoon, at Knickerbocker Cottage, No. 456 Sixth-avenue. A resolution to stand firm by the former action of the meeting was adopted, and the iron-founders unanimously agreed to offer no compromise or make any advance of wages. A notice has been posted in the shops of nearly all the leading iron manufacturers and machinists of this City and Brooklyn, stating that their establishments will be open for business at 7 in the morning till 6 in the evening, and all the workmen employed will be required to labor ten hours a day.

At the meeting of the metal-workers in Germania-Rooms yesterday morning the report of the delegates sent through New-England was heard. In Bridgeport, Conn., and New-Haven, the men engaged in the different establishments sympathized with the cause and will go on strike soon. In other places the Committees were received with disfavor. A large number of men struck in Jersey-City yesterday in different establishments. The Howe Sewing machine men raised a report yesterday that the Company, although they have machines, have no needless, and as the employes of the New-York Needle Company have struck, it was thought the Sewing-machine Company would be forced to submit.

A meeting of the German-employing printers was held at No. 33 Chatham-street, yesterday, and it was thought best to concede the demand of the Typographical Union for twenty per cent. advance of wages. It was resolved, however, to enforce the old system so far as time is concerned.

A lengthy communication has been received from Mr. J. M. PELTON, of the firm of PELOUBET, PELTON & Co., in which he claims that the eight-hour movement is the work of foreign demagogues and Communists. He also gives tables of the loss which the country will sustain should the movement become general throughout the States.

The complaint of the strikers against Capt. CHARLES W. CAFFREY, of the Twentieth Precinct, was brought before Commissioner BOSWORTH yesterday. Both sides were heard, and the complaint will be dismissed, as Commissioner BOSWORTH decided that Capt. CAFFREY only did his duty.

JAMES HORAN and JAMES LAWLOR, who were arrested Thursday evening, charged with beating EDGAR MILLER, a machinist who would not join the strikers, were arraigned before Justice COULTER, yesterday, and committed for examination.

A card has been received from CHAS. F. DIETRICH, engineer of the Metropolitan Gas Works, stating that the men who are creating disturbances are discharged men.

The furniture manufacturers and dealers have sent resolutions to the Board of Police, tendering their thanks for the prompt assistance given them during their contest with the Eight-hour League.

THE POLICE DENOUNCED.

Indignation Meeting at the Cooper Institute.

A meeting of working men, under the auspices of the Eight-hour League, was held last evening at the Cooper Union, to protest against the action of the Police in clubbing the working men for demanding what they considered to be their right to fix the hours of labor and the price for the same. By 9 o'clock there were many people in the hall. Some impatience was manifested at first by the non-appearance of any person on the platform, and the audience became somewhat excited. After a while several persons came on the platform, and Mr. G. JESSUP was chosen Chairman, who made the opening address.

Mr. MACKIN, of the painters, then spoke at length on the cruelty of the Police, led on, as he said, "by a Superintendent, the tool of capitalists and political thieves." The movement of the working men had been called a social revolution; it was a revolution of working men against capitalists, and if it cannot be established peaceably, it must be done by force. Eight hours is established by law as a day's labor, and the working men now demand it. If there is not enough work to employ men eight hours, the working men, with the same honesty as they have shown all along, will then ask for six hours as a day's labor, and get it, too, if they only demand it. The capitalists say they will starve out the working men who are on strike—have they forgotten Paris in 1793, when the working men arose against the capitalists and reveled in their fine halls? There is a man in Albany who was ready to shoot down working men last Summer, and who knows there is an Eight-hour law—what has he done to enforce it? [Groans for HOFFMAN.] There are also men who slipped from a party that they had supported for ten years to gain political preference, and who are ready to say they will support the working men in their rights; but the sons of toil will let them know that they are not to be made the tools of knaves, cowards or politicians who care only for themselves and what they can put in their pockets. KELSO is arousing the feelings of men, and if excited, 50,000 men, armed to the teeth, may rise to remove him and his hordes, who are below the grade of society, from his star-chamber in Mulberry-street. We are keeping these working men in check now, but no body of men can control those who are suffering from the pangs of hunger, caused by the tyranny of despots. The clubs of the Police may be met by other weapons far more powerful than they, and if the working men cannot gain their rights peaceably, they may be driven to use those weapons. Overt acts have not yet been committed, in spite of all this violence; but no one knows what may result if this tyranny is continued.

Mr. CONRAD KUHN then spoke energetically in German to the same purpose, and excited great enthusiasm among the German portion of the audience, of whom there were a great number present. He said, however, that the working men were not, and would not be, so foolish as to get up a riot, but would be far more likely to succeed by perfecting their organizations, and by them move through the power of moral force alone.

The following resolutions were then adopted unanimously:

Whereas, We, the united workmen of this City and vicinity, in mass-meeting assembled, in consequence of the despotic and brutal attack made upon us while quietly and peacefully endeavoring to secure a portion of our rights, against those who have openly proclaimed to the world that they will starve us into submission, do hereby enter our solemn protest against the late barbarous assaults made upon a portion of our members by the Police, at the instigation of our enemies, who are openly declaring themselves against the laws, and are representing to the world that we are endeavoring to inaugurate a reign of terror and despotism. In consequence of which, be it

Resolved, That, recognizing the truth of this precept, that "They who use the sword shall perish by the sword," so those who break the law shall by the law be broken.

Resolved, That we do now determine to take such action as may be necessary to protect ourselves, and resist any further acts of violence and brutality on the part of them or any other tools of the enemies of the industrial masses.

Resolved, That while we deny the allegation "that we are endeavoring to inaugurate civil strife," having frequently and publicly proclaimed our determination and desire to secure our legal demand in a peaceable manner, we are determined to so organize our respective bodies as to be prepared to protect ourselves from any further unlawful attack that may be made upon us.

Resolved, That a permanent Central Committee be appointed, composed of two delegates from each industrial body, empowered to receive reports from all societies and bodies of men who are determined to organize to resist the oppressors and maintain the laws of this State and nation against those who are openly violating the statutes.

Mr. BLISSETT, Mr. HOMRIGHAUSEN and others then made addresses, but before they had done speaking the hall was nearly empty, the majority having left the building.

The Strike in Jersey City.

In Jersey City, MATTHEW POWERS, one of the strikers who committed the assault on Officer EATON, on Saturday night, was yesterday committed to the County Jail for trial.

DICKSON BROS., who have given the eight-hour system a week's trial, will notify their men today that on Monday they must resume ten hours, or quit altogether.

An Eight-Hour Failure.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., June 21.—Some emissaries of the eight-hour men in New-York attempted to get up a strike in the Susquehanna shops, where about 1,000 men are employed, last night. A few journeymen favored the effort; but the whole affair was dropped by the men, and the agents left, disgusted with their ill success.

Personal.

Capt. T. Clarke, of England, and Gen. Dick Taylor, of New-Orleans, are at the Clarendon Hotel. E. H. Rollins, of New-Hampshire; Clayton McMichael, of Philadelphia, and Edward Atkinson, of Boston, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Gen. J. L. Fisk, of Montana; Hon. J. E. Baxter, of Kentucky, and Col. D. Bidwell, of New-Orleans, are at the Grand Central Hotel. Gen. W. F. Barry, of the United States Army; Hon. J. M. Thatcher, of Washington; Hon. George Innis, of Poughkeepsie; Capt. L. P. Carrer, of the United States Navy, and Prof. J. S. Black, of Indiana, are at the Astor House. Ex-Congressman George Dudley, of Connecticut; Gen. Gillmore, of the United States Army, and Major Jno. S. Gibbs, of New-Orleans, are at the New-York Hotel. Homer Ramsdell, of Newburg, and Washington Lee, of Pennsylvania, are at the Hoffman House. Col. H. K. Nichols and Judge Donaldson, of Pennsylvania, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

BASE-BALL.

The New-Jersey Championship—Defeat of the Champions by the Resolutes—Score, 42 to 9.

The first game of the annual series for the New-Jersey State Championship came off at Waverley, N. J., yesterday, the contestants being the Champions, of Jersey City, (the present possessors of the pennant,) and the Resolutes, of Elizabeth. These being the two leading clubs of the State, their meeting every year is eagerly looked forward to in New-Jersey, and both having strengthened their nines since last season, yesterday's game excited even more interest than its predecessors. The friends of both clubs gathered in force at the field, and at 3¾ P. M. play was called, the Champions going to the bat. Their first inning gave them two runs, but the Resolutes at their first trial got on a terrific streak of batting, and, aided by one or two fielding errors, scored no less than 12 runs, the result of the first inning thus making a close contest out of the question. In the second inning the Resolutes made eight more runs; the close of the fifth saw them ahead by 34 to 7, and at the finish they were in the van by the decisive score of 42 to 9. At almost every point the Champions were overmatched and outplayed. They had rather indifferent pitching to support and supported it badly, while their batting was remarkably weak. On the other hand the fielding of the Resolutes was of the first order, the brilliant play of AUSTIN, WADSWORTH and M. CAMPBELL being the "features," and at the bat they were simply immense, AUSTIN, FARROW and M. CAMPBELL being prominent in this respect.

THE SCORE.

CHAMPION.	R.	1B.	PO.	A.	RESOLUTE.	R.	1B.	PO.	A.
Grill, c. f.	1	2	2	0	Austin, c. f.	9	7	3	0
Wykes, l. f.	2	1	2	0	Laughlin, 2d b.	5	5	4	4
Willis, p.	3	3	1	1	Farrow, c.	5	6	4	0
Beakes, r. f.	2	1	0	0	H. Campbell, p.	2	3	0	3
Black, 2d b.	0	1	5	2	Parks, r. f.	5	3	0	0
Green, s. s.	0	0	5	5	Forsyth, l. f.	4	4	0	0
Norton, 3d b.	1	1	5	5	Wadsworth, s.s.	4	5	1	6
Clark, 1st b.	0	0	6	0	M. Campbell, 1b.	5	6	15	1
Collins, c.	0	1	1	0	McDermott, 3d b.	3	3	0	1
Totals	9	10	27	13	Totals	42	42	27	15

INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	
Champion	2	0	1	3	1	2	0	0	0	—9
Resolute	12	8	3	2	9	3	4	0	1	—42

Runs earned—Champion, 1; Resolute, 14.
Umpire—Mr. WORTH, of the Stars of Brooklyn.
Time of game—Two hours thirty minutes.

Today, Athletic *vs.* Forest City, at Cleveland, and Boston *vs.* Baltimore, at Boston.

The Staten Island Base-ball and Cricket Club, which was organized in April last, now numbers 125 active members. The organization is to be devoted to the amateur practice of the national American and English games, the membership already including many excellent cricket players, as well as baseballists. The club grounds, at Camp Washington, Staten Island, have been fitted up in a suitable style, a new club-house having been recently completed, with ample accommodations for guests, while the preparation of the field for play has been carefully attended to. Today the Club will open the grounds in a match game against the veteran Knickerbockers, the Staten Islanders being represented by the following nine: Hodges, pitcher; Lawrence, catcher; Ware, first base; Gossman, second base; Hitchcock, third base; Cuthbertson, short stop; Betts, centre field; Jones, right field; Mort. Rogers as left fielder and Captain.

CRAVER will not play with the Baltimores in their game at Boston today, he not having yet recovered from the injuries received in the game at Philadelphia on Monday.

LOCAL POLITICS.

A Grant and Wilson Campaign Club, EDWARD FITCH, President, has been formed in the Twentieth Assembly District, with head-quarters at 1,009 Third-avenue. The Republican voters of the district have joined almost to a man, and a large number of Democrats who cannot swallow the Cincinnati nomination, have added their names to the roll of membership. At the recent organization of the club, among the resolutions passed was the following, which sufficiently indicates its scope and character:

Resolved, further, That while laboring for high and noble principles, and the elevation of safe, sound and reliable men, to the head of the National Government; this organization as citizens do hereby pledge themselves as reformers, also, not to overlook their bounden duty to their own City and State at the coming election; but to use their untiring efforts for the rescue of both from the control of a set of unscrupulous demagogues, whose rule has been distinguished by a greed of plunder which has placed our citizens under increasing burdens of taxation, and are swiftly and surely undermining and destroying the foundations of government.

The Young Men's Republican Association of the Fourth Assembly District held its second meeting last evening at the head-quarters, No. 220 East Broadway, and was addressed by Mr. JOHN E. DOWLEY. This Association is rapidly increasing in numbers, and bids fair to become a power in the Fourth District.

Business in the Court of General Sessions.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, before Judge BEDFORD, ADOLPHE LAIBLE was charged with a felonious assault and battery on Officer LESLIE, on the 13th May, at the residence of the prisoner, No. 119½ Willett-street. The officer stated that he went to LAIBLE's house in consequence of LAIBLE's wife reporting at the Station-house that her husband was murdering his children. He entered through the window, and when in the room was struck by the prisoner with a cleaver, and to defend himself he struck LAIBLE three blows with his club. The officer's testimony was corroborated by Officer FINNICK. The prisoner stated that he struck the officer in self-defense. Counsel for prisoner argued that the officers had no warrant to enter the house, and had no business there, and referred to the case of VANDERBILT's colored coachman, who was discharged on the ground that the officers had no business on the premises. The jury found a verdict of guilty, with a strong recommendation to mercy. Judge BEDFORD suspended sentence, and permitted LAIBLE to return to his home.

The following criminals were sentenced:

NICHOLAS GALLAGHER, manslaughter in the fourth degree, one year.

FREDERICK FRICH and THOMAS HAMMOND, attempt at grand larceny, one year each.

MARGARET MURPHY, petit larceny, three months.

MARY BARRINGTON petit larceny, six months.

JAMES MCMAHON, attempt at grand larceny, one year.

PETER MCGEE, attempt at grand larceny, six months.

HENRY JOHNSON, petit larceny, three months.

The Abingdon Club.

A very agreeable reception was given last evening by the Abingdon Club to the ladies of the members and a number of their friends to the number of 300 or more. The Club, though comparatively young in its organization, already numbers over 150 members, composed chiefly of merchants and leading business men residing on the West-side. Its elegantly furnished rooms are situated on Twelfth-street, opposite Abingdon-square, and are provided with every convenience for both mental and physical improvement, including the best newspapers and magazines of the day, billiards, &c. Intoxicating drinks and plays for bets, however small, are alone peremptorily excluded from the list of accompaniments pertaining to the generality of social clubs. The evening's entertainment, including abundant and tastefully-selected refreshments, passed off to the delight of all, leaving an impression that the Club is destined to cement and elevate the social friendships of the neighborhood in which it has been organized.

Homicide With a Hatchet.

An inquest was held by Coroner KEENAN, yesterday, in the case of JAMES BURKE, a child about six years of age, who resided with his parents at No. 314 East Thirty-second-street, and who died at Bellevue Hospital on Sunday from a fracture of the skull caused by being struck by a hatchet thrown by GEO. ROSE, a young man. The latter was working in a building in East Thirty-second-street, when a number of children annoyed him by rolling a wheelbarrow. ROSE picked up the hatchet and threw it at the youngsters. It struck BURKE on the head and caused the injuries which resulted in death. In their verdict the jury severely censured ROSE for his reckless conduct, and the Coroner held him in $2,500 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Trotting.

Yesterday a large number of turfmen assembled at Hall's Half-mile Track, on the Coney Island road, to witness a spirited contest for a set of harness. The following is a summary:

HALL'S HALF-MILE TRACK, CONEY ISLAND ROAD, Friday, June 21.—Trotting for a set of harness; mile heats; best three in five; in harness.

W. Nelson entered s. g. Joe Morgan	0	1	1	2	1
John V. Carroll entered b. M. Nellie Cander	3	3	3	1	2
Jos. Johnson entered br. s. Mac	0	2	2	3	3
J. Campbell entered b. g. Jim	dr.				

Time—2:50, 2:46¼, 2:41¾, 2:47, 2:49.

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.

Madison University.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Tuesday, June 18, 1872.

The Commencement at the Theological Seminary was held today. The following was the

ORDER OF EXERCISES:

Prayer—Invocation.

1. Calvinism; its Practical Results, George K. Allen, Red Bank, N. J.
2. Christ's Cross God's Estimate of Sin, C. Crain, Hamilton, N. Y.
3. Solomon's Musings, Nathan H. Dimon, Hamilton, N. Y.

Hymn.

4. The Model Preacher, James Heath, Preston, N. Y.
5. Annihilationism....Geo. R. Hunter, Clifford, Penn.
6. Religion; its Poetry, John G. Maver, Fort Scott, Kansas.

Hymn.

7. Necessity of Doctrinal Statements, J. F. Murphy, Sendisfield, Mass.
8. Divine Agency in the Ministry, J. W. Putnam, Gouverneur, N. Y.
9. Christianity, the Unifying Law of Life, J. J. Townsend, Carmel, N. Y.

Anthem.

The ablest oration in all respects was the first, by Mr. ALLEN. The third, by Mr. DIMON, was rather unique in its moral philosophy. It is an interesting fact that the sixth speaker, JOHN E. MAVER, went into the army as a private, served with valor through the war, and came out a Colonel. He then commenced the study of law, but becoming convinced that it was his duty to enlist under the standard of the Cross, he came here, and has completed the required course of study. His oration was brilliant and beautiful.

The oration most finished in style and delivered most gracefully was the last, by Mr. TOWNSEND.

An earnest, impressive address was delivered to the Graduating Class by Dr. DODGE, President. They were ranged in a semi-circle on the large platform before him, and as he took each by the hand and gave the parting words they were visibly affected. In the afternoon the Education Society, Dr. LATHROP in the Chair, to hear reports and elect officers. SAMUEL COLGATE, Esq., of New-York, was elected President. Speeches were made by Mr. Corey, of Richmond, Va.; Dr. E. E. L. Taylor, of New-York City; Matteson, of Vermont; Col. Morgan L. Smith, of Newark, N. J., and others.

This evening an address was read before the Alumni by Rev. WM. N. CLARK, of Newton Centre, Mass., upon the unheard of anatomy of "Edward Irving," an insane man who lived in London half a century ago. The discourse would have been extraordinary upon any occasion, but upon this it was well calculated to excite grave apprehensions for the future of this young man, who, with a black goatee, and a wicked little mustache, had the temerity to come here with such a very dead carcass, and maliciously display it to a bewildered, but respectable and fine-looking audience. It might have suited the atmosphere of Apollo Hall, and the wild aspirations of the Woodhull and Claflinites, but not the Alumni and ladies at a College Commencement. The officers of the Alumni Association for next year are Rev. H. A. Cordo, President; Prof. Andrews, Secretary; Prof. Lewis, Treasurer; and Prof. A. Rittenhouse, Principal of the Classical Academy, Strattonville, Penn.; E. D. Hiscox, D. D., of Brooklyn; Rev. L. Muggy, of Mexico, and A. P. Moon, of Philadelphia, as the four Vice-Presidents. W. A. LEWIS, Esq., of Jersey City, was selected as orator, and Prof. OSCAR E. HOWES, of Chicago University, alternate for next year.

Two extra trains yesterday from Utica have greatly increased the number of visitors. Two more will run each way today a distance of twenty-eight miles. This is the first year in which the railroad has been fully completed from the New-York Central depot, at Utica, to this town. It was a great work, and its accomplishment is due to the restless energy, vigilance and perseverance of Hon. ALRICK HUBBELL, Ex-Mayor of Utica, and Ex-Senator, than to any other man. This is admitted by all. The road, which already pays very well, has just been leased to the Midland Railroad for ninety-nine years at five per cent. on its cost and capital stock. It connects with that road at Smith's Valley, two miles below here, and when the Midland will be completed to New-York, this place will be forty miles nearer the Metropolis than Utica is, thus saving sixty-eight miles distance of travel in reaching the great commercial centre.

Freehold Institute.

From Our Own Correspondent.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Friday, June 21, 1872.

The annual Commencement of the Freehold Institute took place last night in the Presbyterian Church. The following is the order of exercises:

Prayer by the Rev. FRANK CHANDLER.
Music by DODWORTH's band.
Declamations—"The Death Penalty," Wm. E. Wyckoff, Freehold; "The Nineteenth Century," J. H. McLean, Freehold; "Salathiel against the Romans," Karl A. Langlotz, Princeton.
Music.
Oration—"Elements of Success," D. V. Perrine, Freehold.
Declamations—"Defence of Rudolph," Chas. A. Bennett, Jr.; "Taxation," Fred. E. Anderson, Engletown.
Music.
Declamations—"Revolutionary Tribune," Henry C. Wilson, Farmingdale; "The Second Empire in France," H. R. Willson, New-York City; "Philosophy of Laughter," Corbin Wolbert, Jersey City.
Music.
Oration—"Publicans and Sinners," J. M. Barkley, Statesville, N. C.
Declamations—"Regulus to the Roman Senate," A. A. Chambers, Freehold; "Impressment," J. M. Barkley, Lewis B. Walker, Chas. E. Throckmorton, W. W. Horton, New-York City.
Music.
Oration—"Festina Lente," F. B. Chandler, Geneva, Ga.
Declamation—"Burning of the Lexington," E. C. Nixon, Madison, N. J.
Music.
Declamations—"The Death of Tweed," Irving P. Withington, New-York City; "Breach of Promise," Wm. W. Horton, New-York City.
Music.
Lecture on Dick Turpin—Wm. S. Throckmorton, Freehold.
Oration—"New-Jersey Justice," Frederick Parker, Freehold.
Lecture—"What I Know About Jersey Lightning," Frank McDermott, Freehold.
Music.
Oration—"The Boys of Today, the Men of the Next Generation," Wm. J. Henderson, Long Branch; "The Power of Public Opinion," Samuel C. Cowart, Freehold.
Dialogue—"Goliath and David," James L. Shinn and Wm. S. Throckmorton.
Music.
Debate—"Railroad to the Peach Orchard," D. V. Perrine, J. M. Barkley, W. J. Henderson, S. C. Cowart, F. McDermott, F. Parker, W. S. Throckmorton, and others. Music. Benediction.

At the conclusion of the exercises in the church a promenade concert took place on the campus of the Institute.

Closing Day at the Charlier Institute.

The pleasant spectacle of halls crowded with bright faces was once more offered last evening at the Charlier Institute, Nos. 126, 128 and 130 East Twenty-fourth-street. The occasion was the annual reunion of parents, teachers and pupils, on closing day. The proficiency of the pupils, to which a liberal award of prizes bore ample testimony, was naturally the principal cause of general satisfaction. Only an educational establishment conducted on the French plan could secure equally admirable results. Last night, as at all times, the language spoken was that heard in Paris, and it must have much gratified those persons among the audience who appreciate the worth of modern tongues to the youth of the present generation, to find how thoroughly a Parisian education could be acquired without quitting the country. The proceedings yesterday were interesting, mainly to the pupils of the Institute and to their assembled relatives. They included singing, introductory remarks by Prof. CHARLIER, an address in English by Rev. JOHN HALL, the distribution of prizes, and the award of diplomas to the Graduating Class. The class consisted of the young gentlemen whose names follow: Albert Arnstein, Matthew J. S. Brennan, Thomas E. Brown, Jr., Wm. Morales De Visser, Harold Faye, Richard King, Jr., Charles Le Boutillier, Louis Eugene Lefferts, Louis I. Levy, Richard Limburger, William Curtis Nesbitt, Frederick Oakes, William Austin Oakes, William C. Ostrander, Oscar Richard, Henry Simonds, Thos. Sloane, Morris M. Sternberger, Edward Sage, Ernest Smith, Morris S. Ulmann, William F. A. Von Sachs, Calvin Wetmore.

New Customs Regulations—Circular from the Treasury Department.

By the following circular from the Acting Secretary of the Treasury it will be seen that manifests are not required in the case of ferry-boats or of loaded cars passing from one State to another through foreign contiguous territory:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, June 14, 1872.

To the Collectors of Customs and others:

Hereafter vessels used exclusively as ferry-boats, however laden, will not be required to enter nor clear, nor will the masters or persons in charge of such boats be required to present manifests, nor to pay entrance or clearance fees, nor fees for receiving or certifying manifests. But such masters will be required to report any baggage, goods, wares or merchandise, to the proper officer of the Customs, according to law, which may be imported in such boats from any foreign territory.

It is further directed that hereafter no fees shall be collected by any officers of the Customs for receiving or certifying manifest of any railroad car or other vehicles laden with goods or merchandise, sealed by a Customs officer, under the provisions of section 8 of the act of July 28, 1866, and the regulations of this Department, passing from one port or place in the United States to another therein, through foreign contiguous territory; such manifest, however, will be produced, received and certified in the same manner as heretofore.

Any fees exacted since June 4, 1872, the date of the passing of the act abolishing such fees, for any of the causes or services above mentioned, will be refunded on proper application to this Department.

WM. A. RICHARDSON, Acting Secretary.

THE STREETS.

Paving and Sewering—Further Examination of Contracts.

Contract Commissioners J. SUTHERLAND, H. VAN VORST and R. JAQUES resumed their inquiry at the St. James Hotel, last evening. The Commissioners were present punctually at 7½ P. M., the time set forth in the advertisement; but on account of the neglect of the representatives of the Controller, the Commission, witnesses and counsel were kept waiting until after 8 o'clock.

The first case taken up was that of JAMES GEARTY, for paving Fifty-fifth-street, between Eighth-avenue and Hudson River. After witnesses had been examined who testified that the contract had been faithfully carried out, the Commission passed it. Contracts for flagging Fifty-first-street, from Broadway to Eighth-avenue, and for paving Eldridge-street, between Houston and Division streets, by the same contractor, were also passed by the Commission.

The contract of JAMES FITZPATRICK for regrading, &c., Fifty-ninth-street, from First-avenue to the East River, was then considered, and after testimony had been given of its faithful performance, the Commissioners passed it.

The contracts of M. BAIRD for paving Fifty-eighth-street, between Lexington and Sixth avenues; for paving Thirty-ninth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues; and paving Hoboken-street, between Washington and West streets; for paving Mangin-street, from Houston to Stanton-street; for paving Corlears-street, from Water to South-street, were after examination also passed.

The contracts of W. BAIRD for paving Forty-fifth-street from Fourth to Madison-avenue, and for paving Fifty-first-street from Second-avenue to East River, were then examined, and as the evidence produced was favorable, the Commissioners passed them.

The contract of THOMAS FEALEY for regrading One Hundred and Twenty-third-street, from Third-avenue to Mount Morris-square, was also passed. The contract of THOMAS OWEN for regrading Fifth-avenue, from One Hundred and Thirtieth to One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street, was next examined. Mr. JAMES WILKIE, a property-owner on the line of the avenue, objected to this claim on the ground that a portion of the work had been done by the property-owners themselves, but still they are to be charged as much as if they had not done anything.

The gentleman present wished to produce more witnesses, and the case was adjourned.

The contracts of W. H. KEYS for a sewer in Duane-street, and for paving Dominick-street, between Clark and Hudson streets, were next examined, and, proving to be honest claims, were passed by the Commission.

The contracts of R. MCCHRISTIE for sewers in Third-avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues; in Forty-fourth-street, between Second and Third avenues, and in Sixty-fifth-street, between First and Third avenues, were then examined. The testimony produced set forth that the work had been done well, consequently they were passed, subject to the certificate of the Surveyor.

The work of JAMES REILLY, for paving One Hundred and Fifteenth-street, between Avenue A and First-avenue, and which the contractor assigned to R. MCCHRISTIE, was next examined and passed. The contracts of B. F. BRADY, for constructing a sewer in Fiftieth-street, between Eighth-street and Broadway; that of J. D. MINER, assigned to B. F. BRADY, for paving Fifty-second-street, from Ninth to Eleventh avenue; that of D. MCGRATH, for paving Fortieth-street, between Madison and Third avenues, and Thirty-first-street, from Second-avenue to the East River; that of J. W. PETTIGREW, for regrading Eighty-seventh-street, from First-avenue to the East River, and for flagging One Hundred and Eighteenth-street from First-avenue to Avenue A, were also examined, and, there being no objection, were passed. The Commission then adjourned.

YACHTING.

New-York Yacht Club—Wallack Cup Regatta for Schooners.

For the prize cup presented by Mr. LESTER WALLACK entries must be made in writing, addressed to the Secretary of the Club, and will be received at his office, No. 22 Broad-street, until this afternoon at 3 o'clock P. M.

The regatta will be sailed under the sailing regulations of the New-York Yacht Club, and attention is called to the fact, that by recent action of the Club, the rule restricting the number of men to be carried on regattas was rescinded, and yachts may carry any number of men. A deposit of $25 must be made by the owner of each yacht upon entering her for the regatta. All yachts will carry their private signals at the main-peak. The start will be a flying one, and time of each yacht will be taken as she crosses a line between the Sandy Hook Buoy, No. 5, and the judges' steamer, (the *William Fletcher*.) The signals for starting will be given from the judges' steamer, as follows:

For a preparatory signal one whistle, and the Yacht Club flag on the steamer will be lowered; and ten minutes later, for the start, one whistle and the flag will be again lowered. No yacht's time will be taken later than fifteen minutes after the second whistle, unless instructions to the contrary are given by the judges on the morning of the regatta. The expiration of the time will be marked by a third whistle and lowering of flag.

The course will be from the starting point as above to and around a stake-boat off the West End Hotel, Long Branch, keeping it on the port hand in turning, and return over the same course.

The steamer *Wm. Fletcher*, furnished for the use of the Regatta Committee and the Press, leaves pier No. 28 East River, at 8 o'clock A. M. precisely.

Music at Central Park.

The Department of Public Parks announce that, if the weather be fine, there will be music by the Central Park Band on the Mall at the Central Park today, commencing at 3½ o'clock P. M. The following is the programme:

PART I.

1. Overture, March, "Préaux Clercs"........Herold
2. The Watch on the Rhine........German National
3. Waltz, "Wedding Festival"........Strauss

PART II.

4. March, "Col. Porter"........Dodworth
5. Grand Selection, "Ernani"........Verdi
6. Air, "Kathaleen Mavourneen"........Crouch
7. March, "Mardolnota"........Revisel

PART III.

8. Selection, "L'Oeil Creve"........Howe
9. March, "Jubelamas"........Bilse
10. Medley, "Gay and Happy"........Dodworth
11. Galop, "Fifth-avenue"........Cooney

Finale, The Union.

Musical entertainments will also be given at the Battery Park on Tuesday next, and at Tompkins square on Friday next, should the weather prove fine.

Convention of New-York Sunday-School Teachers.

NORWICH, N. Y., June 21.—At the State Sunday-School Teachers' Convention this forenoon, the State Statistical Secretary reported that 428 schools had reported for 1871; that there were 418,000 scholars in these schools, and 65,000 teachers; that there had been 13,000 conversions; the number of volumes in the libraries was 750,000. It was resolved by the Convention to raise $4,200 for the expenses of the Association the next year.

This afternoon the State Sunday-school Teachers' Convention met in a grove. Several thousand persons were present. The infant-class exercises conducted by HARRIET N. MORRIS, of New-York, was a marked feature of the session. The Convention adjourned this evening with the best of feeling. Resolutions were passed expressing the object of the Association, and of thanks to the citizens of Norwich, the Press that have published its proceeding, the Western Union Telegraph Company, &c.

Burglars at Work.

Late Thursday night a gang of burglars entered the rag-warehouse of GEORGE HARLEY, No. 365 Third-street, to which they gained access by the roof, from a neighboring tenement-house, and descending to the second floor, wrenched open the safe. Nine dollars in pennies was the reward of their labors, with which they made their escape.

Between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. on Thursday, the residence of Mr. OLIVER D. TAYLOR, No. 81 West Eleventh-street, was entered by burglars during the absence of the family. They forced open the basement door and made an attack on a safe inside. This failing, they took a clock valued at $300, and a revolver, and escaped.

During the absence of the family on Thursday evening, the apartments of Mrs. WM. M. HOLLAND, at No. 91 Macdougal-street, were broken into and $200 in cash carried off.

No arrests in either of the above cases.

School Reception.

The little girls in the primary department of Grammar School No. 56 held their annual reception yesterday morning. The children presented an interesting programme of recitation, song, dialogue, &c., and quite a large number of them were rewarded by the distribution of the daily and weekly badges, which they received with evident pleasure. Dr. JOHN HOWE presided, and addressed the little ones, and addresses were also made by Mr. J. KELLY, Mr. J. DE LAMATER, Col. SIMMS and others.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Rev. DAVID MITCHELL will preach tomorrow evening at 7¾ o'clock in Carmel Chapel, No. 134 Bowery.

THOMAS BURROWS was prostrated by a sunstroke in front of his residence, No. 77 Lewis-street, yesterday.

The body of an unknown man was found yesterday floating in the North River, off Fort Washington. It was taken to the Morgue.

Judge BARRETT yesterday denied a motion to admit JACOB LEVI to bail. The prisoner is charged with a dangerous assault on a woman.

VINCENT BERBOLDINO, aged nineteen, of No. 215 West Thirty-sixth-street, was overcome by the heat, yesterday, and removed to his home.

The American European Express Company referred to in Friday's issue owes its origin to the Adams European Express Company, which started it twenty years ago.

HUGH GILHOOLY, aged eleven years, residing in Sixty-eighth-street, near the Boulevard, fell from a cherry-tree in Seventieth-street, near Eleventh-avenue, yesterday, and was fatally injured.

JAMES LAWLOR, a sewing-machine maker, was yesterday in the Yorkville Police Court held in $500 bail for assaulting EDGAR MULLER, the superintendent of a sewing-machine factory in East Thirty-third street.

MICHAEL DONOHOE, of No. 151 West Fifteenth-street, quarreled with an unknown man last night, and clubbed his opponent until he was senseless. The man was taken to Bellevue Hospital. DONOHOE was arrested.

During a fight yesterday evening JOHN SMITH, of No. 51 Willett-street, was struck on the head with an iron-bar and seriously injured by PATRICK FLOOD, a driver on the Second-avenue line of cars, who was arrested.

At noon yesterday a fire occurred under the stairway of the house corner of Water and Roosevelt streets, occupied by WM. DAVIS, and caused $100 damage. DAVIS had his hands severely burned while endeavoring to extinguish the flames.

MICHAEL HALLORAN, of No. 800 Washington-street, was yesterday held to bail for trial at Jefferson Market, for driving an ice-cart on the track of the Bleecker-street Railroad, and refusing to get off so that car No. 44 of the line could pass, thereby obstructing travel.

The examination of candidates for admission to the various departments of Columbia College began yesterday. There are sixty applicants—forty-seven for the collegiate course and thirteen for the school of mines. The examinations will be concluded this afternoon.

Mr. BARCLAY GALLAGHER, the Assistant Secretary of the Committee of Seventy, will deliver an address on Temperance, to-morrow evening, before the members of St. Columba Society, in their hall, Twenty-fifth-street, near Ninth-avenue.

THOMAS HALL and LAWRENCE LETTINGER, two ruffians living in No. 80 Oliver-street, fought there last night. During the affair KATE SMITH seized an ax and cut HALL twice on the head, wounding him severely. She and LETTINGER were arrested, and HALL was sent to the Park Hospital.

EDWARD LUMLY, a Broadway merchant, was arrested, yesterday, by a Deputy Sheriff, on an order of arrest issued by Judge LARREMORE, of the Court of Common Pleas, on the complaint of LUCAS THOMPSON, No. 131 West Forty-sixth-street, for malicious prosecution. He was committed in default of $5,000 bail.

Controller GREEN made the following payments yesterday: Department of Public Charities and Correction, $100,000; Department of Police, $275,000; Department of Police on account of street cleaning under laws of 1872, $100,000; for implements purchased from JOHN L. BROWN, and for amount due him on account of street cleaning, $119,472 61.

Ex-Janitor HAGERTY, of the Court-house, removed his furniture from the janitor's rooms in the building yesterday, though the Police came down on him and subjected his movables to a rigid search for any of the missing vouchers. None of these documents were found, and the removal was allowed to proceed, the Controller deciding he had no power to stop it.

The closing exercises of the Gardner Institute were held at No. 620 Fifth-avenue on Thursday evening, June 20, when fourteen young ladies received their diplomas. The address to the class was made by Rev. CHARLES S. ROBINSON, D. D. The conferring of diplomas and a short address by the principal, and music under the direction of Profs. MILLS, RIZZIE, KIRPAL, &c., completed the programme.

JOHN CONNERS alias Rock, a young river-thief, was committed for trial at the Essex Market Police Court yesterday, for having, in company with JOHN MCQUADE, who was previously arrested, robbed Mr. ISAAC PERSICK, of North Second-street, Williamsburg, of $40, on Pier No. 50 East River. CONNORS jumped overboard, at Pier No. 50, when the officers approached him, but did not succeed in making his escape.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

The Sabbath-school connected with the First Presbyterian Church of Yonkers, held its annual strawberry festival, last evening.

The regular quarterly Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church convenes in their house of worship, at Moshohy, this afternoon. Rev. S. P. Brown, D. D., Presiding Elder, will preside on the occasion.

The Young People's Association connected with Westminster Church of Yonkers, have elected the following officers: JOHN FLEMING, President; Robert Hipson, Vice-President; James Rushford, Secretary; Miss Josie Sanders, Treasurer.

The annual meeting of the Medical Society of Westchester County resulted in the election of the following officers, viz.: Dr. LINSON, of Tarrytown, President; Dr. HAIGHT, of Pleasantville, Vice-President; Dr. HELM, of Sing Sing, Secretary, and Dr. WOOD, of Croton Falls, Treasurer.

LONG ISLAND.

Locusts have made their appearance in the vicinity of Islip, but not in large numbers.

JOSEPH LOROQUE has been appointed member of the Board of Education for the Fifth Ward of Long Island City.

STATEN ISLAND.

Yesterday County Judge METCLAF issued bench warrants for the arrest of several of the officials of the towns of Southfield and Middletown, returnable at Richmond on the 25th inst.

Under a section in the new village charter, which provides for the appointment of three School Commissioners for each district, the following have been chosen for Edgewater: First District—Messrs. Dr. Lea. Mendel and Wyant. Second District—Messrs. Theodore Feean, Scott and McClane. Third District—Messrs. Amanuel, Cappers, Brown and O'Conner.

NEW-JERSEY.

The body of CHARLES HOFFMAN, who fell overboard, it is supposed, at the Bremen Docks, on Saturday night, was yesterday buried, by order of the County Physician, without an inquest.

CHARLES HOFFMAN, a boy 13 years old, who lived at No. 64 Elm-street, Newark, fell from a train on the New-Jersey Railroad, at Elizabeth, at noon yesterday, and had his leg taken off.

[Advertisement.]

A STRIKE.—Strikes are popular just now, but the most popular is the universal strike for KNOX'S Summer Hats. Capital and labor both approve of KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship Washington, from Havre.—Mr. and Mrs. De Mier and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Maghee, Mrs. Tusia and servant, Miss Tusia and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Angulo, Mr. Dickson, Mr. Reed, Mrs. Cook, Mr. Colgate, Miss Angier, Isidoro Hermandez, son and servant, Mr. and Mrs. G. Chas. Mott, Mr. Negra, Mr. Bollini, Mr. Boudet, Mr. Lejeune, Mr. and Mrs. Carit and mother, Mr. Guerin, Mr. Abadens, B. de Aurignac, Antoine Schmit, Turne Paul, Mrs. Schmidt and four children, Mr. Naethegall, T. Lachaume, Mrs. Chonel, Girald Harler, Herinsperger Lisette, Mr. Delalmseire, Mr. Hommil, Mr. Strickle, Mr. and Mrs. Chaumont Pierre, Duroy Nicholas, Pomhot Henry, Mrs. V. Plotod, Miss Clemence Plotod, Mineret Pierre, Mr. Turemburger, Miss Anne Hubert, Miss Anne Turemburger, Miss Marie Turemburger, Mr. Seraw, Miss Seguler, Mrs. Delaunay Marie, Miss Marie Ferris, Mr. Mangin, Georges Shaulue, Merond Gustave, Mr. Pougue and brother, Mr. Guiers, Mr. Fouchet, Mr. and Mrs. Frelin and child, Mrs. Taujon, Mr. Pyrese, Mr. Hubbard, Mr. Schmidt, Mr. Pinkus, Mr. and Mrs. Angus, Mr. and Mrs. Hemeole, H. Egger, Louis Egger, Mrs. Eve Fischer, Mrs. Barbe Schmidt, Mrs. Vrulleumic, Mr. Bernhard, Mr. Allary, Miss Taujon, Mr. Larolgnot, Mr. Durand, Edward Gaspard.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises....4:29 | Sun sets.....7:34 | Moon rises.....9:27
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook..8:28 | Gove. Island.9:27 | Hell Gate..10:39

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......FRIDAY, June 21.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Dorian, (Br.,) Young, Glasgow, Henderson Brothers; Anglia, (Br.,) Craig, Glasgow, Henderson Brothers; St. Olaf, (Ger.,) Brown, Havana, Funch, Edye & Co.; Benefactor, Jones, Wilmington, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; A. C. Stiners, Warren, Philadelphia; Frank Pierce, Philadelphia; Tacony, Nichols, Philadelphia.

Ships Cynosure, (Br.,) Oram, Liverpool, Tapscott Brothers & Co.; Liverpool, Lambert, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Magdalene, (Ger.,) Henke, Hamburg, Chas. Luling & Co.

Barks Enrique, (Arg.,) Orcutt, Havana, J. E. Ward & Co.; Masonic, Lamphier, Cadiz, Isaac Lamphier; Niagara, (Ger.,) Kuhemann, Philadelphia, C. Luling & Co.; Embla, (Norw.,) Gunnde, London, Funch, Edye & Co.; Gustavo, (Ital.,) Trapani, Gloucester, England, Funch, Edye & Co.; Pallas, (Rus.,) Niskan, Bristol, England, Tetens & Bockmann; Irene, (Norw.,) Jorgensen, Stettin, Funch, Edye & Co.; Brasge, (Ger.,) Wahlgrave, Stettin, Funch, Edye & Co.; Star of Devon, (Br.,) Gurley, London, Arkell, Tufts & Co.

Brigs Hydahl, (Norw.,) Herrickson, Whitehaven, E. Tetens & Bockmann; J. H. Gilespie, (Br.,) Brown, Kingston, A. H. Solomon & Co.; Choice, (Br.,) Dakin, St. John's, N. F., P. I. Nevius & Son; L. L. Wadsworth, Bailey, St. Marys, Ga., J. H. Winchester & Co; S. P. Smith, Dodge, Portsmouth, Miller & Houghton.

Schrs. M. Cummings, Smith, Philadelphia; H. Brewster, Squires, Humacoa, P. R., A. Abbott.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Holland, (Br.,) Bragg, Liverpool June 7, Queenstown 8th, with mdse. and 732 steerage passengers to F. W. J. Hurst. Had strong westerly winds to the Banks, and fine clear weather for the remainder of the passage.

Steam-ship Washington, (Fr.,) Roussau, Havre June 7, Brest June 8, with mdse. and 94 passengers to Geo. Mackenzie. Had head winds during the passage.

Steam-ship Great Western, (Br.,) Stamper, Bristol, Eng., June 5, with mdse. and 266 passengers to E. E. Morgan's Sons. Had strong westerly winds up to the Western Islands; from thence fine weather.

Steam-ship Eagle, (Br.,) Jackman, Cow Bay, C. B., 5 ds., with coal to C. B. Swain & Son—vessel to Bowring & Archibald. Had fine weather.

Ship Duleep Singh, (of Liverpool,) William, Calcutta and Sand Heads March 10, with mdse. to J. H. Sparks. Passed the Cape of Good Hope April 27; sighted St. Helena May 12, and crossed the equator May 26, in lon. 31 25. Had fine weather throughout.

Ship Washington Booth, (of Valparaiso,) Macgregor, Miscellones Feb. 10, and Toine March 21, with nitrate and wool to Fabbri & Chauncey. Passed Cape Horn April 10, and crossed the equator May 24, in lon. 34 30.

Ship Betty, (N. G.,) Metzborn, Antwerp May 10, with mdse. to Herm, Koop & Co. Is anchored on the Bar.

Bark Ellen, (of St. John, N. B.,) Tucker, Matanzas 12 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to J. W. Elwell & Co. Had variable weather, squally with thunder and lightning.

Bark Gladstone, Brown, Caibarien 15 ds., with molasses to Galwey & Casado—vessel to Snow & Burgess.

Bark Argosy, (of Shoreham,) Parker, Fowey 51 ds., via Bermuda 8 ds., with mdse. to S. L. Merchant & Co. Made the southern passage, and had fine weather.

Bark Kosmos, (N. G.,) Meyer, Bremen 48 ds., with mdse. and 217 passengers to Frederick Schwoon. Took the Southern passage, and had fine weather; was 19 ds. W. of the Banks.

Bark S. C. Jones, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Stuart, Clenfuegos 22 ds., with sugar to Rubira & Co.—vessel to Boyd & Hincken.

Bark Ansgar, (Norw.,) Nielson, Liverpool 42 ds., with mdse. to Samuel Thompson Nephews—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Took the northern passage and had fine weather up to the Banks; from thence 23 ds., with strong westerly winds.

Bark Lizzie H., (of Newburyport,) Spring, Calcutta Feb. 16, and Sand Heads 17th, with mdse to Lunt Bros. Passage long, to Cape of Good Hope April 24; crossed the line May 25, in lon. 33; had light variable weather the entire passage.

Bark Naworth Castle, (of Sunderland,) Linklater, Hiogo 119 ds., with tea to Cary & Co.—vessel to Peabody, Willis & Co. Passed Anjier March 5, Cape of Good Hope April 23, and crossed the equator May 23, in lon. 30 59. Had fine weather throughout.

Bark Haabet, (Norw.,) Christiansen, Port Talbot 42 ds., with railway iron to order—vessel to Tetens & Bochmann. Took the northern passage, and had variable weather.

Bark Lorena Berry, Cardenas 13 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to master.

Bark Wm. Van Name, Craig, Matanzas 14 ds., with sugar and molasses to James Henry.

Bark Oscar Wendt, (N. G.,) Scharinberg, Glasgow 38 ds., with mdse. to Francis Spies & Co. Took the northern passage and had fine weather; was 21 ds. W. of the Banks.

Bark Virgo, (Aust.,) Glodulich, Boston, in ballast to Slocovich & Co.; will load for Queenstown for orders.

Bark Marie, (Fr.,) Cainus, Boston.

Brig Giles Loring, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Pinkham, Sagua 13 ds., with sugar to E. D. Morgan & Co.—vessel to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig American Union, (of Philadelphia,) Collins, Guantanamo 18 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to A. Abbot.

Brig Katic, (Dan.,) Robinson, Porto Cabello 20 ds., with coffee, cocoa, &c., to Ribon & Mimoz—vessel to master. Left no vessels.

Brig Julia Lingley, (of St. John, N. B.,) Pratt, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to Heney & Parker.

Brig Dagmar, (Nor.,) Hansen, Messina 75 ds., with fruit to Chamberlain, Phelps & Co.—vessel to order.

Brig Kenebec, (of Portland,) Minot, St. Domingo City 14 ds., with sugar to Stevens & Soule.

Brig Lima, Hill, Nassau 9 ds., with sugar, powder, &c., to Jones & Whitlock—vessel to Tucker & Lightbourne.

Brig Edwin Rowe, Brown, Sierra Leone, W. C. A., 32 ds., with palm-oil, hides, &c., to B. J. Wenberg.

Brig Maggie, (of Halifax, N. S.,) Wright, Arroyo, P. R., 14 ds., with sugar and molasses to order—vessel to Brett, Son & Co. Left in port brig Forest Prince, ldg. for Halifax, N. S.

Brig Masonic, (of St. John, N. B.,) Carson, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to Wotherspoon Bros.

Brig Amable Teresa, (Span.,) Julis, Matanzas 12 ds., in ballast to E. Puig & Co.

Brig Wanderer, (of St. John, N. B.,) Simpson, Cienfuegos 21 ds., with sugar and molasses to J. and G. Fowler—vessel to Heney & Parker.

Schr. Susan Scramon, (of New-Haven,) Farrell, Eleuthera 8 ds., with pines to Thos. J. Madge—vessel to B. J. Wenberg. Left in Port schrs. Neponset, for Baltimore 15th; J. M. Freeman, Eldorado, for New-York 15th.

Schr. Senora, Glover, Savannah, 7 ds. with yellow-pine timber to J. Bigelow & Co.—vessel to master. Had light E. winds and calms; was 5 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Schr. Lothair, (of St. John, N. B.,) Flewelling, Naguabo, P. R., 13 ds., with molasses to Peter V. King & Co.—vessel to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. Jonas Smith, Hodgkinson, Cardenas 9 ds., with sugar to Peter. V. King & Co.—vessel to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. Robert Byron, (of Frankfort,) Sawyer, Baracoa 9 ds., with fruit to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. Thos. J. Frazier, Plum, Para 18 ds., with rubber and nuts to Youngs, Smit & Co.

Schr. Marion, (of Boston,) Crowell, Corpus Christi 23 ds., with wool and hides to J. H. Brower & Co.

Schr. Staten Island, Smith, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Albert Treat, Sawyer, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to Wotherspoon Bros.

Schr. Jas. Potter, Davis, Nantucket, with fish to Benjamin West.

Schr. Mount Hope, Dennis, Rockland, with lime to Candee & Pressey.

Schr. Annie V. Bergen, Willett, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. R. H. Huntley, Bentley, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Anna Frye, Smith, Whiting, with lumber to Simpson, Clapp & Co.

Schr. S. W. Ponder, Thrasher, Taunton, for Elizabethport.

Schr. American Eagle, McFarland, Bangor 8 ds., with lumber to Waltrous & Wilson.

Schr. Josie, Look, Addison 12 ds., with lumber to Chase, Talbot & Co.

Schr. Gilbert Green, Fisher, New-London, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Helen Mar, Nickerson, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. George Brooks, Crowley, Portland, with lumber to M. A. Wilder, Son & Co.

Schr. G. F. Lawrence, Harris, George's Banks with fish to Moon & Lamphear.

Schr. Edward, Dodge, Calais, with lumber for Newark.

Schr. Nellie Brown, Terrill, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. J. H. Ferguson, (new,) Ferguson, Belfast, with lumber for Rondout.

Schr. Potomac, Wentworth, Bangor, with lumber to order.

Schr. Willie Perry, Allen, Rockland, with lime to J. V. Haviland.

Schr. Ned Sumpter, Shaw, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. P. N. Wheaton, Barrett, Georgetown, for Port Morris.

Schr. A. H. Hurlbut, Griffin, Alexandria, for New-Haven.

Schr. D. & E. Kelly, Kelly, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. E. Pharo, Sherman, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. T. P. Abel, Fowler, Providence, for Rondout.
Schr. Wm. F. Phillips, Cranmer, Georgetown, D. C.
Schr. Jas. H. Gordon, Ireland, Georgetown, D. C.
Schr. Surprise, Beers, Baltimore for New-London.
Schr. Annie Lewis, Dayton, Georgetown, D. C.
Schr. S. Morgan, Van Chlei, Georgetown, D. C.
Schr. Revenue, Phinney, Boston, for Philadelphia.
Schr. J. G. Collyer, Crosby, Boston, for Charleston.
Schr. M. V. Cook, Ward, Boston, for Philadelphia.
Schr. Circle, Hulse, Connecticut River.
Schr. John Ferris, St. John, Norwalk.
Schr. J. B. Allen, Case, Horton's Point.
Schr. Robt. Smith, Nickerson, New Bedford.
Schr. Mary Eliza, ——, Bangor, with lumber.
Schr. Peacedale, Davis, Providence.
Schr. H. A. Deering, Billard, Portland, Conn.
Schr. J. H. Tripp, Nickerson, Chatham.
Schr. Chas. Hazard, Clark, Bridgeport.
Schr. W. H. Sargent, Sargent, Dighton.
Schr. S. P. Godwin, Waterbury, Stamford.
Schr. Plow Boy, Hallett, Rockport, Me.
Schr. Sallie Burten, Palmer, Providence.
Schr. E. M. Wells, Kelsey, Portland, Conn.
Schr. E. S. Gildersleeve, Carroll, Rockport, Me.
Schr. Success, Richards, New-London.
Schr. William Marting Mitchell, Rockport, Me.
Schr. Mary Brockway, Allen Brookhaven.
Schr. Sarah Elizabeth, Munroe, New-Haven.
Schr. Lucy Orcutt, Small, Rockport, Me.
Schr. B. H. Warford, Sprange, Providence.
Schr. J. J. Ward, Inman, Georgetown, D. C.
Schr. Ripple, Brown, Middletown, Conn.
Schr. Santa Maria, Harding, Pawtucket.
Schr. Estelle Day, Terry, Alexandria.
Schr. Rebecca Knight, Bartlett, Virginia.
Schr. I. & D. Cranmer, Cranmer, Virginia.
Schr. W. D. Mangam, Chase, New-Bedford.
Schr. Charlie and Willie, Reed, Greenport.
Schr. Alert, Hulse, Connecticut River.
Schr. Dart, Williams, Stamford.
Schr. Nora, Wallace, Providence.
Schr. Ohio, Allen, Providence.
Schr Planter, Long, New-Haven.
Schr. Python, Hale, Providence.
Schr. Sedona, Wall, Vinal Haven.
Schr. Alida, Lumbert, Boston.
Schr. Eliza, Ball, Bridgeport.
Schr. Napoleon, Lulong, Virginia.

WIND—Sunset, light, S. W.; clear.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, June 21.—Arr. steamers McClellan, from Baltimore; Saxon, from Philadelphia; barks Manchester, from Accra; Horace Scudder, from Smyrna; Aquila, from Delos; Andes, from Trapani; Colonia, from Liverpool; Surprise, from Matanzas; Fannie, from Havana; brigs Saxon, from Antigua; Cardine, from Havana; Isabel Beurmann, from Alexandria. Also arr. steamer Glaucus, from New-York; bark Fannie, from Liverpool; brigs, E. C. Redman and Timothy Field, from Elizabethport; schr. Annie Tibbets, from Cienfuegos.

The ship New Era, Capt. Babson, from Calcutta for Boston, was at Mauritius May 3, reloading, having been thoroughly repaired. In going down the River Hoogly she struck a sunken wreck, which started her garboard strakes and damaged several planks, which caused her to leak, but having good pumps she did no damage to her cargo. As she is built of timber bent by machinery, more than ordinary interest is felt in her success. The Captain writes that she is by all odds the best vessel of her size he ever commanded.

CHARLESTON, June 21—Arr. brig Simoda, from Boston; schr. Aldana Rokes, from New-York; sailed steamer Gulf Stream for Philadelphia.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 21.—Passed in for Baltimore, barks Om. Hume, from New-York; Theresa, from Matanzas; brig Chatanooga, and schr. Mary Collins, from Porto Rico; brig Rabonio, from Cuba; schr. A. B. Campbell, from the West Indies. Passed out, bark Aurelia, from Boston; brigs Peri, for Martinique; Bessie, for Halifax.

LEWES, Del., June 21—Arr. brig Aylesford, from Cienfuegos, for orders; bark Queen Victoria, from Glasgow.

SAVANNAH, June 21—Arr. brig Lizzie M. Kimball, from Bath; Eric, from Bath. Cld. steam-ship Juniata, for Philadelphia; schr. Gilman D. King, for Baltimore. Sld. schr. Oconee, for Turks Island.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass. June 20.—Arr. schrs. Burmup, Hoboken, for Boston; Congress, Hallowell, for New-York; Ossco, St. John, N. B., for Providence; Joseph Story, of Gloucester, and Maggie Mitchell, of Boston, bound S., mackereling.

Sld., all before reported, excepting schrs. Ariel, discharging, Osseo and Spark.

June 21.—Arr. schrs. Northern Light, Calais, for Newport; Mary Eva, of Providence Town, from mackereling, 20 bbls.

Sld. schr. Osseo.

Spoken.

April 20, by ship Washington Booth, in lat. 44 40, lon. 57 W., bark Velverdale, from Littletown, N. G., for Boston; April 28, lat. 33 20 S., lon. 50 35 W., ship Crusader, from Boston, for Valparaiso. May 5, lat. 23 45 S., lon. 42 45, bark Alliance, bound S.; May 6, lat. 20 38 S., lon. 39 55, bark Emeline, (Br.,) bound S.; May 11, lat 20 S., lon. 34 W., ship Istapa, (Br.,) from Shields, for Cobija; May 16, lat. 17 S., lon 29 16 W., ship Sarah Bell, (Br.,) bound S. May 17, lat. 15 20 S., lon. 34 45 W., three-masted schr. Lorenzo Valeno, (Ital.,) from Rio Janeiro, for Antwerp. May 19, lat. 11 53 S., lon. 31 30 W., schr. Horvina, (N. G.,) from Rio Janeiro, for Lisbon; May 20, lat. 9 50 S., lon. 31 30 W., Rieno, (Br.,) bound S.

March 20, by ship Dulup Singh, in lat. 19 4 N., lon. 90 39 E., spoke ship Salisbury, from Calcutta, for Jamaica, 13 ds. out; 29th, lat. 3 20 S., lon. 89 4 E., ship Ben Lomond, from do., for London, 20 ds. out; 30th, lat. 5 32 S., lon 88 8 E., ship Locksley Hall, from do., for do., 22 ds. out; April 2, lat. 11 5 S., lon. 85 17 E., a Dutch bark, from Irrwaddy River, for Falmouth, 24 ds. out; 5th, lat. 16 11 S., lon. 78 3 E., ship Carnatic, from Madras, for London, 22 ds. out; 8th, lat. 19 37 S., lon. 67 22 E., ship Mars, from London, for Bombay, 90 ds. out; 24th, lat. 34 46 S., lon. 25 30 E., ship Roman Empire, from Calcutta, for London, 52 ds. out; 27th, lat. 34 30 S., lon. 16 25 E., ship Beaumaris Castle, from do., for do., 47 ds. out; 29th, lat. 33 20 S., lon. 15 29 E., bark Ethels, from London, for Cape Town, 76 ds. out; May 1, lat. 30 S., lon. 11 E., ship Comorin, from Calcutta, for Liverpool, 55 ds. out; June 13, lat. 28 24 N., lon. 67 20 W., brig Model, from Porto Rico, for Halifax, 5 ds. out.

June 19, by bark Oscar Wendt, Absecum, bearing S. and E., 20 miles distance, spoke brig Hugin, (Norw.,) from Messina, for New-York, 73 ds. out.

Foreign Ports.

LIVERPOOL, June 20.—Arr. bark Celeste, from New-Orleans May 7.

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NEW STYLES, EXCLUSIVELY OUR OWN, IN BRACELETS, NECKLACES, EAR-RINGS, AND CHATELAINES.

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will continue the sale of their IMMENSE STOCK of SILVER-WARE, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY and FANCY GOODS, during the SUMMER MONTHS. All goods will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE, at a GREAT REDUCTION, to CLOSE THE BUSINESS.

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THE STOCK especially adapted to SUMMER WEAR is of unparalleled extent and variety, embracing all the most desirable Styles and Fabrics of the season, in Cheviots, Flannels, Alpacas and Linens, for all ages and all occasions.
☞ Facilities for FINE CUSTOM WORK unequaled. Any Garment made to measure at a few hours' notice.
SUMMER SUITS, $10, $15.
SUMMER SUITS, $20, $30.
SUMMER SUITS, $40, $50.
BOYS' SUITS, $3, $5.
BOYS' SUITS, $8, $10.
BOYS' SUITS, $15, $20.
WHITE VESTS, $2, $3.
WHITE VESTS, $4, $5.
WHITE VESTS, $6, $8.
LINEN COATS, $1, $2.
LINEN COATS, $3, $4.
LINEN COATS, $5, $6.
ALPACA COATS, $2, $4.
ALPACA COATS, $5, $6.
ALPACA COATS, $8, $10.
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Good materials, good work, moderate prices.
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